

#### **QUARTERLY REPORT**

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

# CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED, IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

AS AT AND FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

**DATED: AUGUST 18, 2011** 

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#### **PART I**

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

Financial information included in this Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") includes material information up to August 18, 2011. Financial information provided has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This MD&A has been reviewed and approved by management of the Company and the Board of Directors.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING DISCLAIMER

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the consolidated financial position and the results of operations of Plazacorp Retail Properties Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Plazacorp" or the "Company") for the period ended June 30, 2011 should be read in conjunction with the Company's Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, along with the Consolidated Financial Statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2010, including the section on "Risks and Uncertainties". Historical results, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations or results.

Certain information contained in this MD&A contains forward-looking statements, based on the Company's estimates and assumptions, which are subject to risks and uncertainties. This may cause the actual results and performance of the Company to differ materially from the forward looking statements contained in this MD&A. Such factors include, but are not limited to, economic, capital market, and competitive real estate conditions. These forward-looking statements are made as of August 18, 2011 and Plazacorp assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except for forward-looking information disclosed in a prior MD&A which, in light of intervening events, required further explanation to avoid being misleading.

#### EXPLANATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES USED IN THIS DOCUMENT

Funds from Operations (FFO) is not an IFRS financial measure. FFO is an industry measure and its calculation is prescribed in publications of the Real Property Association of Canada (REALpac). FFO as calculated by Plazacorp may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. FFO is an industry standard widely used for measuring operating performance and is exclusive of unrealized changes in the fair value of investment properties, deferred income taxes and gains or losses on property dispositions. Plazacorp considers FFO a meaningful additional measure as it adjusts for certain non-cash items that do not necessarily provide an accurate picture of a company's past or recurring performance. It more reliably shows the impact on operations of trends in occupancy levels, rental rates, net property operating income and interest costs compared to profit determined in accordance with IFRS. As well, FFO allows some comparability amongst different real estate entities that have adopted different accounting with respect to investment properties (some entities use the cost model and some entities use the fair value model to account for investment properties).

Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) is an industry measure widely used to help evaluate dividend or distribution capacity. AFFO as calculated by Plazacorp may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. AFFO primarily adjusts FFO for non-cash revenues and expenses and operating capital and leasing requirements that must be made merely to preserve the existing rental stream. Most of these maintenance capital expenditures would normally be considered investing activities in the statement of cash flows. Capital expenditures which generate a new investment or revenue stream, such as the development of a new property or the construction of a new retail pad during property expansion or intensification would not be considered as maintenance capital expenditures and would not be included in determining AFFO.

Net Property Operating Income (NOI) is an industry measure in widespread use. NOI as calculated by Plazacorp may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. Plazacorp considers NOI a meaningful additional measure of operating performance of property assets, prior to financing considerations. Its calculation is total property revenues less total property operating costs, including operating ground rents. It is used primarily for performance comparison of assets held over the entire reporting period of the financial statements and this MD&A.

FFO, AFFO and NOI are not defined by IFRS, and therefore should not be considered as alternatives to profit or cash flow from operating activities calculated in accordance with IFRS.

#### INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Plazacorp has implemented IFRS and has presented its financial results for Q1 2011 and Q2 2011 along with comparative information in accordance with the standards. The adoption of IFRS has had a material impact on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income as described in the subheadings below.

#### IFRS 1 – First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 1 requires an entity to adopt IFRS in its first annual financial statements prepared under IFRS by making an explicit and unreserved statement in those financial statements of compliance with IFRS. IFRS 1 also requires that comparative financial information be provided. As a result, the Company has applied IFRS as of January 1, 2010 ("the transition date") and has prepared its opening IFRS balance sheet as at that date. IFRS 1 requires first-time adopters to retrospectively apply all effective IFRS standards as of the reporting date, which for the Company will be December 31, 2011, except where certain optional exemptions allowed under IFRS 1 are applied by an entity. The Company has applied the following optional exemptions available under IFRS 1:

- i) The Company has applied the business combination exemption in IFRS 1 to not apply IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" retrospectively to past business combinations. Accordingly, the Company has not restated business combinations that took place prior to the transition date.
- ii) The Company has elected under IFRS 1 not to reassess whether an arrangement contains a lease under IFRIC 4, "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease" for contracts that were assessed under previous Canadian GAAP. Arrangements entered into before the effective date of previous Canadian GAAP rules that have not subsequently been assessed under previous Canadian GAAP, were assessed under IFRIC 4, and no additional leases were identified.

#### **Investment Property**

Under IAS 40, "Investment Property", investment property is defined as property held to earn rentals, capital appreciation, or both, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services, administrative purposes, or for sale in the ordinary course of business. The Company's investment properties under IFRS consist of all of the Company's income producing properties (including property interests held under land lease), properties under development and surplus lands. Under IFRS, a company is allowed to choose to report investment properties at cost or fair value. The Company has chosen the fair value method to present investment properties as it is a more meaningful measure of the Company's primary assets. Under previous Canadian GAAP, investment properties were measured at cost. The opening adjustment to fair value at the transition date has been recorded in shareholders' equity. Fair value represents the amount at which the properties could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction at the date of valuation.

For the Company, the fair value of investment properties is based on a combination of external appraisals and internal valuations based on a capitalization matrix provided by an independent appraiser. Management undertakes a quarterly review of the fair value of its investment properties to assess the continuing validity of the underlying assumptions such as cash flow and capitalization rates. Where increases or decreases are warranted, the Company adjusts the fair values of its investment properties.

Under the fair value model, depreciation of investment properties is no longer recorded. Straight-line rent, goodwill and intangible assets and liabilities which were previously reported separately under former Canadian GAAP, are effectively included in the fair value of investment properties under IFRS. Straight-line rent, although effectively included in investment properties, continues to be amortized as a reduction of revenue.

The Company's share of the underlying fair value of investment properties included in equity-accounted investments is also recorded under IFRS, using the same methodology and matrices.

#### **Convertible Debentures**

Under IFRS, the Company is required to present the conversion feature of its convertible debentures as a liability measured at fair value. Alternatively, the Company can choose to measure the entire balance of convertible debentures at fair value rather than separate the embedded derivative. The Company has chosen to measure the entire balance at fair value. The opening adjustment to fair value at the transition date has been recorded in shareholders' equity, and the changes to the fair value for each period are recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Under previous Canadian GAAP, the value of the conversion feature of the Company's convertible debentures was included as a component of shareholders' equity and was not remeasured at fair value at each reporting date. The liability component of the convertible debentures was measured at amortized cost under previous Canadian GAAP.

#### **Taxation**

Under IFRS (like previous Canadian GAAP), deferred income taxes are recorded for the temporary differences arising in respect of assets and liabilities at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

All changes to the Company's opening balance sheet arising from the conversion to IFRS required a corresponding tax asset or liability based on the differences between the carried value of assets and liabilities and the associated tax bases. Under IFRS, deferred income taxes are based on a combination of capital gains rates and income rates for temporary differences. This differs from previous Canadian GAAP which used income rates.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

Plazacorp was incorporated on February 2, 1999 and commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (PLZ) on July 30, 1999. On December 11, 2002 after receipt of shareholder and regulatory approval, Plazacorp filed articles of amendment to convert to a mutual fund corporation and retains that status. Headquartered in Fredericton, New Brunswick, Plazacorp acquires, develops and redevelops unenclosed and enclosed retail real estate throughout Atlantic Canada, Quebec and Ontario, which are predominantly occupied by national tenants. The Company's portfolio at June 30, 2011 includes interest in 112 properties totaling over 5.1 million square feet and additional lands held for development. These include properties directly held by Plazacorp, its subsidiaries and through joint ventures. For the past few years, Plazacorp's growth was primarily created through the development of new real estate assets. As at June 30, 2011, the Company has \$5.1 million committed to new development for 2011.

**Summary of Properties** 

	Number of	Gross Leasable	Number of	Gross Leasable
	Properties	Area (sq. ft.)	Properties	Area (sq. ft.)
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2011 <sup>(1)</sup>	2011 <sup>(2)</sup>	$2010^{(1)}$	$2010^{(2)}$
Newfoundland and Labrador	9	602,447	8	597,170
New Brunswick	36	1,558,705	35	1,532,232
Nova Scotia	22	1,006,579	21	915,137
Ontario	14	259,087	13	232,666
Prince Edward Island	7	429,613	5	274,949
Quebec	24	1,202,698	21	1,128,950
Total	112	5,059,129	103	4,681,104

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes properties under development and non-consolidated investments.

Plazacorp intends to focus its investments on retail real estate in Canada and expects that unenclosed single tenant and multi tenant retail centres in primary, secondary or tertiary markets in Central and Eastern Canada will constitute the majority of its acquisition and development activity over the near to medium term.

Subject to appropriate regulatory, Board and shareholder approvals, as applicable, the Company is looking at the possibility of converting from a mutual fund corporation to a real estate investment trust (REIT) structure and of pursuing a listing on the TSX. See "Outlook" section of this MD&A.

At 100%, regardless of the Company's ownership interest in the properties

#### **BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT**

The principal regions in which we operate continue to exhibit stability in retailer demand for space and in consumer spending. Our strategy is to develop properties tenanted by national retailers, and more importantly retailers in the consumer staples market segment. Our execution of this strategy has produced a portfolio that is 89.8% occupied by national retailers. This significantly enhances the stability of the cash flows from our portfolio.

#### **Yearly Dividend Growth**

Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Aug 2011
Dividend										
per share										
annually	8.0¢	8.75¢	10.5¢	12.5¢	15.0¢	17.5¢	18.5¢	19.25¢	20.25¢	21.00¢
Percentage										
increase	n/a	9.4%	20.0%	19.0%	20.0%	16.7%	5.7%	4.1%	5.2%	3.7%

Plazacorp's first full year of dividends began in 2003. As a result of the internalization of property and corporate management (see Part VI of this MD&A for more details), a mid-year increase in dividends was implemented from 20.25¢ to 21.00¢.

The capital markets have been good in 2011 for financing through both debt and equity. Long-term debt financing is available at historically competitive rates with long amortization periods and long terms available.

Over the last few years, Plazacorp has focused its growth on developments, partly as a result of high prices demanded for quality retail real estate. Plazacorp has strong in-house development expertise, including site selection, leasing, financing and construction and project management. Plazacorp expects to continue generating growth through developments of retail properties.

#### **STRATEGY**

Plazacorp's principal goal is to deliver a reliable and growing yield to shareholders from a diversified portfolio of retail properties. To achieve this goal the Company's Board of Directors has set acquisition criteria of a minimum cash yield (unlevered yield) equal to 100 basis points above the mortgage constant for a 10 year mortgage at prevailing rates over a 25 year amortization period.

The Company strives to:

- maintain access to cost effective sources of debt and equity capital to finance the acquisition of new developments;
- > acquire or develop properties at a price consistent with the Company's targeted returns on investment;
- maintain high occupancy rates on existing properties while sourcing tenants for properties under development and future acquisitions; and
- diligently manage its properties to ensure tenants are able to focus on their business.

The Company invests in the following property types:

- new properties developed on behalf of existing clients or in response to demand;
- > well located but significantly amortized shopping malls and strip plazas to be redeveloped; and
- > existing properties that will provide stable recurring cash flows with opportunity for growth.

Management intends to achieve Plazacorp's goals by:

- > acquiring or developing high quality properties with the potential for increases in future cash flows;
- focusing on property leasing, operations and delivering superior services to tenants;
- > managing properties to maintain high occupancies and staggering lease maturities appropriately;
- > increasing rental rates when market conditions permit;
- > achieving appropriate pre-leasing prior to commencing construction;
- managing debt to obtain both a low cost of debt and a staggered debt maturity profile;
- matching as closely as practical the weighted average term to maturity of mortgages to the weighted average lease term;
- > retaining sufficient capital to fund capital expenditures required to maintain the properties well;
- raising capital where required in the most cost-effective manner; and
- > periodically reviewing the portfolio to determine if opportunities exist to re-deploy equity from slow growth properties into higher growth investments.

#### **PART II**

#### KEY PERFORMANCE DRIVERS AND INDICATORS

There are numerous performance drivers, many beyond management's control, that affect Plazacorp's ability to achieve its goals. These key drivers can be divided into internal and external factors.

Management believes that the key internal performance drivers are:

Management believes that the key external performance drivers are:

- Occupancy rates;
- ➤ Rental rates;
- > Tenant service; and
- Maintaining competitive operating costs.

- ➤ The availability of new properties for acquisition and development;
- > The availability of equity and debt capital; and
- A stable retail market.

The key performance indicators by which management measures Plazacorp's performance are as follows:

- Funds from Operations (FFO);
- > FFO Payout Ratios;
- Debt Service Ratios;
- > "Same-Asset" Net Property Operating Income;
- ➤ Weighted Average Effective Cost of Debt; and
- Occupancy Levels.

The key performance indicators discussed throughout the MD&A are summarized in the table that follows. For a detailed explanation of the key performance indicators please refer to the appropriate section in this MD&A. Management believes that its key performance indicators allow it to track progress towards the achievement of Plazacorp's primary goal of providing a steady and increasing cash flow to shareholders. The following chart discusses the key performance indicators for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Funds from Operations	For the six months ended June 30, 2011 FFO was \$6.7 million, or 13.2¢ per share (13.2¢ per share diluted) compared to \$6.4 million, or 12.9¢ per share (12.9¢ per share diluted) for the six months ended June 30, 2010, a 4.8% dollar increase and a 2.3% increase on a per share basis.
	The principal factors influencing FFO were:
	Incremental NOI growth of \$680 thousand earned by properties which were transferred from properties under development to income producing status during 2010 and 2011.
	<ul> <li>Same asset NOI growth of \$417 thousand.</li> <li>An increase in financing costs of \$344 thousand mainly affected by the</li> </ul>
	replacement of floating-rate debt with long-term debt on new properties and new debenture interest.
	An increase in administrative expenses of \$381 thousand mainly due to one-time additional tax consulting and professional fees relating to the potential conversion to a REIT structure and IFRS-related work.
	➤ The per share decrease in FFO was also due to an increase in the number of outstanding shares due to the exercising of options, conversions of convertible debentures and the dividend reinvestment plan.
	<ul> <li>For the three months ended June 30, 2011 FFO was \$3.5 million, or 6.8¢ per share (6.8¢ per share diluted) compared to \$3.1 million, or 6.3¢ per share (6.3¢ per share diluted) for the three months ended June 30, 2010, an 11.3% dollar increase and a 7.9% increase on a per share basis.</li> <li>FFO was positively impacted by NOI growth of \$669 thousand partly offset by an increase in administrative expenses of \$200 thousand (mainly due to one-time).</li> </ul>
	additional tax consulting and professional fees relating to the potential conversion to a REIT structure and IFRS-related work), as well as an increase in interest costs of \$135 thousand (partly relating to costs incurred for \$11.7 million of mortgages defeased).
FFO Payout Ratio	For the six months ended June 30, 2011 the FFO payout ratio remained very low by industry standards at 76.4% compared to 74.3% for the same period in the prior year. For the quarter ended June 30, 2011 the FFO payout ratio was 73.6% compared to 75.9% for the quarter ended June 30, 2010.
Debt Service Ratios	For the six months ended June 30, 2011 the interest coverage ratio was 1.8 times and the debt service coverage ratio was 1.5 times, both consistent with the six months ended June 30, 2010. The debt service ratios exceed the requirements under our borrowing arrangements.
Same-Asset Net Property Operating	For the six months ended June 30, 2011 same-asset NOI increased compared to the prior year by \$417 thousand or 2.8%.
Income	For the three months ended June 30, 2011 same-asset NOI increased by \$268 thousand or 3.6% compared to the same period in the prior year.
Weighted Average Effective Cost of Debt	At June 30, 2011 the weighted average effective cost of mortgage debt decreased 35 basis points to 6.13% from 6.48% at June 30, 2010. This is mainly the result of \$11.7 million of defeasances of higher cost debt entered into during the quarter.
Occupancy Levels	At June 30, 2011 overall occupancy was 97.6% compared to 97.9% at June 30, 2010.

#### PROPERTY AND CORPORATE PERFORMANCE 2011 AND 2010

#### **Funds from Operations (FFO)**

Plazacorp's summary of FFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 is presented below:

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
(000's – except per share amounts and	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
debt coverage ratios) (unaudited)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders	\$ 8,168	\$ 13,306	\$ 14,550	\$ 14,804
Add (deduct):				
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment properties	-	(4)	-	125
Deferred income tax expense	4,009	3,679	6,520	4,513
Fair value adjustment to investment properties	(9,162)	(13,859)	(15,568)	(14,787)
Fair value adjustment to investments	(1,345)	(1,511)	(2,327)	(1,746)
Fair value adjustment to convertible debentures	1,766	644	3,212	1,956
Net revaluation of interest rate swaps	71	-	9	-
Non-controlling interest adjustment	(23)	851	297	954
Basic FFO	3,484	3,106	6,693	5,819
Adjustment for debenture issuance costs	-	24	-	565
Basic and diluted FFO - adjusted	3,484	3,130	6,693	6,384
Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	51,013	49,463	50,722	49,353
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	51,014	49,475	50,723	49,364
Basic and diluted FFO – adjusted per share	\$ 0.068	\$ 0.063	\$ 0.132	\$ 0.129
Debt coverage ratios				
Interest coverage ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>1.9 times</b>	1.8 times	<b>1.8 times</b>	1.8 times
Debt service coverage ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	1.5 times	1.5 times	1.5 times	1.5 times

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated as profit before finance costs, taxes, gains/losses on property dispositions, unrealized change from fair value adjustments and net revaluation of interest rate swaps (hereinafter known as "EBITDA") divided by finance costs.

Basic FFO – adjusted for the six months ended June 30, 2011 increased by 4.8% over the same period in the prior year. Positively impacting FFO was same-asset NOI growth and incremental NOI growth from new developments. This was partly offset by an increase in administrative expenses of \$381 thousand mainly due to one-time expenses for tax consulting and professional fees relating to the potential conversion to a REIT structure and IFRS-related work, and an increase in interest costs of \$344 thousand (affected by the replacement of floating-rate debt with long-term debt on new properties and new debenture interest). FFO per share was also affected by an increase in the number of shares outstanding due to the exercising of options, conversions of convertible debentures and the dividend reinvestment plan.

Basic FFO – adjusted for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased by 11.3% over the same period in the prior year. FFO was positively impacted by same-asset NOI growth and incremental NOI growth from new developments of \$669 thousand. This was partly offset by an increase in administrative expenses of \$200 thousand due to fees relating to the potential conversion to a REIT structure and IFRS-related fees incurred as well as an increase in interest costs of \$135 thousand (partly relating to costs incurred for \$11.7 million of mortgages defeased).

The impact to FFO on the internalization of property and corporate management is currently being assessed, and may decrease slightly depending on the accounting treatment of certain costs. The internalization is expected to be positive to cash flows, however.

<sup>(2)</sup> Calculated as EBITDA divided by total debt service (finance costs plus periodic mortgage principal repayments).

#### **Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)**

Adjusted funds from operations removes non-cash revenues and expenses from FFO, deducts maintenance capital expenditures and leasing costs and makes other adjustments necessary to show funds available for distribution as dividends and to pay periodic mortgage payments.

Maintenance capital expenditures include routine capital expenditures for existing properties and leasing costs include leasing commissions and tenant improvement costs for existing properties.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
(000's, except percentage data) (unaudited)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Basic FFO - adjusted	\$ 3,484	\$ 3,130	\$ 6,693	\$ 6,384
Add: Amortization of finance charges included in				
interest expense	164	214	357	368
Principal repayment of tenant loans	143	108	274	214
Non-controlling interest adjustment	48	-	57	9
Less: Non-cash revenue – straight-line rent	(218)	(189)	(436)	(406)
Equity accounting adjustment	(35)	(25)	(87)	(73)
Maintenance capital expenditures – existing				
properties	(203)	(113)	(330)	(290)
Leasing costs – existing properties	(232)	(318)	(685)	(488)
Mortgage finance charges – existing				
properties	(143)	(39)	(162)	(67)
Basic and diluted AFFO	\$ 3,008	\$ 2,768	\$ 5,681	\$ 5,651
Basic and diluted AFFO per share	\$ 0.059	\$ 0.056	\$ 0.112	\$ 0.114
Gross dividend payments	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,377	\$ 5,112	\$ 4,744
AFFO after dividends	\$ 444	\$ 391	\$ 569	\$ 907
Dividends as a percentage of basic AFFO	85.2%	85.9%	90.0%	83.9%
Dividends as a percentage of basic FFO -				<u> </u>
adjusted	73.6%	75.9%	76.4%	74.3%

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, AFFO increased slightly by \$30 thousand, or 0.5% over the prior year, mainly due to: an increase in FFO; offset by an increase in leasing costs and higher than normal one-time mortgage finance charges as a result of mortgages defeased during the quarter.

Basic AFFO for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased by \$240 thousand, or 8.7% over the same period in the prior year mainly due to an increase in FFO partly offset by an increase in one-time mortgage finance charges as a result of mortgages defeased during the quarter.

#### **Same-Asset Net Property Operating Income**

Same-asset categorization refers to those properties which were owned and operated by Plazacorp for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and the entire year ended December 31, 2010 and excludes partial year results from certain assets due to timing of acquisition, redevelopment or disposition.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
(000's, except percentage data) (unaudited)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Same-asset rental revenue	\$ 12,957	\$ 12,518	\$ 25,905	\$ 25,042
Same-asset operating expenses	2,679	2,706	5,560	5,513
Same-asset realty tax expense	2,630	2,432	5,196	4,797
Same-asset net property operating income	\$ 7,648	\$ 7,380	\$ 15,149	\$ 14,732
Same-asset net property operating income				
excluding non-cash revenue and land rent	\$ 7,716	\$ 7,540	\$ 15,957	\$ 15,505
Same-asset net property operating income				
margin excluding non-cash revenue and land				
rent	59.6%	60.2%	61.6%	61.9%
Total net property operating income	\$ 8,121	\$ 7,452	\$ 15,827	\$ 14,839
Total net property operating income margin	59.6%	59.3%	58.8%	59.0%

As noted in the chart above, the NOI for the same-asset pool for the six months ended June 30, 2011, is showing growth of \$417 thousand, or 2.8% over the same period in the prior year, due to the lease up at Fairville Boulevard, Fairville Boulevard – II, Les Promenades du Cuivre, Bedford Commons and Granite Drive Plaza which contributed an additional \$448 thousand to NOI. Same-asset NOI excluding non-cash revenue and land rent had growth of \$452 thousand, or 2.9% over the prior year, with the total NOI growing by \$988 thousand, or 6.7% due to the overall growth in investment properties from development activities.

The increase in total NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was attributable to:

- the full period impact of 5 properties transferred to income producing status in 2010, accounting for \$473 thousand of the increase (annualized impact to NOI of approximately \$946 thousand) and 4 properties transferred to income producing status in 2011, accounting for \$207 thousand of the increase (annualized impact to NOI of approximately \$631 thousand);
- > same-asset pool growth of \$417 thousand; and
- > partly offset by the sale of a 25% interest in a property and the sale of a 50% interest in a property in 2010, reducing NOI by \$70 thousand.

NOI for the same-asset pool for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased by \$268 thousand, or 3.6% over the same period in the prior year due to the lease up at Fairville Boulevard – II, Les Promenades du Cuivre, Bedford Commons and Granite Drive Plaza. Total NOI for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased by \$669 thousand or 9.0% over the same period in the prior year, mainly due to same-asset NOI growth, the impact of properties transferred to income producing status in 2010, accounting for \$237 thousand of the increase and properties transferred to income producing status in 2011, accounting for \$213 thousand of the increase. This growth was partly offset by the sale of a 50% interest in a property in 2010, reducing NOI by \$32 thousand.

The following table shows a breakdown of same-asset NOI by province.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
(000's except percentage amounts) (unaudited)	2011	2010	2011	2010
New Brunswick	\$ 2,871	\$ 2,826	\$ 5,748	\$ 5,720
Quebec	1,398	1,341	2,738	2,656
Nova Scotia	2,018	1,843	3,955	3,632
Ontario	325	318	649	644
Newfoundland and Labrador	354	370	705	703
Prince Edward Island	682	682	1,354	1,377
Same-asset net property operating income	\$ 7,648	\$ 7,380	\$ 15,149	\$ 14,732
Percentage increase over prior year	3.6%		2.8%	

The following assets are not included in "same asset" measurements due to timing of acquisition, redevelopment or disposition.

	Property	Square		Income Producing
2011 Transactions	Type	Footage	Ownership	During
Dundonald & Smythe, Fredericton, NB	Strip Plaza	19,265	100%	Q1 11
King & Mill, Newcastle, ON	Single Use	15,051	50%	Q1 11
Torbay & MacDonald, St. John's, NL	Single Use	18,500	100%	Q1 11
West Royalty, Charlottetown, PE	Single Use	54,150	100%	Q2 11

	Property	Square		Income Producing
2010 Transactions	Type	Footage	Ownership	During
Ottawa Street, Almonte, ON	Single Use	18,365	25%	Q1 10
Amherstview, Amherstview, ON	Single Use	18,029	50%	Q2 10
Scugog Street Port Perry, Port Perry, ON	Single Use	16,776	50%	Q2 10
Ville Marie Drive Plaza, Marystown, NL	Single Use	14,580	100%	Q3 10
Jean Talon, Montreal, QC	Single Use	6,000	35%	Q3 10
Silver Fox, New Minas, NS	Strip Plaza	42,078	100%	Q4 10
Terrace Dufferin, Valleyfield, QC	Strip Plaza	17,587	50%	Disposition Q4 10

#### Same-Asset Net Property Operating Income Excluding Non-Cash Revenue and Land Rent

IFRS requires contractual rental revenue to be recorded on a straight-line basis over the term of the respective lease. With the exclusion of this non-cash revenue, one can see the growth in same-asset NOI being derived from changes in occupancy, cost containment and rental increases on lease renewal.

Due to the Company's use of operating land leases, operating margins excluding ground rent are more representative of industry norms and compare favourably with other public real estate entities specializing in retail shopping plazas.

Significant portions of the Company's leases have common cost recoveries from tenants linked to the consumer price index (CPI). Certain anchor tenant leases may restrict recovery of common costs. As a result, certain costs such as snow removal and utility costs may not be completely offset by cost recoveries in a period, or recovery revenues may exceed costs. Municipal taxes are generally net and fully recoverable from all tenants. Most tenants in strip plazas and single use properties are responsible for their own utilities, and changes to these costs do not materially impact on NOI.

#### **Leasing and Occupancy**

The following table represents leases expiring for the next 5 years and thereafter for Plazacorp's property portfolio at June 30, 2011 (excluding non-consolidated investments).

	Strip Pla	ızas	Enclosed	Malls	Single-U	Jser	Tota	l
Year	Sq Ft <sup>(1)</sup>	%						
Remainder of 2011	54,768	2.5	42,892	6.6	54,150	8.9	151,810	4.4
2012	115,261	5.2	72,834	11.2	25,293	4.1	213,388	6.1
2013	142,425	6.4	41,835	6.4	-	-	184,260	5.3
2014	206,857	9.3	110,621	17.0	-	-	317,478	9.1
2015	357,106	16.1	75,657	11.6	25,695	4.2	458,458	13.1
2016	269,741	12.1	32,903	5.0	25,771	4.2	328,415	9.4
Thereafter	1,076,995	48.4	275,448	42.2	480,029	78.6	1,832,472	52.6
Subtotal	2,223,153	100.0	652,190	100.0	610,938	100.0	3,486,281	100.0
Vacant	58,335		27,917		-		86,252	
Total	2,281,488		680,107		610,938		3,572,533	
Weighted average lease term	7.3 years		6.5 years		10.2 years		7.7 years	-

<sup>(1)</sup> At 100%, regardless of the Company's ownership interest in the properties.

At June 30, 2011, overall occupancy for the portfolio (excluding properties under development and non-consolidated investments) slightly decreased to 97.6% from 97.9% at June 30, 2010.

During the first two quarters of 2011, the Company completed 585 thousand square feet (2010 - 459 thousand square feet) of new and renewal leasing deals at market rates (including leasing at non-consolidated investments). The 585 thousand square feet of leasing was comprised of 252 thousand square feet on new developments, and 333 thousand square feet on existing properties. Excluding leasing at non-consolidated investments, the Company completed 360 thousand square feet of new and renewal leasing deals (2010 - 251 thousand square feet) at market rates. The 360 thousand square feet of leasing was comprised of 123 thousand square feet on new developments and 237 thousand square feet on existing properties.

On average, Plazacorp's embedded or contractual gross rents expiring in 2011 would be at or below current market rates. Plazacorp's financial exposure to vacancies and lease roll-overs differs among the different retail asset types, as gross rental rates differ dramatically by asset class.

- Occupancy in the strip plazas was 97.4% at June 30, 2011, compared to 97.7% at June 30, 2010.
- Average occupancy for enclosed malls was 95.9% at June 30, 2011 compared to 96.8% at June 30, 2010.
- Occupancy for single use assets remained stable at 100% at June 30, 2011.
- Pre-leased space in properties under development and under construction is 65.3% at June 30, 2011.

Plazacorp has built a portfolio with a high quality revenue stream. Plazacorp's ten largest tenants based upon current monthly gross rents at June 30, 2011 represent approximately 53.8% of total revenues in place.

	% of		% of
	Gross Revenue		Gross Revenue
Shoppers Drug Mart	25.2	6. Reitmans	2.7
2. Dollarama	7.1	7. Bulk Barn	2.5
3. Staples	4.0	8. Michael's	2.1
4. Mark's Work Wearhouse	3.5	9. Winners	1.9
5. Sobeys	3.3	10. Future Shop	1.5

The Company's mix of tenancy continues the trend towards primarily national tenants as a result of new developments. The portfolio is well positioned to resist downturns in our markets and provide stability to cash flows from which we fund operations and dividends.

	June 30,	June 30,
	2011	2010
National	89.8%	88.8%
Regional	3.8%	4.3%
Local	5.6%	5.9%
Non-Retail	0.8%	1.0%

#### **Share of Profit of Associates**

Share of profit of associates consists of income from equity and cost accounted investments as well as fair value changes in the underlying investment properties included within these equity-accounted investments. The following schedule shows our ownership position, rates of preferred returns on investment and our interest in cash on capital appreciation beyond the preferred returns.

	Ownership Position	Preferred Return	Residual Return
Equity Accounted Investments <sup>(1)</sup>			
Centennial Plaza Limited Partnership	10%	10%	20%
MDO Limited Partnership	20%	10%	30%
Village Shopping Centre Limited Partnership	30%	8%	50%
Trois Rivieres Limited Partnership	15%	10%	30%
Plazacorp – Shediac Limited Partnership	10%	8%	50%
Plazacorp Ontario1 Limited Partnership	25%	4%	25%
Cost Accounted Investments			
Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust	10%	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Equity accounted investments consist of the following properties: 3550 Sources, Centennial Plaza, Marche De L'Ouest, Place Du Marche, BPK Levis, Plaza des Recollets, the Village Shopping Centre, Shediac West, Ottawa Street, Hastings Street Bancroft and Main Street Alexandria.

Share of profit of associates includes Plazacorp's share of NOI of approximately \$1.4 million, as well as a fair value change of \$2.3 million. Share of profit of associates increased by \$538 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010, of which \$581 thousand related to the increase in fair value of the underlying investment properties.

For the quarter ending June 30, 2011 share of profit of associates decreased by \$163 thousand compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2010, mainly due to the decrease in fair value of \$166 thousand.

Distributions received from associates for the six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$1.3 million compared to \$649 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The increase was mainly due to refinancing proceeds distributed from the Village Shopping Centre.

#### **Change in Fair Value of Investment Properties**

The net gain from the fair value adjustment to investment properties for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$15.6 million (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 - \$14.8 million). For the quarter ended June 30, 2011, the net gain was \$9.2 million (for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 - \$13.9 million). The weighted average capitalization rate at June 30, 2011 was 7.52% compared to 7.85% at June 30, 2010.

#### **Change in Fair Value of Convertible Debentures**

The net loss from the fair value adjustment to convertible debentures for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$3.2 million compared to \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. For the quarter ended June 30, 2011 the net loss from the fair value adjustment to convertible debentures was \$1.8 million compared to \$644 thousand for the quarter ended

June 30, 2010. The increase in the net loss from fair values was mainly due to a decrease in credit spreads as well as a change in the volatility of the Company's share price.

#### **Loss on Disposals of Investment Properties**

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 the Company disposed of a 25% interest in a free standing Shoppers Drug Mart located in Perth, ON (Dufferin & Wilson (Perth)) for net proceeds of \$464 thousand and an accounting loss of \$125 thousand.

#### **Income Tax Expense**

The financial statements include the current and deferred income taxes payable by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. All current income taxes are those of subsidiaries. As a mutual fund corporation, the Company does not provide for current taxes on realized capital gains.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
(000's) (unaudited)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current income taxes	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 22	\$ 22
Deferred income taxes	4,009	3,679	6,520	4,513
Total income taxes	\$ 4,020	\$ 3,690	\$ 6,542	\$ 4,535

#### **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses increased by \$381 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2011, compared to the same period in the prior year, mainly due to additional tax consulting relating to the potential conversion to a REIT structure of \$104 thousand and professional fees relating to IFRS-related work of \$115 thousand. For the quarter ended June 30, 2011 administrative expenses increased by \$200 thousand compared to the same period in the prior year for the same reasons mentioned above.

#### **OUTLOOK**

Our development and leasing efforts have produced a property portfolio that is dominated by national retailers and provides our investors with a very stable cash flow. Performance to date has demonstrated the strength of current strategies and operating capabilities. Barring unforeseen events, management is confident of delivering solid performance in 2011, as well as growth to the portfolio. The primary benefit to shareholders of the Company's performance and tenant profile is reliable cash flow and, over time, increasing dividends. Plazacorp's current dividend policy is to pay shareholders  $21.00\phi$  per share for 2011 compared to  $19.25\phi$  per share for 2010.

In the short-term, Plazacorp foresees most of its growth being derived from development activity. The following properties, in which the Company currently owns an interest, are under active development or active planning and are anticipated to become income producing at various points over the next two years as follows:

					Occupied or Committed	
Properties under	Property		Square		at June 30,	Income
development	Type	Status	Footage	Ownership	2011	Producing
90 Blvd. Tache Ouest,						
Montmagny, QC	Strip Plaza	In Planning <sup>(2)</sup>	$6,000^{(1)}$	50%	n/a	1-3 years
Bourque & Haut-Bois,						
Sherbrooke, QC	Strip Plaza	In Planning <sup>(2)</sup>	$200,000^{(1)}$	50%	n/a	1-3 years
Jean Talon, Montreal, QC	Strip Plaza	In Planning <sup>(2)</sup>	$15,000^{(1)}$	35%	n/a	1-3 years
Magog, Magog, QC	Strip Plaza	In Planning <sup>(2)</sup>	$90,000^{(1)}$	50%	n/a	1-3 years
Bedford Commons $-2$ ,		Near				
Bedford, NS	Strip Plaza	Completion	105,157	100%	68%	Q3 11
Commercial Street Plaza						
- 2, New Minas, NS	Strip Plaza	In Planning <sup>(2)</sup>	$10,000^{(1)}$	100%	n/a	1-3 years
Spencer Drive,		In				
Charlottetown, PE	Strip Plaza	Construction	101,881	100%	62%	Q2 12
Manotick, Manotick, ON	Single Use	In Planning	26,231	50%	n/a	1-3 years
Stavanger Drive, St.		Near				
John's, NL	Strip Plaza	Completion	50,563	90%	100%	Q3 11

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximate square footage.

There are 4 other conditional land assemblies which are under purchase agreements and subject to due diligence, which would represent 163 thousand additional square feet at completion (at the Company's ownership percentage).

The Company is looking at the possibility of converting from a mutual fund corporation to a real estate investment trust (REIT) structure. The Company believes that a REIT structure could be beneficial for existing shareholders. No assurances can be given that this will occur and any contemplated conversion will require many approvals including tax and other regulatory, Board and shareholder approvals.

The Company is also looking at the possibility of moving its listing from the TSX Venture Exchange to the TSX. Any such move will require review of its disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls under TSX certification rules, as well as appropriate approvals including regulatory and Board approvals.

<sup>(2)</sup> All are appropriately zoned for the intended use.

#### **PART III**

#### SUMMARY OF SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

Plazacorp's summary of selected quarterly information for the last eight quarters is presented below:

(000's except per share,								
percentage and number								
of properties data) (unaudited)	Q2'11	Q1'11	Q4'10	Q3'10	Q2'10	Q1'10	Q4'09 <sup>(1)</sup>	Q3'09 <sup>(1)</sup>
Total revenue (2)	\$ 15,440	\$ 14,796	\$ 14,923	\$ 14,216	\$ 14,538	\$ 13,327	\$ 13,233	\$ 12,489
Profit (loss) and total								
comprehensive income	\$ 8,339	\$ 6,902	\$ (195)	\$ 8,171	\$ 14,355	\$ 1,818	\$ 1,304	\$ 755
Dividends per share	5.06¢	5.06¢	4.81¢	4.81¢	4.81¢	4.81¢	4.63¢	4.63¢
Adjusted earnings (loss)								
per share - basic	16.0¢	12.7¢	(0.3¢)	16.0¢	26.9¢	3.0¢	2.7¢	1.6¢
Adjusted earnings (loss)								
per share – diluted	14.3¢	11.3¢	(0.3¢)	13.8¢	22.8¢	3.0¢	2.7¢	1.6¢
Funds from operations	< 0 .	c 4 :	60.	7.5.	60.	60.	60.	7.4
per share – basic (3)	6.8¢	6.4¢	6.8¢	7.5¢	6.3¢	6.3¢	6.8¢	7.6¢
Funds from operations per share – diluted (3)	6.8¢	6.4¢	6.8¢	7.4¢	6.3¢	6.3¢	6.7¢	7.6¢
Dividends as a								
percentage of basic FFO	73.6%	79.4%	70.3%	64.4%	75.9%	76.6%	67.4%	60.5%
Dividends as a								
percentage of basic								
AFFO	85.2%	95.3%	79.1%	66.8%	85.9%	87.0%	72.5%	71.4%
Total assets	\$526,191	\$492,103	\$468,990	\$453,670	\$441,046	\$427,353	\$308,927	\$306,478
Total mortgages, bonds,								
debentures, notes and								
bank indebtedness	\$313,394	\$290,018	\$283,394	\$268,292	\$263,309	\$262,402	\$261,169	\$257,189
Basic weighted average								
shares outstanding	51,013	50,428	49,835	49,611	49,463	49,242	48,651	48,251
Properties under			7					7
development	9	6	7	6	6	6	6	7
Income producing								
properties (including non-consolidated								
	103	102	100	100	97	95	94	91
investments) Total properties in	103	102	100	100	91	93	94	91
portfolio	112	108	107	106	103	101	100	98
Rentable Sq. Ft. (at 100% ar						101	100	90
Strip Plazas	2,281	2,281	2,255	2,250	2,247	2,227	2,206	2,222
Enclosed	2,201	2,201	2,233	2,230	2,27/	2,221	2,200	2,222
Malls	680	659	659	658	658	657	651	651
Single Use	611	557	529	519	498	463	498	463
Total income	V-1	227	227	2.7	.,,,	.05	.,,	.55
producing								
properties	3,572	3,497	3,443	3,427	3,403	3,347	3,355	3,336
Occupancy % (at 100% and						-,-,-	-,	
Strip Plazas	97.4	97.7	97.5	96.9	97.7	96.5	97.0	97.2
Enclosed								
Malls	95.9	97.1	96.8	96.6	96.8	96.9	96.8	97.3
Single Use	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total income								
producing								
properties	97.6	98.0	97.8	97.3	97.9	97.1	97.4	97.6

<sup>(1) 2009</sup> quarterly results are not in accordance with IFRS, but are based on prior Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

During the last eight quarters occupancy has been very steady which contributes to stability of cash flow. Many of the Company's leases are tied to a CPI cost recovery formula (56.6%). As well, anchor tenant leases may restrict Common Area Maintenance (CAM) cost recoveries. As a result of both of these factors, seasonal fluctuations in profit and FFO occur primarily due to winter costs and yearly repair and maintenance activities which typically occur in spring and early summer which may create inconsistencies in quarterly recovery revenues compared with quarterly expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Includes investment income and share of profit of associates.

<sup>(3)</sup> Adjusted for debenture issuance costs.

Fluctuations in profit and assets are also caused by asset dispositions with a reduction in associated revenues and the recording of related gains or losses. The following gains (losses) on investment property dispositions are included in profit in the above chart: Quarter 2-2011 nil; Quarter 1-2011 nil; Quarter 4-2010 \$38 thousand; Quarter 3-2010 \$nil; Quarter 2-2010 \$4 thousand; Quarter 1-2010 (\$129) thousand; Quarter 4-2009 (\$8) thousand; Quarter 3-2009 (\$30) thousand.

Comparative figures are affected by changes in accounting principles. The selected comparative information for 2010 is in accordance with IFRS, while the 2009 information is in accordance with previous Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

#### **PART IV**

#### OPERATING LIQUIDITY AND WORKING CAPITAL

Cash flow, in the form of recurring rent generated from the portfolio, represents the primary source of liquidity to service debt including recurring monthly amortization of mortgage debt, to pay operating, leasing and property tax costs, and to fund dividends. Costs of development activities are funded by a combination of debt, equity and operating cash flow.

Cash flow from operations is dependent upon occupancy levels of properties owned, rental rates achieved, effective collection of rents, and efficiencies in operations as well as other factors.

Plazacorp's cash distribution policy reflects repayment of recurring mortgage principal amortization from cash flow in determining cash available for distribution. Accordingly, the overall debt level on existing properties is reduced year-over-year. New debt or equity capital raised is generally directed to continuing development activities, which are discretionary, based on the availability of such capital.

#### CAPITAL RESOURCES, EQUITY AND DEBT ACTIVITIES

#### **Operating and Development Facilities**

	\$8.0 Million	\$25.0 Million	\$15.0 Million		
(000's)	Operating	Development	Development		
December 31, 2010	\$ -	\$ 3,987	\$ -		
Net Change	4,189	3,883	4,490		
June 30 , 2011	\$ 4,189	\$ 7,870	\$ 4.490		
Interest rate	Prime + 2.25%	Prime + 1.25% or BA + 2.75%	Prime + 1.25% or BA + 2.75%		
Maturity	November 30, 2011	July 31, 2011 <sup>(1)</sup>	July 31, 2011 <sup>(1)</sup>		
Security	First charges on pledged property	First charges on pledged property	First charges on pledged property		
Other terms	Debt service, interest coverage, occupancy & equity maintenance covenants	Debt service, occupancy, leverage & equity maintenance covenants	Debt service, interest coverage, occupancy & equity maintenance covenants		
Line reservations available					
for letters-of-credit	\$2.0 million	\$1.5 million	\$500 thousand		
Issued and outstanding	\$916 thousand	-	-		

<sup>(1)</sup> See subsequent events disclosure below.

Funding is secured by first mortgage charges on properties. The Company must maintain certain financial ratios to comply with the facilities. These covenants include loan-to-value, debt service coverage, maximum leverage, interest coverage, occupancy and shareholder equity thresholds.

Subsequent to June 30, 2011, the Company reduced the \$25.0 million development line to \$20.0 million. Both development lines have been renewed to July 31, 2012.

The Company has an additional \$500 thousand letter-of-credit facility maturing September 30, 2011 with a Canadian chartered bank, secured by Personal Property Security Act (PPSA) charges in various provinces. These letters-of-credit are issued to facilitate municipal planning deposit requirements for the Company's developments. This line was fully drawn at June 30, 2011. In August 2011, the Company gave its notice of intention to cancel the \$500 thousand letter-of-credit facility on maturity (September 30, 2011).

As of June 30, 2011, all debt covenants in respect of the above facilities have been maintained.

At June 30, 2011, the maximum amount available to be drawn on the \$8.0 million operating line was \$8.0 million. The amount available to be drawn fluctuates depending on specific assets pledged (to a maximum of \$8.0 million at June 30, 2011).

#### **Debentures and Mortgage Bonds**

Mortgage bonds are required to be secured by either property or cash. Mortgage bonds can be deployed up to 90% of the cost of a property under a first or second charge on that property. If it is a second charge, the total debt, including mortgage bonds cannot exceed 90%. Mortgage bonds are re-allocated to different properties from time to time as required. On February 24, 2011, the Company issued \$900 thousand of mortgage bonds, secured by a property, with a five year term and bearing interest of 5.25% per annum. On June 1, 2011, a co-ownership in which the Company owns a 50% interest, issued \$6.0 million in mortgage bonds to purchase a re-development property located in Quebec. The term is one year and has an interest rate of 7.0%. The Company's share of the mortgage bonds is \$3.0 million. In May 2011, the maturity date of \$6.89 million of Series III mortgage bonds for Tranche 1 and Tranche 2 were extended to September 30, 2011 from May 26, 2011 and July 15, 2011, respectively. The remaining \$612 thousand of Series III mortgage bonds were redeemed by the Company.

Convertible debentures are recorded at fair value and changes in the fair value are recorded quarterly in profit and loss. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, \$3.5 million in Series IV convertible debentures were converted to approximately 879 thousand shares, \$978 thousand in Series V convertible debentures were converted to approximately 288 thousand shares and \$755 thousand in Series VI convertible debentures were converted to approximately 199 thousand shares. Subsequent to quarter end \$1.5 million in Series IV convertible debentures were converted to approximately 372 thousand shares and \$40 thousand in Series V convertible debentures were converted to approximately 12 thousand shares.

Series II mortgage bonds of \$9.3 million matured March 31, 2010. Of this maturing amount, \$5.9 million were converted to Series VI convertible debentures and \$3.4 million were repaid.

During the six months June 30, 2010, \$20.3 million in Series VI convertible debentures, bearing interest of 7.5% per annum, were issued. The debentures are convertible into Plazacorp common shares at the option of the holder at \$3.80 per common share and mature on March 31, 2015.

Non-convertible debentures in the amount of \$3.0 million were converted to Series VI convertible debentures during the six months ended June 30, 2010.

#### Mortgages

The Company refinanced a property in Quebec for \$1.3 million with a 5 year term and an interest rate of 4.4% compared to the maturing interest rate of 7.7%. The Company owns a 50% interest in this property.

Long-term financing in the amount of \$5.0 million (at Plazacorp's consolidated share) with a weighted average term of 16 years was obtained on new developments at a weighted average interest rate of 5.44%.

Long-term financing was obtained for the Village Shopping Centre located in St. John's, NL in the amount of \$22.5 million with a ten year term and an interest rate of 5.5%. Plazacorp has an equity ownership in the limited partnership which owns this property.

Three mortgages maturing in 2012, with a weighted average original interest rate of 7.9% were defeased and new long-term financing was obtained for \$11.7 million (at Plazacorp's consolidated share) at a weighted average interest rate of 4.69%. Two of these mortgages total \$9.1 million and each has a term of 10 years while the third mortgage for \$2.6 million has a five year term.

The Company's strategy is to balance maturities and terms on new debt with existing debt maturities to minimize maturity exposure in any one year and to reduce overall interest costs. Maintaining or improving the average cost of debt will be dependent on market conditions at the time of refinancing. Plazacorp's debt strategy involves maximizing the term of long-term debt available based on the tenant profiles for the assets being financed, at current market rates, in order to stabilize cash flow available for reinvestment and dividend payments.

The Company's use of floating-rate debt has generally been limited to assets under development or redevelopment. At June 30, 2011, fixed-rate debt represents 95.1% of mortgages placed on investment properties and floating-rate debt is restricted to assets under development and redevelopment. Management is of the view that such a strategy results in the most conservative interest rate risk management practice. Current maximum market parameters for conventional mortgage debt are in the range of 70% - 75% of the appraised market value of the underlying property, depending upon the particular features and quality of the underlying assets being financed.

During 2010, the Company converted two variable rate mortgages to long-term fixed rate mortgages through \$4.2 million of interest rate swaps entered into with a Canadian chartered bank. The terms of the mortgages and associated interest rate swaps are 10 years, expiring July 31, 2020. These interest rate swaps are valued quarterly and are recognized at fair value in mortgages payable with changes in the fair value reflected in profit and loss.

The following is a mortgage maturity chart by year:

	Remainder	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	After 5	
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Years	Total
Long-term mortgages	\$ 2,057	\$ 3,997	\$26,656	\$19,285	\$17,765	\$25,183	\$103,136	\$198,079
Mortgages funded by								
defeasance	-	11,102	_	-	-	-	-	11,102
Development lines of								
credit	12,360	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,360
Total	\$14,417	\$15,099	\$26,656	\$19,285	\$17,765	\$25,183	\$103,136	\$221,541
As a percentage	6.5%	6.8%	12.0%	8.7%	8.0%	11.4%	46.6%	100.0%

At June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, the Company's cost of debt was as follows:

	Ba	alance		
	Outsta	nding	Effective Rates	<b>Effective Rates</b>
(000's, except percentage data)	June 30	, 2011	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Fixed rate mortgage loans	\$ 24	10,681	6.13 %	6.48 %
Other fixed rate loans with periodic repayments	\$	-	-	8.00 %
Bank operating facility	\$	4,189	Prime + 2.25%	Prime + 2.25%
Bank development facility	\$	4,490	Prime + 1.25%	Prime + 2.00%
Bank development facility	\$	7,870	Prime + 1.25%	Prime + 2.25%
Bank development facility <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	-	-	Prime + 0.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> Discharged in 2010.

The weighted average term to maturity for the long-term mortgages is 6.2 years. The average remaining repayment (amortization) period on long-term mortgage debt is 24.5 years.

The ratio of debt to gross book value of assets at June 30, 2011 (excluding convertible debentures) is 51.6%.

#### **Shares Outstanding**

If all share options and rights to convert shares under the provisions of convertible debt were exercised, the impact on shares outstanding would be as follows:

At August 18, 2011	Shares	Share Capital
Current outstanding shares	52,220,361	\$ 56,396,180
Employee and Director share options	120,000	523,200
Series V convertible debentures	3,377,060	16,291,815
Series VI convertible debentures	4,878,947	23,825,754
Total adjusted shares outstanding	60,596,368	\$ 97,036,949

#### **Land Leases**

Return on invested cash or equity is a measure Plazacorp uses to evaluate development and strategic acquisitions. Investing in a project subject to a land lease reduces the cash equity required for an individual project and increases the number of projects which can be undertaken with available capital. This spreads risk and enhances overall shareholder return. In some instances use of a land lease will enhance project feasibility where a project might not otherwise be undertaken without use of a land lease. Currently Plazacorp has 25 long-term land leases (affecting 24 properties) with total annual rent of \$2.6 million. One of the land leases relates to shared parking facilities. The other properties under land lease represent approximately 14% of the Company's fair value of investment properties and investments. Land leases expire (excluding any non-automatic renewal periods) on dates ranging from 2012 to 2084 with an average life of 43 years, with non-automatic renewal options ranging from 9 to 66 years with an average of 30 years of renewal options. Of the 25 land leases, 12 of the land leases have options to purchase, generally at fair market value. Also see "Related Party Transactions" section of this MD&A for details on related party land leases.

#### **Gross Capital Additions Including Leasing Fees:**

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
(000's) (unaudited)	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Leasing fees – existing properties	\$ 70	\$ 143	\$ 277	\$ 223
Leasing fees – redevelopment properties	5	4	31	65
Leasing fees – new developments	228	118	386	128
Total leasing fees	303	265	694	416
Capital additions – existing properties	365	288	738	555
Capital additions – redevelopment properties	1,957	224	2,931	225
Capital additions – new developments	18,164	6,125	22,935	7,413
Total capital additions	20,486	6,637	26,604	8,193
Total gross additions	\$ 20,789	\$ 6,902	\$ 27,298	\$ 8,609

#### COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company has \$5.1 million in short-term commitments in respect of developments activities. Management believes that Plazacorp has sufficient unused bank line availability, and mortgage bond deployment potential, to fund these commitments.

The Company also has contingent liabilities as original borrower on mortgages assumed by the purchasers of properties in 2007 and 2009. These commitments are subject to indemnity agreements. These sales did not relieve the Company's obligations as original borrower in respect of these mortgages. The debt subject to such guarantees at June 30, 2011 totals \$22.4 million and consists of six mortgages with remaining terms ranging from 0.8 years and 11.6 years.

The Company guarantees mortgage debt in excess of its pro-rata position in joint ventures and non-consolidated subsidiaries in the amount of \$4.7 million.

#### PART V

#### RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

All property investments are subject to a degree of risk and uncertainty. Property investments are affected by various factors including general economic conditions and local market circumstances. Local business conditions such as oversupply of space or a reduction in demand for space particularly affect property investments. Management attempts to manage these risks through geographic and retail asset class diversification in the portfolio. At June 30, 2011, the Company held interests in 112 properties spread geographically among six provinces in Canada. Some of the more important risks are outlined below. See Financial Risk Management Note 26 to the December 31, 2010 Annual Consolidated Financial Statements for further details. Also see the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 31, 2011 for a complete list of risks and uncertainties.

#### Interest Rate, Financing and Refinancing Risk

Management attempts to lock in cash returns on assets for the longest period, consistent with exposure to debt maturing and leases expiring in any given year.

The Company mitigates interest rate risk by maintaining the majority of its debt at fixed rates. At June 30, 2011 95.1% of the Company's mortgages are at fixed rates and 4.9% are at floating rates. Floating rate debt is typically used for development or redevelopment projects as interim financing, until the projects are completed and are then able to attract the appropriate long-term financing. The Company mitigates its exposure to fixed-rate interest risk by staggering maturities in order to avoid excessive amounts of debt maturing in any one year. If market conditions warrant, the Company may attempt to renegotiate its existing debt to take advantage of lower interest rates.

At existing financing rates, the Company is able to obtain positive returns from debt financing. The quality of the Company's projects and properties makes management confident of obtaining suitable long-term financing for those projects on completion of development as well as those properties with maturing existing debt. Refinancing debt at maturity with conventional financing is currently limited to between 70% and 75% of appraised value. The Company has an ongoing requirement to access the debt markets and there is a risk that lenders will not refinance such maturing debt on terms and conditions acceptable to the Company or on any terms at all. Management believes that all debts maturing in 2011 will be able to be financed or refinanced as they come due.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk mainly arises from the possibility that tenants may be unable to fulfill their lease commitments. Management mitigates this risk by ensuring that Plazacorp's tenant mix is diversified and heavily weighted to national tenants and by ensuring any significant individual revenue exposures are to tenants of significant credit worthiness. Plazacorp also maintains a portfolio that is diversified geographically so that exposure to local business is lessened.

Currently one tenant, Shoppers Drug Mart, represents 25.2% of current monthly gross rents in place. The top 10 tenants collectively represent approximately 53.8% of total revenues in place. National and regional tenants represent 93.6% of the in-place tenant base.

#### Lease Roll-Over and Occupancy Risk

Lease roll-over risk arises from the possibility that Plazacorp may experience difficulty renewing leases as they expire or in re-leasing space vacated by tenants.

Management attempts to stagger the lease expiry profile so that Plazacorp is not faced with a disproportionate amount of square footage of leases expiring in any one year. Management further mitigates this risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio mix both by retail asset type and geographic location and ensuring that the Company maintains a well staffed and highly skilled leasing department to deal with all leasing issues.

One of Plazacorp's performance drivers is related to occupancy levels. The majority of Plazacorp's leases in place are referred to as net leases, meaning tenants reimburse Plazacorp fully for their share of property operating costs (subject to

consumer price index adjustments in many cases) and realty taxes. Many of Plazacorp's operating costs and realty taxes are not reduced by vacancy. Certain costs such as utilities and janitorial costs would not decline with a decline in occupancy.

The hypothetical impact to NOI of a change in occupancy of 1% would be approximately \$336 thousand per annum. The analysis does not identify a particular cause of such changing occupancy and as a result, it does not reflect the actions management may take in relation to the changes. Plazacorp's principal management of occupancy risk is the skewing of tenancies towards national tenants, the signing of longer term leases and significant pre-leasing of development space.

#### **Development and Acquisition Risk**

Plazacorp's external growth prospects will depend in large part on identifying suitable development, redevelopment and acquisition opportunities, pursuing such opportunities, conducting necessary due diligence, consummating acquisitions (including obtaining necessary consents) and effectively operating the properties acquired or developed by the Company. If Plazacorp is unable to manage its growth and integrate its acquisitions and developments effectively, its business, operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected. Developments and acquisitions may not meet operational or financial expectations due to unexpected costs or market conditions, which could impact the Company's performance.

#### **Environmental Risk**

Plazacorp is subject to various laws relating to the environment which deal primarily with the costs of removal and remediation of hazardous substances such as asbestos or petroleum products. Environmental risk is relevant to Plazacorp's ability to sell or finance affected assets and could potentially result in liabilities for the costs of removal and remediation of hazardous substances or claims against Plazacorp. Management is not aware of any material non-compliance with environmental laws or regulations with regard to Plazacorp's portfolio, or of any material pending or threatening actions, investigations or claims against Plazacorp relating to environmental matters. Plazacorp manages environmental exposures in a proactive manner during every aspect of the property life cycle including extensive due diligence in respect of environmental risk before purchase or development.

#### **PART VI**

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### **Management Company**

Prior to July 1, 2011, Plaza Group Management Limited provided property management and corporate management services to Plazacorp. In Quebec, staff of Les Immeubles Plaza Z-Corp Inc. handled management duties under a separate management agreement with Plazacorp. These companies employed 79 people in the accounting, finance, engineering, development, leasing and other administrative capacities, excluding property specific staff.

Plaza Group Management Limited was controlled by two directors of Plazacorp, namely Michael Zakuta and Earl Brewer. Les Immeubles Plaza Z-Corp Inc. is controlled by Michael Zakuta.

On July 1, 2011, the Company purchased the shares of Plaza Group Management Limited at book value of approximately \$120 thousand. As a result of this transaction, property management and corporate management are now internalized and the Company will be managing all of its properties including properties previously managed by Plaza Z-Corp Inc.

As part of this transaction, employees of Plaza Z-Corp Inc. that previously provided services to Plazacorp will be employed by Plaza Group Management Limited (with Plazacorp assuming any liabilities with respect to past service). Both management agreements previously in place have been terminated.

Prior to July 1, 2011, Mr. Brewer and Mr. Zakuta did not receive any direct compensation from the Company for performing their duties as Chairman and President and Chief Executive Officer, respectively or as directors.

The purpose of the management arrangement was to provide the Company the services of a fully staffed and professional management company in all geographic areas in which it operates at reasonable costs. The basis of fee payment under the management agreements, effective March 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Plaza Group Management Limited Fee Structure
Property management	3% of gross rents paid.
Corporate management	3/4% of gross rents paid in the preceding fiscal year.
Leasing	4% of net rental revenue per year for first five years of lease term.
	2% of net rental revenue per year for years six to ten of lease term.
	Leasing fees for renewal are at 50% of the above rates.
Development	4% of costs of construction on development projects.
	10% of tenant improvement costs on non-development projects.
Debt financing	3/4 % of loan amount where no outside broker is involved.
	1/4 % of loan amount where an outside broker is involved.
Capital	Where and when permitted by securities law:
	3% of capital raised where no external broker is involved.
	1 1/2 % of capital raised where no external broker is involved and
	where the proceeds are used to retire/redeem maturing capital.
	3/4 % of capital raised where an outside broker is involved.
Acquisitions	2% of the purchase price of assets or capitalized value of land leases.
Dispositions	1 ½ % of the proceeds of disposition on assets.
Legal services	Cost recovery basis, currently \$185 per hour.

The following amounts were charged under the agreements:

		6 Months	6 Months
(000's) (unaudited)		Ended	Ended
Fee Category	Included for Reporting Purposes In	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Property management	Property operating expenses	\$ 767	\$ 735
Corporate management	Administrative expenses	194	174
Leasing	Investment properties	613	466
Development	Investment properties	511	175
Financing and capital	Debt or equity	300	367
Acquisitions	Investment properties	49	67
Dispositions	Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	9
Legal services	Varies based on service provided	329	208
Total		\$ 2,763	\$ 2,201

#### **Notes Payable to Related Parties**

Notes payable fall into two categories:

- Interest bearing unsecured notes that are advanced from time-to-time to assist in financing property acquisitions and development costs and are retired on funding of interim or long-term debt or upon sale of the property to which the note relates.
- Non-interest bearing notes that existed at the time of acquisition of properties in September 2000. Certain of the notes are owed to parties controlled directly or indirectly by Michael Zakuta. The notes are repayable on sale or refinancing of the related asset.

	Interest	June 30,	December 31,
(000's) (unaudited)	Rate	2011	2010
Non-interest bearing notes:			
Entities owned (directly or indirectly), controlled or significantly			
influenced by Michael Zakuta, President, Chief Executive Officer			
and Director of the Company	n/a	\$ 261	\$ 261
Interest bearing notes:			
Entity owned (directly or indirectly), controlled or significantly			
influenced by Earl Brewer, Chairman and Director of the Company	6%	750	-
Entity owned (directly or indirectly), controlled or significantly			
influenced by Michael Zakuta, President, Chief Executive Officer			
and Director of the Company	6%	750	-
Total		\$ 1,761	\$ 261

#### **Bonds and Debentures Held**

The Directors directly or indirectly held at face value, convertible debentures and mortgage bonds of the Company as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
(000's) (unaudited)	2011	2010
Richard Hamm	\$ 325	\$ 325
Michael Zakuta	781	2,163
Edouard Babineau	2,100	2,150
Earl Brewer	1,571	1,755
Stephen Johnson	1,220	1,220
Barbara Trenholm	264	464
Total	\$ 6,261	\$ 8,077

During the first six months of 2011, Michael Zakuta converted \$1,643 thousand of convertible debentures to shares and purchased \$261 thousand in mortgage bonds, Edouard Babineau converted \$200 thousand of convertible debentures to shares and purchased \$150 thousand in mortgage bonds, Earl Brewer converted \$498 thousand of convertible debentures to shares and purchased \$314 thousand in mortgage bonds and Barbara Trenholm converted \$200 thousand of convertible debentures to shares.

#### **Other Related Party Transactions**

Two directors, directly or beneficially, hold interests in common with the Company's 25% interest in the Gateway Mall, Sussex, NB, being Earl Brewer (25%) and Michael Zakuta (21.5%). There are no loans outstanding or fees charged by the related parties as a result of the joint ownership.

TC Land LP, a wholly owned subsidiary of TC Land REIT, an entity controlled by Michael Zakuta and Earl Brewer, leases nine parcels of land to Plazacorp at a total annual rent of \$877 thousand. The land leases expire at various times from October 2043 to November 2047, subject to options to renew. All of these land leases have options to purchase, of which 1 is at a fixed price and the others are at fair market value. The business purpose of the leases is to enhance levered equity returns on the affected assets.

Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta hold interests in common with the Company's 10% interest in Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust, the owner of the Northwest Centre, Moncton, NB. There are no loans outstanding or fees charged by the related parties as a result of the joint ownership.

### DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management maintains appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information that is publicly disclosed is complete, reliable and timely. Management is also responsible for establishing adequate internal controls over financial reporting to provide sufficient knowledge to support the representations made in this MD&A, the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for June 30, 2011 and all related public filings.

In contrast to the certificate required under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* (MI 52-109), the TSX Venture Exchange Issuer Certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal controls over financial reporting (ICFR), as defined in MI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing certificates for TSX Venture issuers are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.

The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificate(s).

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a TSX Venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in MI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Plazacorp's significant accounting policies are described in the March 31, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The Company adopted IFRS as the basis of financial reporting effective January 1, 2011, with restatement of comparative periods using a transition date of January 1, 2010. The impact of the adoption of IFRS is described in the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements in Note 13.

Management chooses the accounting policies and estimates that it believes are appropriate to fairly report the Company's operating results and financial position. Management regularly assesses its critical accounting estimates in light of current and forecasted economic conditions and reviews these estimates with its Audit Committee. The following outlines the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements:

#### **Fair Value of Investment Properties**

Investment properties include all of the Company's income producing commercial properties, properties under development and surplus lands. Investment properties are recorded at fair value. Fair value is based on a combination of external appraisals and internal valuations. Significant assumptions and estimates are made in determining the fair value of investment properties, including the normalized level of NOI for a particular property and which capitalization rate to use on each property. External appraisals use a number of different valuation approaches, including a discounted cash flow approach and a direct comparison approach. The discounted cash flow approach discounts expected future cash flows.

#### **Properties Under Development**

The Company capitalizes all direct expenditures incurred in connection with the development and construction of properties. These expenditures consist of all direct costs and borrowing costs on debt directly attributable to the specific development. Borrowing costs are offset by any interest earned by the Company on borrowed funds prior to utilization.

The development period commences when expenditures are being incurred and activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are in progress. Capitalization ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are complete

#### **Fair Value of Convertible Debentures**

In determining the fair value of convertible debentures, the Company must make assumptions regarding credit spreads, share price volatility and bond yields, considering the terms of the convertible debentures and their risk.

#### Fair Value of Debt

In determining estimates of the fair values of financial instruments, the Company must make assumptions regarding current market rates, considering the terms of the instruments and their risk. Current market rates are generally selected from a range of potentially acceptable rates and accordingly, other effective rates and fair values are possible.

#### **Financial Instruments**

The Company reviews all significant contracts to determine if they contain embedded derivatives. As of August 1, 2010 the Company has entered into an interest rate swap to fix the rates for two variable rate mortgages. These mortgages are valued quarterly and are recognized at fair value in mortgages payable with changes in the fair value reflected in profit and loss. At June 30, 2011, there are no embedded derivatives in the Company's financial instruments that require separation and measurement.

#### FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations under IFRS, are not yet effective for the year ending December 31, 2011, and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The extent of the impact of these standards has not been determined. Please see Note 3 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for further details about future accounting policy changes.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to Plazacorp including the Management Information Circular, Material Change reports and all other continuous disclosure documents required by the securities regulators, are filed on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR) and can be accessed electronically at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a> or on the Plazacorp website at <a href="www.plaza.ca">www.plaza.ca</a>.

Attached as Appendix A is a chart listing the Company's properties at June 30, 2011.

#### APPENDIX A

#### PROPERTIES OF THE COMPANY<sup>(4)</sup>

TROI ERTIES OF	THE COMMITTEE		Gross		Occupied or	
				Ownership	-	
		Year Built/	Area	_		
D	T 4*			Interest	as at	M-1(1)
Property	Location	Redeveloped	(sq. ft.)	(%)	30-Jun-11	Major Tenants <sup>(1)</sup>
Strip Plazas	1 100	1007/2001	£ 4.720	1000/	1000/	I C . D !!
Les Promenades St. François	Laval, QC	1987/2001	54,738	100%	100%	Jean Coutu, Dollarama
Plaza Hotel de Ville Plaza Theriault <sup>(2)</sup>	Rivière-du-Loup, QC	1990	20,412	100%	100%	Bouclair, Yellow Shoes
Plaza BBRF	Rivière-du-Loup, QC Sherbrooke, QC	1995 2008	25,780	100% 50%	100%	National Bank, SuperClub Videotron Shoppers Drug Mart
	, ,		20,631		100%	
Plaza Boulevard Royal Carrefour des Seigneurs <sup>(3)</sup>	Shawinigan, QC Terrebonne, QC	1997/2008 1992/2004	128,222 33,900	100% 25%	97% 100%	Rossy, Caisse Populaire Jean Coutu
St. Anne Street Plaza	Bathurst, NB	2006	25,299	100%	96%	Dollarama, Reitmans
St. Peters Avenue Plaza	Bathurst, NB	2006	23,273	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
St. I stors I Ivonus I luzu	Datifalist, 11D	2000	23,273	10070	10070	Mark's Work Wearhouse, Shoppers
Champlain Plaza	Dieppe, NB	2005	48,815	100%	100%	Drug Mart
Boulevard Hebert Plaza	Edmundston, NB	2006	26,689	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Victoria Street Plaza	Edmundston, NB	2007	22,229	100%	77%	Reitmans, Dollarama
Dundonald & Smythe	Fredericton, NB	1962/1997	19,265	100%	78%	Dollarama
Empire Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Fredericton, NB	2003	13,743	100%	84%	Dollarama
FHS Plaza	Fredericton, NB	1999	24,280	100%	100%	Cleve's , Bulk Barn
Main Place <sup>(2)</sup>	Fredericton, NB	1992/2004	31,416	100%	94%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Nashwaaksis Plaza	Fredericton, NB	1997	55,814	100%	99%	Dollarama
Madawaska Road Plaza	Grand Falls, NB	2005	10,410	100%	100%	Pizza Delight, Tim Horton's
KGH Plaza	Miramichi, NB	2007	18,969	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Miramichi Power Center -1	Miramichi, NB	2005	38,033	100%	100%	Staples, Mark's Work Wearhouse
Miramichi Power Cener – 2	Miramichi, NB	2005	21,936	100%	100%	Dollarama, Boston Pizza
Boulevard Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Moncton, NB	2004	83,021	100%	100%	Winners, Michael's
Wedgewood Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Riverview, NB	1999	12,768	100%	100%	Dollarama
Crown Street <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	2006	21,764	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Exhibition Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	2004	75,185	55%	100%	Empire Cinemas
Fairville Boulevard -2	Saint John, NB	2009	61,567	100%	88%	Bulk Barn, Staples, Dollarama
Major Brook Drive Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	2005	40,559	55%	100%	Michael's, Boston Pizza
McAllister Drive Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	1999	24,921	55%	100%	Cleve's
	,					Great Canadian Dollar Store,
SCA Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	2002	17,430	55%	100%	Bulk Barn
Main and Western Street Plaza	Sussex, NB	2007	14,300	100%	100%	Dollarama
Connell Road Plaza	Woodstock, NB	2004	19,645	100%	88%	Mark's Work Wearhouse, Dollarama
303 Main Street Plaza	Antigonish, NS	2005	19,542	100%	92%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Bedford Commons	Bedford, NS	2009	72,622	100%	92%	Future Shop, Dollarama
Tacoma Centre	Dartmouth, NS	1983/2002	157,305	50%	100%	Sobeys, Dollarama
Tacoma Valley Field	Dartmouth, NS	2005	25,325	50%	91%	Shoppers Drug Mart
201 Chain Lake Drive <sup>(3)</sup>	Halifax, NS	1995/2004	118,505	50%	88%	Home Outfitters
						Value Village, Mark's Work
209 Chain Lake Drive <sup>(3)</sup>	Halifax, NS	1998	89,549	50%	100%	Wearhouse, Dollarama
Joseph Howe Drive Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Halifax, NS	2007	23,599	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Staples Plaza	New Glasgow, NS	2001	33,763	100%	100%	Staples
V-8 Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	New Glasgow, NS	2004	16,470	100%	100%	Dollarama, Swiss Chalet
Commercial Street Plaza	New Minas, NS	2003	15,342	100%	100%	Swiss Chalet, Penningtons
Granite Drive Plaza	New Minas, NS	2009	86,433	100%	100%	Lawtons, Future Shop, Winners
Silver Fox Plaza	New Minas, NS	2010	42,078	100%	100%	Giant Tiger, Michael's
North Sydney Plaza	North Sydney, NS	2007	20,372	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Welton Street Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Sydney, NS	2004	20,975	100%	100%	Dollarama, Bulk Barn
Robie Street Plaza	Truro, NS	2007	21,890	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Pleasant Street	Yarmouth, NS	2005	22,586	100%	87%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Starr's Road Plaza	Yarmouth, NS	1976/2005	64,311	100%	100%	Empire Theatres, Dollarama

			Cara		0	
			Gross	0 11	Occupied or	
		<b>T</b> 7 <b>T</b> 9 11/1		Ownership	Committed	
		Year Built/	Area	Interest	as at	
Property	Location	Redeveloped	(sq. ft.)	(%)	30-Jun-11	Major Tenants <sup>(1)</sup>
Belvedere Plaza	Charlottetown, PE	1979/2000	77,459	60%	100%	Mark's Work Wearhouse, Indigo, The Brick
Spring Park Plaza	Charlottetown, PE	1998	49,734	85%	100%	Fabricville, Value Village
UAS Plaza	Charlottetown, PE	2006	23,386	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart, TD Bank
University Plaza	Charlottetown, PE	1977/1998	62,046	43%	100%	Dollarama, Smitty's, The Bargain Shop
Granville Street Plaza	Summerside, PE	1977/2011	60,957	60%	96%	Dollarama, Mark's Work Wearhouse
15260 Yonge Street <sup>(3)</sup>	Aurora, ON	2006	14,177	50%	100%	Dollarama
Scott Street Plaza <sup>(3)</sup>	St. Catharines, ON	2007	25,709	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Bay Roberts Plaza	Bay Roberts, NL	2006	20,468	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Conception Bay South Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Conception Bay South, NL	2006	22,980	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Kenmount Road Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	St. John, NL	2006	20,576	100%	100%	XS Cargo, Montana's
Le Marchant Road Plaza	St. John's, NL	2007	18,309	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Sub-total			2,281,488		97.4%	
Enclosed Malls						
Les Galaries Montmagny	Montmagny, QC	1997/1990	138,346	50%	99%	Maxi, Hart, Uniprix
Les Promenades du Cuivre	Rouyn-Noranda, QC	1987/2003	148,911	100%	100%	Hart, Familiprix, Royal Bank, Staples
Grand Falls Shopping Centre	Grand Falls, NB	1972/2005	133,970	100%	93%	Staples, Shoppers Drug Mart, Hart
Oromocto Mall	Oromocto, NB	1976/2008	87,196	100%	86%	Shoppers Drug Mart/Dollarama
Gateway Mall	Sussex, NB	1978/2008	171,684	25%	97%	Sobeys, Canadian Tire
Sub-total			680,107		95.9%	
Single Use						
Plaza BDP <sup>(2), (3)</sup>	Deux Montagnes, QC	2007	16,940	37.5%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Bureau en Gros	Granby, QC	2000	25,695	50%	100%	Staples
Plaza TS Magog	Magog, QC	2006	17,452	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Bureau en Gros	Rimouski, QC	2001	25,771	50%	100%	Staples
CPRDL	Riverière-du-Loup, QC	2007	41,568	50%	100%	Caisse Populair
Plaza Jean XXIII <sup>(2), (3)</sup>	Trois-Rivieres, QC	2007	16,721	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Miramichi West Plaza	Miramichi, NB	2009	18,210	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
681 Mountain Road	Moncton, NB	2004	19,504	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Staples <sup>(2)</sup>	Saint John, NB	1997	25,293	100%	100%	Staples
Fairville Boulevard – 1	Saint John, NB	2008	57,000	100%	100%	Sobeys
Main and Sackville	Shediac, NB	2009	23,652	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Main and Victoria	Shediac, NB	2007	10,287	100%	100%	Dollarama
201 Main Street	Sussex, NB	2007	16,915	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Central Avenue Plaza	Greenwood, NS	2006	16,989	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
912 East River Road	New Glasgow, NS	2005	16,912	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Kings Road Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Sydney River, NS	2006	16,847	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
West Royalty	Charlottetown, PE	1988/2000	54,150	100%	100%	Sobeys
Amherstview	Amherstview, ON	2010	18,029	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
615 King Street <sup>(2)</sup>	Gananoque, ON	2008	16,619	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
King & Mill	Newcastle, ON	2011	15,134	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
St. Josephs Boulevard	Orleans, ON	2008	16,799	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Dufferin & Wilson (Perth)	Perth, ON	2008	16,782	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Civic Center Road	Petawawa, ON	2008	17,036	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Port Hope Plaza	Port Hope, ON	2008	22,650	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Scugog Street Port Perry	Port Perry, ON	2010	16,776	50%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Airport Blvd. Plaza <sup>(2)</sup>	Gander, NL	2008	18,077	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Ville Marie Drive Plaza	Marystown, NL	2010	14,580	100%	100%	Dollarama
Torbay & MacDonald <sup>(2)</sup>	St. John's, NL	2011	18,550	100%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Sub-total			610,938		100%	
Income producing properties			3,572,533		97.6%	
<b>Projects Under Development</b>						
90 Blvd. Tache Ouest	Montmagny, QC	<u>-</u>	-	50%	-	In Planning
Jean Talon (2), (3)	Montreal, QC	-	-	35%	-	In Planning
Magog	Magog, QC	-	-	50%	-	In Planning

	•		Gross		Occupied or	
			Leasable	Ownership	Committed	
		Year Built/	Area	Interest	as at	
Property	Location	Redeveloped	(sq. ft.)	(%)	30-Jun-11	<b>Major Tenants</b> <sup>(1)</sup>
Bourque & Haut-Bois	Sherbrooke, QC	-	-	50%	-	In Planning
Bedford Commons – 2	Bedford, NS	-	105,157	100%	68%	Winners, Staples, SportChek
Commercial Street Plaza – 2	New Minas, NS	-	-	100%	-	In Planning
Spencer Drive	Charlottetown, PE	-	101,881	100%	62%	Sobeys
Manotick <sup>(2)</sup>	Manotick, ON	-	26,231	50%	-	In Planning
Stavanger Drive	St. John's, NL	-	50,563	90%	100%	Best Buy, Petsmart
Sub-total			283,832		65.3%	
Total Excluding Non-						
Trust and Partnerships			3,856,365		95.2%	
Non-Consolidate Trusts and P						
3550 Sources <sup>(3)</sup>	Dollard des Ormeaux, QC	2006	8,391	10%	100%	National Bank
Centennial Plaza <sup>(3)</sup>	Dollard des Ormeaux, QC	1979/2008	152,101	10%	97%	Value Village, Jean Coutu
Marche de L'Ouest <sup>(3)</sup>	Dollard des Ormeaux, QC	1983/2003	128,151	20%	100%	IGA
Place Du Marche <sup>(3)</sup>	Dollard des Ormeaux, QC	1979/2008	35,318	10%	86%	Laurentian Bank, Starbucks
						Jeans Depot, Maxidollar, Ressourcerie
BPK Levis <sup>(3)</sup>	Levis, QC	1985	89,920	10%	94%	De Levis
Plaza des Recollets	Trois Rivieres, QC	2006	73,730	15%	100%	Winners/Home Sense
Northwest Centre	Moncton, NB	1998/2003	177,821	10%	100%	Zellers, Princess Auto
Shediac West	Shediac, NB	2009	65,842	10%	100%	Canadian Tire, Sobeys
Main Street Alexandria	Alexandria, ON	2009	17,242	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Ottawa Street	Almonte, ON	2010	18,365	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
Hastings Street Bancroft	Bancroft, ON	2009	17,538	25%	100%	Shoppers Drug Mart
						Hart, Labels, Dollarama, SportChek,
Village Shopping Centre	St. John's, NL	1978/2006	418,344	30%	82%	Convergys
Sub-total			1,202,763		92.5%	
Grand Total			5,059,128		94.6%	

(1) Based on square footage.

(3) Co-managed by Plazacorp.

<sup>(2)</sup> Currently subject to land leases. The land leases for Plaza BDP, Boulevard Plaza, Conception Bay South Plaza, Kenmount Road Plaza, Kings Road Plaza, Joseph Howe Drive Plaza, Plaza Jean XXIII, Airport Blvd. Plaza Jean Talon and 615 King Street all have options to purchase at fair market value. The V-8 Plaza and Main Place have fixed options to purchase. All other land leases do not have an option to purchase. Land leases for Plaza BDP, Conception Bay South Plaza, Kenmount Road Plaza, Kings Road Plaza, Joseph Howe Drive Plaza, Plaza Jean XXIII, Airport Blvd. Plaza, 615 King Street and the V-8 Plaza are all with related parties.

<sup>(4)</sup> All but 18 of these properties were either developed or redeveloped by the Company. The 18 that were not developed or redeveloped by the Company consist of Place Du Marche, Northwest Centre, BPK Levis, Plaza Hotel de Ville, Plaza Theriault, Nashwaaksis Plaza, Wedgewood Plaza, Exhibition Plaza, McAllister Drive Plaza, SCA Plaza, 209 Chain Lake Drive, Belvedere Plaza, Spring Park Plaza, University Plaza, Les Galaries Montmagny, Gateway Mall, Bureau en Gros Rimouski and Staples Saint John.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	
(unaudited)	June 30.

(unaudited) (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Investment properties (Note 4)	\$ 474,148	\$ 426,516	\$ 375,083
Investments	39,860	28,675	23,285
Tenant loans	1,684	1,624	1,864
	515,692	456,815	400,232
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 2,334	\$ 5,407	\$ 3,771
Receivables	1,427	1,126	720
Prepaid expenses and deposits	5,676	2,970	2,913
Income taxes receivable	10	22	68
Notes receivable	1,052	2,650	12,533
	10,499	12,175	20,005
	\$ 526,191	\$ 468,990	\$ 420,237
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Debentures payable (Note 5)	\$ 41,885	\$ 44,723	\$ 22,750
Mortgage bonds payable (Note 6)	15,299	11,622	21,589
Mortgages payable (Note 7)	249,737	226,494	215,955
Deferred income tax liability	44,090	37,570	29,044
•	351,011	320,409	289,338
Current Liabilities		,	
Bank indebtedness (Note 8)	\$ 4,189	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,555	7,072	5,360
Notes payable	2,284	555	2,054
1 7	17,028	7,627	7,414
	368,039	328,036	296,752
		400.000	4:5:5-
Shareholders' equity	146,742	130,224	113,105
Non-controlling interests	11,410	10,730	10,380
	158,152	140,954	123,485
	\$ 526,191	\$ 468,990	\$ 420,237

Contingencies, commitments, guarantees, indemnities, litigation and provisions – see Note 11. Subsequent events – see Note 12.

Michael Zakuta, Director

Earl Brewer, Director

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	3 Months Ended June 30, 2011	3 Months Ended June 30, 2010	6 Months Ended June 30, 2011	6 Months Ended June 30, 2010
		<b>* 10.55</b> °		
Revenues	\$ 13,631 (5,510)	\$ 12,579	\$ 26,909	\$ 25,144
Operating expenses	(5,510)	(5,127)	(11,082)	(10,305)
Net property operating income	8,121	7,452	15,827	14,839
Share of profit of associates	1,737	1,900	3,127	2,589
Administrative expenses	(553)	(353)	(1,127)	(746)
Investment income	72	59	200	132
Other expenses	(19)	(19)	(38)	(38)
Results from operations	9,358	9,039	17,989	16,776
Finance costs Finance costs - transaction costs for convertible debenture	(4,324)	(4,189)	(8,553)	(8,209)
issuance	-	(24)	-	(565)
Finance costs - net loss from fair value adjustments to convertible debentures	(1,766)	(644)	(3,212)	(1,956)
Finance costs - net revaluation of interest rate swaps	(71)	-	(9)	-
Net gain from fair value adjustments to investment properties	9,162	13,859	15,568	14,787
Gain (loss) on disposal of investment properties  Profit before income tax	12,359	18,045	21 702	(125)
Front before income tax	12,359	18,043	21,783	20,708
Income tax expense				
- Current	11	11	22	22
- Deferred	4,009	3,679	6,520	4,513
	4,020	3,690	6,542	4,535
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 8,339	\$ 14,355	\$ 15,241	\$ 16,173
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period				
- Shareholders	\$ 8,168	\$ 13,306	\$ 14,550	\$ 14,804
- Non-controlling interests	171	1,049	691	1,369
	\$ 8,339	\$ 14,355	\$ 15,241	\$ 16,173
•				
Adjusted earnings per share – basic (Note 9)	\$ 0.160	\$ 0.269	\$ 0.287	\$ 0.300
Adjusted earnings per share – diluted (Note 9)	\$ 0.143	\$ 0.228	\$ 0.258	\$ 0.275

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity** (unaudited)

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital (Note 9)	Retained Earnings	Total Attributable to Shareholders	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balances as at January 1, 2010	\$ 43,349	\$ 69,756	\$ 113,105	\$ 10,380	\$ 123,485
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	14,804	14,804	1,369	16,173
Transactions with shareholders, recorded directly in equity:					
- Contributions by shareholders	1,807	_	1,807	_	1,807
- Distributions to shareholders	-,,-	(4,744)	(4,744)	_	(4,744)
- Distributions to non-controlling interests and change		( , ,	( , ,		( , ,
in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control	_		_	(726)	(726)
Balance as at June 30, 2010	\$ 45.156	\$ 79.816	\$ 124,972	\$ 11,023	\$ 135,995
	4 10,200	4 /2,020	<del>+,</del>	4,	+
Total comprehensive income for the year	\$ -	\$ 22,593	\$ 22,593	\$ 1,556	\$ 24,149
Transactions with shareholders, recorded directly in equity:					
- Contributions by shareholders	4,046	-	4,046	-	4,046
- Distributions to shareholders	-	(9,520)	(9,520)	-	(9,520)
- Distributions to non-controlling interests and change in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not					
result in loss of control	-	-	-	(1,206)	(1,206)
Balance as at December 31, 2010	\$ 47,395	\$ 82,829	\$ 130,224	\$ 10,730	\$ 140,954
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ -	\$ 14,550	\$ 14,550	\$ 691	\$ 15,241
Transactions with shareholders, recorded directly in					-
equity:					
<ul> <li>Contributions by shareholders</li> </ul>	7,080	-	7,080	-	7,080
- Distributions to shareholders	-	(5,112)	(5,112)	-	(5,112)
- Distributions to non-controlling interests and change in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not				(4.1)	(44)
result in loss of control	\$ 51.175	¢ 02 267	\$ 146.742	(11) \$ 11.410	(11) \$ 158.152
Balance as at June 30, 2011	\$ 54,475	\$ 92,267	\$ 140,742	\$ 11,410	\$ 138,132

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows   Ended   Ended   Ended   Ended   Unawalited)   June 30, June	Plazacorp Retail Properties Ltd.				
Ended   Ended   Ended   Ended   Ended   Ended   Ended   Una 30,		3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
contamidated (in thousands of Canadian dollars)         June 30, 2011         June 30, 2010         June 30, 2010           Cash obtained from (used for):         Operating activities           Profit for the period         \$8,339         \$14,355         \$15,241         \$16,173           Interest expenses         44,423         44,108         \$8,713         \$8,054           Items not all'ecting cash:         (1,737)         (1,900)         (3,127)         (2,589)           Amortization of finance charges         164         214         357         368           Net change in fair value of investment properties         9,162         (15,859)         16,756         (14,787)           Net change in fair value of investment properties         9,162         (15,859)         (14,787)         16         644         3,212         1,956           Transaction costs from convertible debentures issuance         1.76         644         3,212         1,956           Transaction costs from convertible debentures issuance         1.76         49         1.25           Net change in fair value of investment properties         1.766         644         3,212         1,956           Les sigain on disposal of investment properties         1.766         1,642         4,535         1,252					
Cash obtained from (used for):   Coparating activities					
Cash obtained from (used for):   Coperating activities	·				
Poperating activities	(in invitation of Canadam donard)				2010
Profit for the period   \$8,339   \$14,355   \$15,241   \$16,173   \$					
Interest expenses   4,423   4,108   8,713   8,054     Items not affecting cash:					
Interest paid   Interest pai					
Non-cash investment income		4,423	4,108	8,713	8,054
Mortization of finance charges   164		(4 = 2=)	(1.000)	(2.12=)	(2.500)
Net change in fair value of investment properties   1,766   13,859   11,5,668   14,787   Net change in fair value of convertible debentures   1,766   24   3,212   1956   Transaction costs from convertible debenture issuance   - 24   - 565   1,5					
Net change in fair value of convertible debentures         1,766         644         3,212         1,956           Transaction costs from convertible debenture issuance         24         3,61         125           Loss (gain) on disposal of investment properties         -         (4)         -         125           Net change in fair value of interest rate swap         71         -         9         -           Current and deferred income taxes         4,020         3,690         6,542         4,535           Straight-line rent revenue         (218)         (189)         (436)         (406)           Interest paid         (81)         (84)         (95)         (125)           Leasing commissions         (303)         (265)         (694)         (416)           Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10)         (2,442)         (174)         (3,748)         (2,015)           Esuance (repayment) of notes payable         1,735         6         1,729         (1,521)           Issue of common shares         -         69         55         690           Dividends paid to shareholders         2,763         278         3,662         7,513           Gross mortgage proceeds         23,350         2,543         30,230         1464					
Transaction costs from convertible debenture issuance					
125   125		1,700		3,212	
Net change in fair value of interest rate swap		-		_	
Current and deferred income taxes         4,020         3,690         6,542         4,355           Straight-line rent revenue         (218)         (189)         (436)         (406)           Income taxes paid         (81)         (84)         (95)         (125)           Leasing commissions         (303)         (265)         (604)         (416)           Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10)         (2,442)         (174)         (3,748)         (2,015)           Financing activities         404         2,597         1,674         2,941           Issue of common shares         6         69         55         690           Dividends paid to shareholders         (2,564)         (2,377)         (5,112)         (4,744)           Dividends paid to shareholders         (2,564)         (2,377)         (5,112)         (4,744)           Dividends paid to shareholders         2,763         2,783         3,662         7,513           Gross mortgage proceeds         343         548         969         1,090           Net proceeds from bords and debentures         2763         2,783         3,662         7,513           Gross mortgage proceeds         23,550         2,543         30,230         14,463		71	-	9	-
Straight-line rent revenue   (218) (189) (436) (406)   Interest paid   (4,436) (3,963) (8,732) (8,497)   Income taxes paid   (811) (81) (84) (95) (125)   Leasing commissions   (303) (265) (694) (416)   Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10) (2,442) (174) (3,748) (2,015)		4,020	3,690	6,542	4,535
Interest paid	Straight-line rent revenue	(218)	(189)		
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10)   (2,442)   (174)   (3,748)   (2,015)		(4,436)	(3,963)	(8,732)	(8,497)
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10)         (2,442)         (174)         (3,748)         (2,015)           Financing activities         1,735         6         1,729         (1,521)           Issuance (repayment) of notes payable         1,735         6         1,729         (1,521)           Issue of common shares         -         69         55         690           Dividends paid to shareholders         (2,564)         (2,377)         (5,112)         (4,744)           Dividend reinvestment proceeds         343         548         969         1,090           Net proceeds from bonds and debentures         2,763         (278)         3,662         7,513           Gross mortgage proceeds         23,550         2,543         30,230         14,463           Financing charges incurred from mortgage placement         (314)         (128)         (406)         (228)           Mortgages paid at maturity         (4,521)         -         (5,167)         (17,618)           Periodic mortgage principal repayments         (888)         (825)         (1,763)         (1,628)           Investing activities         20,104         (442)         24,197         (1,983)           Investing activities         9         (20,486)         (6,637)<		, ,	· /	, ,	\ /
Simple   S					
Same	Change in non-cash working capital (Note 10)				
Insuance (repayment) of notes payable   1,735   6   1,729   (1,521)	<u>-</u>	404	2,597	1,674	2,941
Sisse of common shares					
Dividends paid to shareholders   (2,564)   (2,377)   (5,112)   (4,744)		1,735			
Dividend reinvestment proceeds   343   548   969   1,090     Net proceeds from bonds and debentures   2,763   (278)   3,662   7,513     Gross mortgage proceeds   23,550   2,543   30,230   14,463     Financing charges incurred from mortgage placement   (314)   (128)   (406)   (228)     Mortgages paid at maturity   (4,521)   - (5,167)   (17,618)     Periodic mortgage principal repayments   (888)   (825)   (1,763)   (1,628)     Investing activities   20,104   (442)   24,197   (1,983)     Investing activities   20,104   (442)   24,197   (1,983)     Proceeds from disposal of investment properties   - 3   - 464     Payments of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances   48   36   95   71     Bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances   (9,469)   - (9,469)   -     Equity accounted investments - contributions to and distributions from   278   92   1,317   (3)     Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests   (6)   (48)   (11)   (140)     Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings   (15)   (160)   1   76     Decrease (increase) in notes receivable   2,043   (1,799)   1,598   5,684     Repayment of tenant loans   143   108   274   214     Funding of tenant loans   - (206)   (334)   (269)     Net decrease in cash   (6,956)   (6,456)   (7,262)   (1,138)     Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period   5,101   9,089   5,407   3,771		-			
Net proceeds from bonds and debentures					
Gross mortgage proceeds         23,550         2,543         30,230         14,463           Financing charges incurred from mortgage placement         (314)         (128)         (406)         (228)           Mortgages paid at maturity         (4,521)         -         (5,167)         (17,618)           Periodic mortgage principal repayments         (888)         (825)         (1,763)         (1,628)           Developments and redevelopments         20,104         (442)         24,197         (1,983)           Investing activities         20,104         (442)         24,197         (1,983)           Proceeds from disposal of investment properties         -         3         -         464           Payments of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         48         36         95         71           Bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         (9,469)         -         (9,469)         -           Equity accounted investments – contributions to and distributions from         278         92         1,317         (3)           Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests         (6)         (48)         (11)         (140)           Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings         (15)         (160)         1         76 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Financing charges incurred from mortgage placement         (314)         (128)         (406)         (228)           Mortgages paid at maturity         (4,521)         -         (5,167)         (17,618)           Periodic mortgage principal repayments         (888)         (825)         (1,763)         (1,628)           Investing activities         Developments and redevelopments         (20,486)         (6,637)         (26,604)         (8,193)           Proceeds from disposal of investment properties         -         3         -         464           Payments of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         48         36         95         71           Bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         (9,469)         -         (9,469)         -           Equity accounted investments – contributions to and distributions from         278         92         1,317         (3)           Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests         (6)         (48)         (11)         (140)           Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings         (15)         (160)         1         76           Decrease (increase) in notes receivable         2,043         (1,799)         1,598         5,684           Repayment of tenant loans         143 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>				,	
Mortgages paid at maturity   (4,521)   - (5,167)   (17,618)					
Periodic mortgage principal repayments   888   (825   1,763   1,628   20,104   (442   24,197   1,983			(128)		
20,104 (442) 24,197 (1,983)			- (00.5)		
Developments and redevelopments   (20,486)   (6,637)   (26,604)   (8,193)	Periodic mortgage principal repayments				
Developments and redevelopments   (20,486)   (6,637)   (26,604)   (8,193)	Investing activities	20,104	(442)	24,197	(1,983)
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties         -         3         -         464           Payments of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         48         36         95         71           Bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances         (9,469)         -         (9,469)         -           Equity accounted investments – contributions to and distributions from         278         92         1,317         (3)           Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests         (6)         (48)         (11)         (140)           Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings         (15)         (160)         1         76           Decrease (increase) in notes receivable         2,043         (1,799)         1,598         5,684           Repayment of tenant loans         143         108         274         214           Funding of tenant loans         -         (206)         (334)         (269)           Net decrease in cash         (6,956)         (6,456)         (7,262)         (1,138)           Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period         5,101         9,089         5,407         3,771		(20,486)	(6.637)	(26,604)	(8.193)
Payments of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances       48       36       95       71         Bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances       (9,469)       -       (9,469)       -         Equity accounted investments – contributions to and distributions from       278       92       1,317       (3)         Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to noncontrolling interests       (6)       (48)       (11)       (140)         Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings       (15)       (160)       1       76         Decrease (increase) in notes receivable       2,043       (1,799)       1,598       5,684         Repayment of tenant loans       143       108       274       214         Funding of tenant loans       -       (206)       (334)       (269)         Net decrease in cash       (6,956)       (6,456)       (7,262)       (1,138)         Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period       5,101       9,089       5,407       3,771				-	
Equity accounted investments – contributions to and distributions from 278 92 1,317 (3)  Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests (6) (48) (11) (140)  Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings (15) (160) 1 76  Decrease (increase) in notes receivable 2,043 (1,799) 1,598 5,684  Repayment of tenant loans 143 108 274 214  Funding of tenant loans - (206) (334) (269)  Net decrease in cash (6,956) (6,456) (7,262) (1,138)  Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period 5,101 9,089 5,407 3,771		48	36	95	71
distributions from       278       92       1,317       (3)         Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to noncontrolling interests       (6)       (48)       (11)       (140)         Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings       (15)       (160)       1       76         Decrease (increase) in notes receivable       2,043       (1,799)       1,598       5,684         Repayment of tenant loans       143       108       274       214         Funding of tenant loans       -       (206)       (334)       (269)         Net decrease in cash       (6,956)       (6,456)       (7,262)       (1,138)         Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period       5,101       9,089       5,407       3,771		(9,469)	-	(9,469)	-
Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-controlling interests       (6)       (48)       (11)       (140)         Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings       (15)       (160)       1       76         Decrease (increase) in notes receivable       2,043       (1,799)       1,598       5,684         Repayment of tenant loans       143       108       274       214         Funding of tenant loans       -       (206)       (334)       (269)         Net decrease in cash       (6,956)       (6,456)       (7,262)       (1,138)         Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period       5,101       9,089       5,407       3,771	Equity accounted investments – contributions to and				
controlling interests       (6)       (48)       (11)       (140)         Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings       (15)       (160)       1       76         Decrease (increase) in notes receivable       2,043       (1,799)       1,598       5,684         Repayment of tenant loans       143       108       274       214         Funding of tenant loans       -       (206)       (334)       (269)         Net decrease in cash       (6,956)       (6,456)       (7,262)       (1,138)         Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period       5,101       9,089       5,407       3,771	distributions from	278	92	1,317	(3)
controlling interests       (6)       (48)       (11)       (140)         Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings       (15)       (160)       1       76         Decrease (increase) in notes receivable       2,043       (1,799)       1,598       5,684         Repayment of tenant loans       143       108       274       214         Funding of tenant loans       -       (206)       (334)       (269)         Net decrease in cash       (6,956)       (6,456)       (7,262)       (1,138)         Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period       5,101       9,089       5,407       3,771	Contributions received from (paid by) subsidiaries to non-				
Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings	controlling interests	(6)	(48)	(11)	(140)
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable         2,043         (1,799)         1,598         5,684           Repayment of tenant loans         143         108         274         214           Funding of tenant loans         -         (206)         (334)         (269)           Net decrease in cash         (6,956)         (6,456)         (7,262)         (1,138)           Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period         5,101         9,089         5,407         3,771	Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and		. ,		, ,
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable         2,043         (1,799)         1,598         5,684           Repayment of tenant loans         143         108         274         214           Funding of tenant loans         -         (206)         (334)         (269)           Net decrease in cash         (6,956)         (6,456)         (7,262)         (1,138)           Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period         5,101         9,089         5,407         3,771	financings	(15)	(160)	1	76
Funding of tenant loans - (206) (334) (269)  (27,464) (8,611) (33,133) (2,096)  Net decrease in cash Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period 5,101 9,089 5,407 3,771	Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	2,043	(1,799)	1,598	5,684
Net decrease in cash         (27,464)         (8,611)         (33,133)         (2,096)           Net decrease in cash         (6,956)         (6,456)         (7,262)         (1,138)           Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period         5,101         9,089         5,407         3,771		143			
Net decrease in cash         (6,956)         (6,456)         (7,262)         (1,138)           Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period         5,101         9,089         5,407         3,771	Funding of tenant loans	-	`		
Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period 5,101 9,089 5,407 3,771	<u>-</u>				
	Net decrease in cash	(6,956)	(6,456)	(7,262)	(1,138)
Cash less bank indebtedness, end of the period         \$ (1,855)         \$ 2,633         \$ (1,855)         \$ 2,633	Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period	5,101	9,089	5,407	3,771
	Cash less bank indebtedness, end of the period	\$ (1,855)	\$ 2,633	\$ (1,855)	\$ 2,633

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Plazacorp Retail Properties Ltd. (the "Company") is incorporated and domiciled in Canada. The address of the Company's registered office is 527 Queen Street, Fredericton, New Brunswick.

The C ompany operates a r etail r eal es tate o wnership a nd d evelopment b usiness i n Ontario, Q uebec, a nd t he Atlantic Provinces. The Company was incorporated under the New Brunswick Business Corporations Act on February 2, 1999. On December 11, 2002 the Company amended its articles of incorporation to become a Mutual Fund Corporation as defined in the Income Tax Act of Canada.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

#### (a) Statement of Compliance

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the more significant policies of which are described below in N ote 3. These accounting policies are based on IFRS standards that are expected to be applicable and what the Company expects to adopt for its December 31, 2011 financial statements (the first annual financial statements to be prepared in accordance with IFRS). As these financial statements represent the Company's initial presentation of its results and financial position under IFRS, they were prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and IFRS 1, "First-time Adoption of IFRS".

The condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements. The una udited c ondensed i nterim financial statements s hould be read in c onjunction with the 2 010 annual financial statements in addition to the supplemental annual disclosures (see the condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011).

An explanation of how the transition to IFRS has a ffected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company as well as relevant reconciliations are provided in Note 13.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 18, 2011.

#### (b) Basis of Measurement

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following items in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position:

- Interest rate swaps measured at fair value;
- Share-based payments measured at fair value;
- Convertible debentures measured at fair value; and
- Investment property measured at fair value.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is Plazacorp's functional currency.

#### (c) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The p reparation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The significant estimates and judgements include the assessment of fair values, the discount rates used in the valuation of the Company's assets and liabilities, capitalization rates, the relative credit worthiness of the Company to its counterparties, the ability to use tax losses and other tax measurements, the determination of the degree of control that exists in determining the corresponding accounting basis, the amount of borrowing costs to capitalize to properties under development and the selection of accounting policies.

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

One significant j udgment and k eyes timate that a ffects the reported a mounts of a ssets and lia bilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period relates to property valuations. Investment properties, which are carried on the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position at fair value, are valued by qualified external valuation professionals or management. The valuations are based on a number of assumptions, such as appropriate discount rates and capitalization rates and estimates of future rental income, operating expenses and capital expenditures. The valuation of investment properties is one of the principal estimates and uncertainties of these financial statements.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's accounting policies are included in the March 31, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements. These policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim consolidated financial statements and in preparing the opening IFRS consolidated statement of financial position as at January 1, 2010 for the purposes of the transition to IFRS, unless otherwise indicated. The exemptions the Company has taken in applying IFRS for the first time are set out in Note 13.

#### (a) General and Consolidation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and the entities that it controls. Entities subject to joint control arrangements are accounted for using proportionate consolidation. Entities subject to significant influence are accounted for using the equity method. The financial statements of the consolidated and equity accounted entities are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra group balances, transactions, income and expenses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

#### (b) Future Changes in Accounting Policies

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations under IFRS, are not yet effective for the year ending December 31, 201 1, and have not been a pplied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### (i) Financial instruments – disclosures

The I ASB has issued an amendment to I FRS 7, "Financial I nstruments — Disclosures", requiring incremental disclosures regarding transfers of financial assets. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011. The C ompany will a pply the I FRS 7 a mendment at the beginning of its 2012 f inancial year and does not expect the implementation to have a significant impact on the Company's disclosures.

#### (ii) Deferred taxes – recovery of underlying assets

The IASB has issued an amendment to IAS 12, "Income Taxes", which introduces an exception to the general measurement requirement of IAS 12 in respect of investment properties measured at fair value. Under IAS 12, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets depends on whether an entity expects to recover an asset by using it or by selling it. To provide a practical approach in such cases, the amendment introduces a presumption that an investment property is recovered entirely through sale. This policy is effective for fiscal years after January 1, 2012; however earlier adoption is permitted. The Company has applied the policy effective January 1, 2010.

#### (iii) Financial instruments

The IASB has issued a new standard, IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments", which will ultimately replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement". The replacement of IAS 39 is a multi-phase project with the objective of improving and simplifying the reporting for financial instruments and the issuance of IFRS 9 is part of the first phase. This standard becomes effective on January 1, 2013. The Company has yet to assess the impact of the new standard.

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

In addition to the above, the IASB recently issued four new standards: IFRS 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 11, "Joint Arrangements", IFRS 12, "Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities", and IFRS 13, "Fair Value Measurement". These new standards are effective on January 1, 2013. The extent of the impact of these new standards has not been fully determined.

## 4. Investment Properties

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Balance, beginning of period:	\$ 426,516	\$ 375,083	\$ -
Additions (deductions):			
Additions	31,628	31,669	-
Disposals	-	(4,204)	-
Straight line rent receivable change	436	730	-
Fair value adjustment	15,568	23,238	-
Balance, end of period:	\$ 474,148	\$ 426,516	\$ 375,083

The majority of the Company's investment properties have been pledged as security under various mortgage and mortgage bond agreements.

Investment properties are stated at fair value using the following methods, estimates and key assumptions:

### (i) External appraisals

External appraisals from independent appraisers are obtained in the normal course of business and as refinancing activities require them. Where available, the fair value of various investment properties are based on these external appraisals. Of the total fair value in the chart above, \$51.9 million of investment properties were based on such external appraisals (December 31, 2010 - \$18.9 million; January 1, 2010 - \$27.5 million).

## (ii) Direct capitalization income approach

Under this method, capitalization rates a re a pplied to normalized net operating i ncome (property r evenue less property operating ex penses). The key as sumption is the capitalization rate for each specific property. The Company receives quarterly capitalization rate matrices from an external independent appraiser. The capitalization rate matrices provide a range of rates for various geographic regions and for various types and qualities of properties within each region. The Company u tilizes capitalization rates within the range of rates provided. To the extent that the externally provided capitalization rate ranges change from one reporting period to the next or should another rate within the provided ranges be more appropriate than the rate previously used, the fair value of the investment properties would increase or decrease accordingly.

As at June 30, 2011 the Company has utilized the following range of capitalization rates:

	Number of Properties	Primary Market	Secondary Market
Freestanding	38	6.50% – 7.50%	6.75% - 8.00%
Anchored Strip – Class A	11	6.50% - 7.75%	7.00% - 8.50%
Anchored Strip – Class B	15	6.75% - 8.00%	7.25% - 9.00%
Unanchored Strip	28	7.25% - 8.50%	7.75% - 10.00%
Enclosed Malls – Community	5	7.00% - 9.00%	7.75% - 10.25%

Freestanding - defined as freestanding retail space with less than 30,000 square feet and a national tenant.

Anchored Strip – Class A - defined as a food or equivalent-anchored retail strip, 75,000-125,000 square feet and where the anchor tenant represents 70% or more of gross leasable area ("GLA") / gross revenue.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

Anchored Strip – Class B - defined as a food or equivalent-anchored retail strip, 75,000-125,000 square feet and where the anchor tenant represents less than 70% of GLA / gross revenue.

Unanchored Strip - defined as an unanchored retail strip less than 75,000 square feet.

Enclosed Malls - Community - defined as an enclosed community mall with food and/or department store anchors.

As at December 31, 2010 the Company has utilized the following range of capitalization rates:

	Number of Properties	Primary Market	Secondary Market
Freestanding	37	6.50% - 8.00%	6.75% - 8.50%
Anchored Strip – Class A	11	6.50% - 7.75%	7.00% - 8.50%
Anchored Strip – Class B	15	7.00% - 8.25%	7.50% - 9.25%
Unanchored Strip	27	7.50% - 8.50%	7.75% - 10.00%
Enclosed Malls - Community	5	7.00% - 9.00%	7.75% - 10.25%

As at January 1, 2010 the Company has utilized the following range of capitalization rates:

	Number of Properties	Primary	Secondary
Freestanding	34	7.25% - 8.25%	7.50% - 9.00%
Anchored Strip – Class A	9	7.25% - 8.00%	7.50% - 8.75%
Anchored Strip – Class B	14	7.50% - 8.25%	7.75% - 9.25%
Unanchored Strip	27	7.75% - 8.50%	8.00% - 10.00%
Enclosed Malls - Community	5	7.75% - 9.00%	8.25% - 10.25%

## (a) Straight-line Rent

Included in investment properties as at June 30, 2011 is \$5.8 million (December 31, 2010 - \$5.3 million; January 1, 2010 - \$4.6 million) of straight line rent receivables arising from the recognition of rental revenue on a straight line basis over the lease terms in accordance with IAS 17, "Leases".

## (b) Surplus Land

Included in investment properties as at June 30, 2011 is \$982 thousand of surplus lands at fair value (December 31, 2010 - \$1.1 million; January 1, 2010 - \$1.1 million).

## (c) Properties Under Development

Included in investment properties as at June 30, 2011 is \$42.6 million of properties under development (December 31, 2010 - \$17.5 million; January 1, 2010 - \$8.1 million).

#### (d) Borrowing Costs

The total amount of borrowing costs capitalized for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is \$518 thousand (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 - \$213 thousand).

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

## 5. Debentures Payable

Debentures payable consist of the following:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Convertible <sup>(1)</sup>					
Series IV	July 31, 2011	7.0%	\$ 1,710	\$ 5,242	\$ 4,794
Series V	October 14, 2014	8.0%	16,349	16,304	12,797
Series VI	March 31, 2015	7.5%	23,826	23,177	-
Total convertible debentures			41,885	44,723	17,591
Non convertible debentures <sup>(2)</sup>	-	8.0%	-	-	5,159
Net debentures			\$ 41,885	\$ 44,723	\$ 22,750

<sup>(1)</sup> Recorded at fair value

Convertible subordinate debentures are unsecured. Convertible debenture terms are as follows:

	Series IV	Series V	Series VI
Conversion price	\$4.00	\$3.40	\$3.80
Company's first redemption date	July 1, 2009	October 14, 2012	March 31, 2013
Maturity date	July 31, 2011	October 14, 2014	March 31, 2015
Face value outstanding June 30, 2011	\$1,486	\$11,522	\$18,540

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, holders of \$3.5 million of Series IV convertible debentures, \$978 thousand of Series V convertible debentures and \$755 thousand of Series VI convertible debentures (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 - nil) exercised their option to convert to 879 thousand common shares, 288 thousand common shares and 199 thousand common shares, respectively (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 - nil). Non-convertible debentures in the amount of \$3.0 million with original maturity dates from July 31, 2010 to February 24, 2011 were converted to Series VI convertible debentures during 2010 and \$2.1 million matured and were repaid.

<sup>(2)</sup> Recorded at amortized cost

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

## 6. Mortgage Bonds Payable

Mortgage bonds payable are secured by the following properties:

						June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
	Series	Series	Series	Series	Series	30, 2011	31, 2010	1, 2010
	III	IV	V	VI	VII	Total	Total	Total
Grand Falls Shopping Mall, Grand Falls, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup>								
Mortgage	\$ -	\$ 960	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 960	\$ 960	\$ 6,700
LeMarchant Road Plaza, St. John's, NL, 1st Mortgage	1,413	-	-	-	-	1,413	1,650	1,257
Victoria Street Plaza, Edmundston, NB, 1st and 2nd								
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,124	1,669
Commercial Street-Phase 2, New Minas, NS, 1st & 2nd								
Mortgage	300	224	-	-	-	524	400	408
Bedford Commons Plaza, Bedford, NS, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800
Bedford Commons-2, Bedford, NS, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	2,000	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-
Fairville Boulevard, Saint John, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185
Fairville Boulevard (ANBL), Saint John, NB, 1st								
Mortgage	-	-	-	900	-	900	-	-
Granite Drive, New Minas, NS, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,285
Plaza Royale, Shawinigan, QC, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,510
Fairville Boulevard – Phase 2, Saint John, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup>								
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,470
Boulevard Hebert Plaza, Edmundston, NB, 1 <sup>st</sup> Mortgage	-	-	1,185	-	-	1,185	1,185	1,185
Miramichi West, Miramichi, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	235	-	-	-	235	235	375
Ville Marie Drive Plaza, Marystown, NL, 1st Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260
Miramichi Phase II, Miramichi, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	177	-	-	-	177	177	177
Main & Victoria, Shediac, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	167	-	-	-	167	167	167
Main & Western, Sussex, NB, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	218	-	-	-	218	218	218
Starr's Road Plaza, Yarmouth, NS, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	379	-	-	-	379	379	379
Kenmount Road Plaza, St. John's, NL, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	317	-	-	-	317	317	317
Airport Blvd. Plaza, Gander, NL, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	-	323	-	-	-	323	323	323
Stavanger Drive, St. John's, NL, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	1,960	-	-	-	-	1,960	1,960	-
Spencer Drive, Charlottetown, PE, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Mortgage	1,590	-	-	-	-	1,590	1,590	-
Bourque & Haut-Bois, Sherbrooke, QC, 1st Mortgage	-	-	-	-	3,000	3,000	-	-
Gross mortgage bonds payable	\$ 7,263	\$3,000	\$ 1,185	\$ 900	\$3,000	\$15,348	\$11,685	\$21,685
Less: unamortized finance charges						(49)	(63)	(96)
Net mortgage bonds payable						\$15,299	\$11,622	\$21,589

	Series III	Series IV	Series V	Series VI	Series VII
Interest Rate	8.0%	7.5%	8.0%	5.25%	7.0%
Next Redemption Date	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Maturity Date					
Tranche 1	September 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 4, 2016	February 24, 2016	May 31, 2012
	\$4,763	\$3,000	\$1,185	\$900	\$3,000
Tranche 2	September 30, 2011	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	\$2,500	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

The mortgage bonds have been secured by first or second charges against the respective properties. Mortgage bonds can be deployed up to 90% of the cost of a property under a first or second charge on that property. If it is a second charge, the total debt, including mortgage bonds, cannot exceed 90%. Mortgage bonds are re-allocated to different properties from time to time as required.

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

The Company had the ability to redeem up to one-half of the bonds on the third and fourth anniversaries of the initial closing date of the Series IV bonds at a price equal to the principal amount. The Company did not redeem any Series IV bonds on the fourth anniversary date of April 25, 2011, and therefore has no more redemption rights remaining on this series of bonds. The Company has no right to redeem the Series V, VI, or VII bonds prior to the maturity date.

## 7. Mortgages Payable

	Rate	Weighted	Maturity	June 30,	December 31,	January 1,
	Range	Average	Dates	2011	2010	2010
Fixed rate loans	4.41% - 9.07%	6.13%	Up to Jun 2031	\$ 240,681	\$ 225,754	\$ 171,012
Less: unamortized finance charges			_	(3,329)	(3,188)	(2,831)
				237,352	222,566	168,181
Other fixed rate loan				-	-	1,358
Total net fixed rate mortgage loans				237,352	222,566	169,539
Variable rate loans:						
- \$25 million development line of credit	Prime plus 1.25% or BA plus 2.75% Prime plus 1.25%		July 31, 2011	7,870	3,987	12,116
- \$15 million development line of credit	or BA plus 2.75%		July 31, 2011	4,490	-	9,894
- \$9.4 million development line of credit	Prime plus 0.40%		Discharged	-	-	9,074
- \$9.9 million development line of credit	Prime plus 2.00%		Discharged	-	-	8,270
- \$9.6 million development line of credit	Prime plus 2.00%		Discharged	-	-	7,192
Less: unamortized finance charges			_	(27)	(102)	(130)
Total net variable rate loans			_	12,333	3,885	46,416
Net mortgages payable				249,685	226,451	215,955
Impact of interest rate swaps				52	43	-
Total mortgages payable				\$ 249,737	\$ 226,494	\$ 215,955

All mortgages are secured by charges against specific assets. The unamortized finance charges are made up of fees and costs incurred to obtain the mortgage financing less accumulated amortization.

Included in net mortgages payable are \$4.2 million of mortgages obtained in 2010, which were converted from variable rate mortgages to fixed rate mortgages through the use of interest rate swaps entered into with a C anadian chartered bank. The terms of the mortgages and associated interest rate swaps are 10 years, expiring July 31, 2020. These interest rate swaps are valued quarterly and are recognized at fair value in mortgages payable with changes in the fair value reflected in profit and loss.

To fund development activities the Company has two acquisition and development facilities with Canadian chartered banks available up on p ledging of specific assets. At June 3 0, 2011 there is \$ 27.6 million available on the development lines (December 31, 2010 - \$36 million; January 1, 2 010 - \$19 million). Funding is secured by first mortgage charges on properties. The Company must maintain certain financial ratios to comply with the facilities. These covenants include loan-to-value, debt service, interest coverage and occupancy ratios, as well as shareholder equity tests. As of June 30, 2011 the Company is in compliance with all covenants.

#### 8. Bank Indebtedness

The Company has an \$8.0 million operating line of credit facility with a Canadian chartered bank at the rate of prime plus 2.25%, maturing November 30, 2011. The amount available to be drawn fluctuates depending on the specific assets pledged as security. At June 30, 2011, the maximum amount available to be drawn on the facility was \$8.0 million. As security, the Company has provided a \$10 million demand debenture secured by a first mortgage over five properties. At June 30, 2011 there is \$4.2 million drawn on the facility (December 31, 2010 – nil; January 1, 2010 – nil). A Company subsidiary has a \$150 thousand unsecured operating line with a Canadian chartered bank upon which no funds were drawn at June 30, 2011 (December 31, 2010 – nil; January 1, 2010 – nil).

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements** 

**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

## 9. Share Capital

#### (a) Authorized

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of preferred shares and an unlimited number of common voting shares.

#### (b) Issued and Outstanding

	June 30, 2011		Decembe	December 31, 2010		January 1, 2010	
	Shares	Amounts	Shares	Amounts	Shares	Amounts	
Common shares outstanding, beginning of the period	50,189	\$ 47,395	48,836	\$ 43,349			
Issuance of common shares:							
Shares issued through exercise of stock options	20	60	426	837			
Shares issued through dividend reinvestment plan	226	969	664	2,171			
Shares issued through debt conversion							
- face value debentures	1,365	5,247	263	1,000			
-impact of fair value of convertible debentures		804		38			
Common shares outstanding, end of the period	51,800	\$ 54,475	50,189	\$ 47,395	48,836	\$ 43,349	

The Company is a mutual fund corporation as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada) and as such shareholders have the right to redeem their common shares at 90% of the lesser of the Market Price of the share (Market Price is defined as the weighted average trading price of the previous 180 trading days) and the most recent Closing Market Price at the time of the redemption. The redemption price may be satisfied by either cash or a note payable, at the discretion of the Company. The note payable would bear interest at a rate equal to the prescribed rate of interest under the Income Tax Act (Canada) in effect at the time of its issue, and will mature and be fully repaid two years after issuance. The notes may also be prepaid without penalty. For the six months ended June 30, 2011 no shareholder had redeemed shares under the mutual fund corporation provisions (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 – nil).

The Company has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan to enable Canadian resident shareholders to acquire additional shares of the Company through the r einvestment of d ividends on their shares. Shares issued in connection with the Dividend Reinvestment Plan are issued directly from the treasury of the Company at a price based on the weighted average closing price of the shares for the 20 trading days immediately preceding the relevant dividend date. Participants also receive "bonus shares" in an amount equal to 3% of the dividend amount reinvested. Pursuant to the Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan, during the six months ended June 30, 2011, shareholders were issued 226 thousand shares at a weighted average price of \$4.29 per share (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 – 340 thousand shares at a weighted average price of \$3.21 per share).

### (c) Adjusted Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share considers the potential exercise of outstanding stock options, as well as the potential conversion of convertible debentures that have a dilutive effect on earnings per share. Stock options or convertible debentures that do not reduce earnings per share are anti-dilutive, and are excluded from the dilution per share calculation. For the six months ended June 30, 2011, all of the Company's stock options and convertible debentures were dilutive (for the six months ended June 30, 2010 - all of the Company's convertible debentures as well as the Series III and IV stock options were dilutive).

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**June 30, 2011 (unaudited)** 

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

	3 Months Ended	3 Months Ended	6 Months Ended	6 Months Ended
Profit or loss attributable to common shareholders - basic	June 30, 2011 \$ 8,168	June 30, 2010 \$ 13,306	June 30, 2011 \$ 14,550	June 30, 2010 \$ 14,804
Dilutive effect of conversion of – convertible debentures	373	325	φ 14,330 741	527
Profit or loss attributable to common shareholders - diluted	\$ 8,541	\$ 13,631	\$ 15,291	\$ 15,331
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	51,013	49,463	50,722	49,353
Effect of dilutive stock options	1	12	1	11
Effect of dilutive convertible debentures	8,639	10,267	8,639	6,346
Weighted average number of dilutive shares	59,653	59 742	59.362	55 710

## 10. Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Receivables	\$ 1,598	\$ 4,473	\$ (301)	\$ 152
Prepaid expenses and mortgage deposits	756	912	(2,708)	(2,545)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,815)	(5,464)	(777)	443
Income taxes payable	19	(95)	38	(65)
Total cash from change in non-cash working capital	\$ (2,442)	\$ (174)	\$ (3,748)	\$ (2,015)

## 11. Contingencies, Commitments, Guarantees, Indemnities, Litigation and Provisions

#### (a) Contingencies

The C ompany has a letter-of-credit facility with a Canadian c hartered b ank secured by P ersonal P roperty Security A ct (PPSA) c harges in various provinces. The facility matures September 30, 2011. These letters-of-credit are issued to facilitate municipal planning deposit requirements for the Company's developments. The facility requires that the Company maintain certain financial ratios. As at June 30, 2011, \$500 thousand (December 31, 2010 - \$500 thousand; January 1, 2010 - \$500 thousand) of such letters-of-credit were issued and outstanding and the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

The \$25.0 million development line of credit has a letter-of-credit limit of \$1.5 million available. As at June 30, 2011, there were no letters-of-credit issued and outstanding under this line of credit (December 31, 2010 – nil; January 1, 2010 - \$442 thousand).

The \$15.0 million development line of credit has a letter-of-credit limit of \$500 thousand available. As at June 30, 2011, there were no letters-of-credit issued and outstanding under this line of credit (December 31, 2010 – nil; January 1, 2010 – nil).

The \$8.0 million operating line of credit has \$2 million available for use in the form of letters-of-credit. As at June 30, 2011, \$916 thousand (December 31, 2010 - \$514 thousand; January 1, 2010 - \$449 thousand) of such letters-of-credit were issued and outstanding.

## (b) Guarantees and Indemnities

The Company continues to guarantee certain debt assumed by purchasers in connection with past dispositions of properties. These guarantees will remain until the debt is modified, refinanced or extinguished. These commitments are subject to indemnity a greements. The estimated a mount of the debt subject to such guarantees at June 30, 2011 is \$14.2 million (December 31, 2010 – \$14.6 million; January 1, 2010 - \$15.0 million) consisting of: a \$7.4 million mortgage which expires on May 1, 2012; and a \$6.8 million mortgage which expires on May 1, 2013. As well, an \$8.2 million commitment

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(December 31, 2010 - \$8.3 million; January 1, 2010 - \$8.0 million) relating to the mortgages on four assets in which the Company sold a 75% interest in January of 2009 is also subject to guarantees by the Company. These mortgages have a weighted average remaining term of 4.4 years (December 31, 2010 – 4.9 years; January 1, 2010 – 5.9 years).

The C ompany a ssumed a guarantee f or a de velopment l ine of c redit held by the V illage S hopping C entre Limited Partnership. The guarantee was limited to costs for the completion of redevelopment construction at the property. At December 31, 2010, the Village Shopping Centre Limited Partnership had borrowed all of the \$20.0 million line of credit (January 1, 2010 - \$20.0 million) and had an exposure of \$2.5 million for the remaining budgeted redevelopment costs (January 1, 2010 - \$4.6 million). In January 2011, the Company refinanced the \$20.0 million outstanding on the line of credit with long-term financing and the related guarantee was released. The Company now has a guarantee under the new \$22.5 million mortgage limited to 25% of the mortgage amount.

The Company is contingently liable for certain obligations of its co-venturers. The guarantees provided to the mortgagees of three free-standing properties located in Granby, QC, Amherstview, ON and Port Perry, ON are subject to cross-guarantees provided by the other 50% co-owners for the full amounts of the loans. As at June 30, 2011 the Company's total exposure on the cross-guarantees is \$641 thousand for the Granby, QC property (December 31, 2010 - \$650 thousand; January 1, 2010 - \$692 thousand) and \$4.1 million for the Amherstview and Port Perry, ON properties (December 31, 2010 - \$4.2 million; January 1, 2010 - \$nil).

### 12. Subsequent Events

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

On August 15, 2011, 37 thousand shares were issued at a weighted average price of \$4.16 per share for a total of \$154 thousand under the dividend reinvestment plan.

Financing

The Company reduced the \$25.0 million development line to \$20 million. B oth development lines have been renewed to July 31, 2012.

In August 2011, the Company gave its notice of intention to cancel the \$500 thousand letter-of-credit facility with a Canadian chartered bank on maturity (September 30, 2011).

A mortgage which matures in M arch 2012, with a no riginal interest rate of 7.725% was defeased and new long-term financing was obtained for \$4.5 million at an interest rate of 5.13%.

Debentures

\$1.5 million in Series IV convertible debentures were converted to 371,500 shares. \$40 thousand in Series V convertible debentures were converted to 11,764 shares.

Mortgage Bonds

\$375 thousand in Series III mortgage bonds were redeemed by the holders on July 15, 2011.

Management Agreements

On July 1, 2011 the Company purchased the shares of Plaza Group Management Limited at book value of approximately \$120 thousand. As a result of this transaction, property management and corporate management are now internalized and the Company will be managing all of its properties including properties previously managed by Plaza Z-Corp Inc.

As part of the transaction, employees of Plaza Z-Corp Inc. that previously provided services to Plazacorp will be employed by Plaza Group Management Limited. Both management agreements previously in place have been terminated.

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Acquisitions

A parcel of vacant land was purchased adjacent to a property located in Halifax, NS for \$150 thousand.

The Company purchased land in Montmagny, QC for \$200 thousand that had previously been leased under a land lease with the vendor.

#### 13. Transition to IFRS

The Company's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011 will be the first annual financial statements that comply with IFRS. T hese condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared as described in Note 2, including the application of IFRS 1. The first date at which the Company has applied IFRS was January 1, 2010 ("the transition date") and has prepared its opening IFRS balance sheet as at that date. IFRS 1 requires first-time adopters to retrospectively apply all effective IFRS standards as of the reporting date, which for the Company will be December 31, 2011. However, it also provides for certain optional exemptions and certain mandatory exceptions for first-time adopters, which are described in more detail as they apply to the Company below. Prior to the adoption of IFRS the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the previous Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP").

## (a) Elected Exemptions From Full Retrospective Application

In preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS 1, the Company has applied certain of the optional exemptions from full retrospective application of IFRS. The optional exemptions applied by the Company are described below.

#### (i) Business combinations

The Company has applied the business combinations exemptions in IFRS 1 to not apply IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" retrospectively to past business combinations. Accordingly, the Company has not restated business combinations that took place prior to the transition date.

#### (ii) Leases

The Company has elected under IFRS 1 not to reassess whether an arrangement contains a lease under IFRIC 4 for contracts that were as sessed under previous Canadian GAAP. Arrangements entered into before the effective date of EIC 150 that have not subsequently been a ssessed under EIC 150, were a ssessed under IFRIC 4, and no additional leases were identified.

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#### (b) Reconciliations of Equity and Comprehensive Income as Reported Under Former Canadian GAAP and IFRS

The following are reconciliations of the Company's total equity and comprehensive income reported in accordance with previous Canadian GAAP to its total equity and comprehensive income reported in accordance with IFRS, as required by IFRS 1. As a result of the transition to IFRS, and mainly relating to the effects of variable interest entities noted below, certain items on the statement of cash flows have been affected and reclassified accordingly:

	Notes	December 31, 2010	June 30, 2010	January 1, 2010
Shareholders' equity as reported under former Canadian GAAP		\$ 25,225	\$ 25,964	\$ 28,060
Non-controlling interests to shareholders' equity	(i)	(1,338)	(1,049)	(672)
Differences increasing (decreasing) reported amount:				
Investment properties	(ii)	132,762	119,970	100,332
Investments	(iii)	21,274	18,739	16,664
Convertible debentures	(iv)	(9,372)	(3,737)	(1,179)
Lease accounting	(v)	92	108	123
Deferred income taxes	(vi)	(27,363)	(23,559)	(19,534)
Refundable capital gains tax	(vii)	(63)	(133)	(30)
Borrowing costs	(viii)	(245)	(194)	(183)
Variable interest entities	(x)	46	(39)	1
Stock options	(xi)	(64)	(75)	(97)
Shareholders' equity as reported under IFRS		\$ 140,954	\$ 135,995	\$ 123,485

	Notes	12 Months Ended December 31, 2010	6 Months Ended June 30, 2010	3 Months Ended June 30, 2010
Comprehensive income as reported under former Canadian GAAP		\$ 2,518	\$ 637	\$ 281
Add back: non-controlling interests	(ix)	476	260	57
Differences increasing (decreasing) reported amount:				
Investment properties	(ii)	32,603	19,808	16,453
Investments	(iii)	4,612	2,075	1,677
Convertible debentures	(iv)		(2,331)	(584)
Lease accounting	(v)	(31)	(15)	(7)
Deferred income taxes	(vi)	(7,747)	(4,025)	(3,522)
Refundable capital gains tax	(vii)	(82)	(106)	-
Borrowing costs	(viii)	(63)	(11)	19
Variable interest entities	(x)	(100)	(119)	(19)
Comprehensive income as reported under IFRS		\$ 24,149	\$ 16,173	\$ 14,355

#### (i) Reclassification of non-controlling interests to shareholders equity

IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial S tatements" requires no n-controlling in terests to be c lassified a s a component of equity. Under previous Canadian GAAP non-controlling interest was classified outside of equity.

#### Investment properties (ii)

The C ompany considers its commercial properties, commercial developments and surplus I and to be investment pr operties u nder I AS 40, "Investment P roperty". I nvestment pr operties include l and a nd buildings held primarily to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services, a dministrative purposes, or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Similar to former Canadian GAAP, investment property is initially recorded at cost under IAS 40. However, subsequent to initial recognition, IFRS requires that an entity choose either the cost or fair value

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model to account for investment property. The C ompany has elected to use the fair value model. The adjustment to retained ear nings represents the c umulative unrealized g ain in respect of the C ompany's investment properties, net of the de-recognition of related goodwill, straight-line rent and intangible assets and liabilities which are inherently reflected in the fair value adjustment. The adjustment to comprehensive income represents the change in fair value during the relevant period, net of de-recognition of depreciation and a mortization on investment properties and intangible as sets and liabilities previously recorded under former Canadian GAAP.

#### (iii) Investments

The C ompany's equity share of the underlying fair value of investment properties included in equity-accounted investments is recorded under IFRS. The adjustment to retained earnings represents the cumulative unrealized gain in respect of the C ompany's investments. The adjustment to comprehensive income represents the change in fair value during the relevant period, net of de-recognition of depreciation and amortization.

#### (iv) Convertible debentures

Under previous Canadian GAAP, the value of the conversion feature of the Company's convertible debentures was included as a component of shareholders' equity and was not remeasured at fair value at each reporting date. The lia bility component of the convertible debentures was measured at amortized cost. Under IFRS, the Company measures the entire convertible debentures at fair value. The conversion feature is no longer separately classified from the debt portion and recorded in shareholders' equity under IFRS. As a result of recording the convertible debentures at fair value, any transaction costs relating to the issuance of convertible debentures in a given year, are expensed to finance costs as incurred. The adjustment represents the cumulative unrealized change in the fair value of the convertible debentures, net of de-recognition of the equity component (conversion feature) of the convertible debentures. The adjustment to comprehensive income represents the change in fair value during the relevant period, net of de-recognition of non-cash interest relating to the debentures and net of transaction costs incurred on convertible debentures issued.

#### (v) Lease accounting

For both previous Canadian GAAP and IFRS, rental r evenue from operating leases is r ecognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases. Under IFRS however, rental revenue from operating leases is determined considering all rentals from the inception of the lease whereas for previous Canadian GAAP this determination considered only rental revenues to be received on a prospective basis subsequent to November 1, 2003, the adoption date of this accounting policy for Canadian GAAP purposes.

#### (vi) Deferred income taxes

The increase in deferred income tax liabilities and deferred income tax expense under IFRS compared with previous Canadian GAAP primarily relates to the change in temporary differences resulting from the impact of the increased carrying values of the Company's investment properties.

### (vii) Refundable capital gains tax

Under IFRS taxes on capital gains are expensed as incurred and a recovery booked to the expense when a capital gains dividend has been declared and payable.

#### (viii) Borrowing costs

As a result of the adoption of IFRS and in accordance with IAS 23, "Borrowing Costs", certain borrowing costs previously capitalized under previous Canadian GAAP do not qualify for capitalization under IFRS.

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### (ix) Non-controlling interests add-back to comprehensive income

Non-controlling in terests is included in the determination of comprehensive income under I FRS. This adjustment adds back non-controlling interests expensed to comprehensive income under former Canadian GAAP.

## (x) Variable interest entity adjustment

Under f ormer C anadian G AAP, the C ompany consolidated its interest in P lazacorp Ontario1 L imited Partnership, Plazacorp Ontario2 Limited Partnership and Plazacorp Ontario3 Limited Partnership as a result of the variable interest entity guidelines. Since the Company does not control these entities they are not consolidated under IFRS.

#### (xi) Stock options

Under former Canadian GAAP, stock option compensation expense was measured as the fair value of the options on the grant date and recognized over the vesting period in contributed surplus. Under IFRS, the Company a counts for its stock options as a liability using the fair value method, under which a compensation cost is recognized at the time of grant. The stock options are measured at fair value at each reporting period.