

QUARTERLY REPORT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

DATED: AUGUST 10, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Basis of Presentation	1
Forward-Looking Disclaimer	
Overview of the Business	1
Business Environment and Outlook	3
Development Pipeline and Acquisitions/Dispositions	3
Summary of Selected Year to Date Information	6
PART II	
Strategy	7
Key Performance Drivers and Indicators	
Property and Corporate Financial Performance 2017 and 2016	10
Leasing and Occupancy	15
PART III	
Operating Liquidity and Working Capital	18
Capital Resources, Equity and Debt Activities	
Commitments and Contingent Liabilities	24
PART IV	
Summary of Selected Quarterly Information	25
PART V	
Risks and Uncertainties	26
PART VI	
Related Party Transactions	28
PART VII	
Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Controls over Financial Reporting	29
Critical Accounting Policies	30
Future Accounting Policy Changes	
Explanation of Non-IFRS Measures used in this Document	
Explanation of Additional IFRS Measures used in this Document	
Additional Information	
Properties of the Trust	32
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	33

PART I

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Financial information included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") includes material information up to August 10, 2017. The financial statements to which this MD&A relates were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This MD&A has been reviewed and approved by management of Plaza Retail REIT (hereinafter referred to as "Plaza" or the "Trust") and the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Trustees.

In this MD&A, Plaza reports non-IFRS financial measures, including: funds from operations ("FFO"); adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO"); earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"); and same-asset net property operating income ("same-asset NOI"). Plaza also reports net property operating income ("NOI") as an additional IFRS measure. These measures are widely used in the Canadian real estate industry. Plaza believes these financial measures provide useful information to both management and investors in measuring the financial performance and financial condition of Plaza. These financial measures do not have any standardized definitions prescribed by IFRS and may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. Refer to Part VII of this MD&A under the headings "Explanation of Non-IFRS Measures Used in this Document" and "Explanation of Additional IFRS Measures Used in this Document", for definitions of these financial measures.

FORWARD-LOOKING DISCLAIMER

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Trust's Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, along with the MD&A of the Trust for the year ended December 31, 2016, including the section on "Risks and Uncertainties". Historical results, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations or results.

Certain information contained in this MD&A contains forward-looking statements, based on the Trust's estimates and assumptions, which are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including those described under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" in this MD&A. This may cause the actual results and performance of the Trust to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believe", "expect", "continue", "anticipate", "should", "may", "intend", "estimate" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements (which involve significant risks and uncertainties and should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results) include, but are not limited to, statements related to distributions, development activities, financing and the availability of financing sources. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: economic, retail, capital market, debt market and competitive real estate conditions; Plaza's ability to lease space; changes in interest rates; changes in operating costs; the availability of development and redevelopment opportunities for growth; and government regulations. Management believes that the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, however, management can give no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are made as of August 10, 2017 and Plaza assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except for forward-looking information disclosed in a prior MD&A which, in light of intervening events, requires further explanation to avoid being misleading.

OVERVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

Headquartered in Fredericton, New Brunswick, Plaza is an unincorporated "open-ended" real estate investment trust (a "REIT") established pursuant to its declaration of trust dated as of November 1, 2013 (the "Declaration of Trust"). It trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "PLZ.UN".

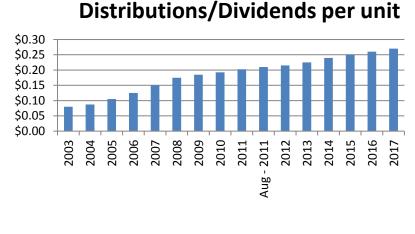
Plaza is a developer, owner and manager of retail real estate primarily in Atlantic Canada, Quebec and Ontario. Plaza offers a unique business strategy that differs from many of its peers in the real estate industry.

- Plaza has a 15 year history of accretive growth and value creation;
- Plaza's main business is driven by value-add opportunities to develop and redevelop, for its own account, unenclosed and enclosed retail real estate throughout Canada;
- > Plaza has strong relationships with leading retailers;

- Plaza has a competitive advantage as a developer in Atlantic Canada;
- > Plaza's entrepreneurial abilities allow it to adapt more easily to changing market conditions;
- Plaza is fully internalized and able to develop retail properties in-house;
- ➤ Plaza minimizes the amount of short-term debt that it obtains, therefore locking in returns for unitholders and minimizing financing risk;
- Insiders hold a significant position in Plaza; and
- Plaza is focused on cash flow per unit and per unit growth and conducts its business in order to maximize this and, accordingly, distributions for unitholders.

Plaza's growth is driven by value-add developments and redevelopments as well as organic growth from the existing portfolio as leases roll-over. Plaza's unique business strategy and focus on cash flow per unit has allowed it to increase its distribution every year since it began paying distributions in November 2002. Plaza's distribution compounded annual growth rate is approximately 9%.

Yearly Distribution/Dividend Growth 2003(1) 8.00¢ n/a 2004 8.75¢ 9.4% 2005 20.0% 10.50¢ 2006 12.50¢ 19.0% 2007 15.00¢ 20.0% 2008 17.50¢ 16.7% 2009 18.50¢ 5.7% 19.25¢ 2010 4.1% 2011 5.2% 20.25¢ 2011-Aug 21.00¢ 3.7% 2012 21.50¢ 2.4% 2013 22.50¢ 4.7% 2014 24.00¢ 6.7% 2015 25.00¢ 4.2% 2016 26.00¢ 4.0% 2017 27.00¢ 3.8%



⁽¹⁾ Plaza began paying distributions in November 2002. 2003 is the first full year of distribution payments.

Summary of Properties

The Trust's portfolio at June 30, 2017 includes interests in 296 properties totaling approximately 7.6 million square feet (which are predominantly occupied by national tenants) and additional lands held for development. These include properties indirectly held by Plaza through its subsidiaries and through joint arrangements.

	Number of	Gross Leasable	Number of	Gross Leasable
	Properties	Area (sq. ft.)	Properties	Area (sq. ft.)
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017(1)	2017(1)(2)	2016(1)	2016(1)(2)
Alberta	10	52,513	11	50,829
Newfoundland and Labrador	12	679,926	12	645,579
New Brunswick	51	1,830,919	50	1,876,227
Nova Scotia	36	1,181,876	37	1,171,598
Manitoba	6	30,424	6	30,424
Ontario	72	1,170,037	75	1,266,794
Prince Edward Island	11	595,850	11	576,127
Quebec	98	2,078,887	97	1,960,662
Total	296	7,620,432	299	7,578,240

⁽¹⁾ Includes properties under development and non-consolidated investments.

⁽²⁾ At 100%, regardless of the Trust's ownership interest in the properties

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND OUTLOOK

Plaza's entrepreneurial culture and adaptability, combined with its strong fully internalized platform, has allowed, and will continue to allow, Plaza to grow and take advantage of opportunities in the market place. Plaza has always had a focused strategy of growing the business through value-add developments and redevelopments and opportunistic acquisitions. Its properties are primarily leased to national retailers, with a focus on retailers in the consumer staples market segment – a segment that tends to withstand broader economic conditions or other retail trends, such as online sales. Plaza's execution of this strategy and its leasing efforts over the years have produced a portfolio that is dominated by national retailers, providing investors with a stable and growing cash flow. Barring unforeseen events, management believes it can continue to deliver growth and a solid performance in 2017.

While it continues to be tough for certain retailers, particularly those focused on fashion, retailers with a focus on consumer staple goods or value goods continue to perform well. These are the retailers that dominate Plaza's portfolio and ongoing developments/redevelopments.

Notwithstanding more recent volatility in Government of Canada bond rates and the most recent Bank of Canada rate increase, long-term debt financing continues to be readily available from lenders, not only at historically competitive and low fixed rates, but with long amortization periods and long terms as well. Plaza believes that this will continue to be the case for the remainder of 2017.

DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE AND ACQUISITIONS/DISPOSITIONS

Development Pipeline

Plaza's development pipeline is robust and will continue to drive growth going forward. Plaza currently owns an interest in the following projects under development or redevelopment which, upon completion, are expected to be accretive to Plaza's earnings. The following properties are under construction, active development, or active planning and are anticipated to be completed at various points over the next three years as follows:

Properties under development/redevelopment	Square Footage ⁽¹⁾	Ownership	Occupied or Committed at June 30, 2017 ⁽⁴⁾	Anticipated Completion Date
In Planning/In Development:				
Strip Plaza:				
90 Blvd. Tache Ouest, Montmagny, QC	6,000	50%	n/a	Q2 2018
Plaza de L'Ouest, Sherbrooke, QC – Phase III	40,000	50%	n/a	1-2 years
Fairville Boulevard, Saint John, NB – Phase III	20,000	100%	n/a	2-3 years
St. Jerome, St. Jerome (Montreal), QC -Phase III ⁽²⁾	100,000	20%	n/a	1-2 years
7550 Rue Beclard, Anjou, QC ⁽³⁾	40,030	100%	n/a	1-2 years
Lawrence Avenue Plaza, Scarborough, ON ⁽³⁾	7,540	100%	84.5%	Q1 2018
100 Saint-Jude Nord, Granby, QC – Phase II ⁽²⁾	100,000	8%	n/a	2-3 years
The Shoppes at Galway, St. John's, NL – Phase I ⁽²⁾	265,000	50%	n/a	1-2 years
The Shoppes at Galway, St. John's, NL – Phase II ⁽²⁾	335,000	50%	n/a	2-3 years
The Shoppes at Galway, St. John's, NL – Phase III ⁽²⁾	100,000	50%	n/a	2-3 years
Single Use:	5,000	1000/	1000/	1.2
233 Main St, Moncton, NB	5,000	100%	100%	1-2 years
9205 Bd. Lacordaire, St. Leonard, QC ⁽³⁾	2,632	100%	n/a	Q1 2018
1675 Rue Notre Dame Ouest, Lachine, QC ⁽³⁾	2,989	100%	n/a	1-2 years
Expansion:	2.500	1000/	1000/	02.2010
Bedford Commons Plaza, Bedford, NS Pleasant Street, Yarmouth, NS	3,500	100%	100%	Q3 2018
9025 Torbram Rd, Brampton, ON ⁽³⁾	2,000	100%	n/a	1-2 years
-	34,272	100%	100%	Q3 2018
In Construction:				
Enclosed Mall to Strip Plaza:				
Park Street Plaza, Kenora, ON	71,192	20%	87%	Q2 2018
Mountainview Plaza, Midland, ON	180,996	20%	95%	Q2 2018
Northumberland, Miramichi, NB	102,436	50%	98%	Q2 2018
Eastcourt, Cornwall, ON	144,886	50%	99%	Q3 2017
Timiskaming, New Liskeard, ON	93,284	50%	74%	Q2 2018
Strip Plaza:				
100 Saint-Jude Nord, Granby, QC – Phase I ⁽²⁾	14,258	8%	100%	Q3 2017
600 JP Perrault, Sherbrooke, QC	83,000	50%	60%	Q3 2017
Single Use:				
Central Avenue Plaza, Greenwood, NS ⁽³⁾	1,920	100%	100%	Q3 2017
3000 Bd. St. Charles, Kirkland, QC ⁽³⁾	2,554	100%	100%	Q1 2018
Expansion:				
University Plaza, Charlottetown, PE ⁽³⁾	11,000	86%	100%	Q3 2017
Powell Drive Plaza, Carbonear, NL ⁽³⁾	4,000	100%	100%	Q3 2017
Welton Street Plaza, Sydney, NS ⁽³⁾	3,850	100%	100%	Q3 2017
Total (1) Approximate square feetage upon completion or to be added on	1,777,339			

⁽¹⁾ Approximate square footage upon completion or to be added on expansion.

⁽²⁾ This is owned in a limited partnership that is part of the Trust's non-consolidated trusts and partnerships.

⁽³⁾ This is an existing property being redeveloped.

⁴⁾ Occupied or committed based on redeveloped square footage.

Plaza's goal is to achieve unlevered returns on developments/redevelopments of between 8%-10%.

There is excess density at existing properties which would represent approximately 64 thousand additional square feet of gross leasable area.

At June 30, 2017, there are four land assemblies under purchase agreement and subject to due diligence or other conditions. These land purchases, if executed, will represent an additional 66 thousand square feet of retail space at completion.

The total estimated costs for the developments and redevelopments (noted in the chart on the previous page) are between \$80 million and \$90 million, of which approximately \$52 million has already been spent (at Plaza's ownership percentage). The unspent amount has not been fully or specifically budgeted or committed at this time. For the projects in construction, remaining costs to complete are between \$2 million and \$3 million.

Acquisitions/Dispositions

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Trust purchased land adjacent to an existing property in Picton, ON for \$217 thousand (including closing costs) and land in Fredericton, NB for \$287 thousand (including closing costs).

Subsequent to quarter end, the Trust purchased a 50% interest in development lands located in Mississauga, ON for \$6.0 million, land adjacent to an existing property for development in Gatineau, QC for \$1.1 million and land and building adjacent to an existing property for development in Dunnville, ON for \$260 thousand.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Trust disposed of surplus land in Kenora, ON for net proceeds of \$92 thousand which was recorded as investment properties held for sale at December 31, 2016. The Trust also disposed of land in Calgary, AB for net proceeds of \$78 thousand. The Trust disposed of unoccupied properties in North Sydney, NS (2 thousand square feet) and the other in Oshawa, ON (3 thousand square feet) for net proceeds of \$215 thousand and \$662 thousand, respectively.

Subsequent to quarter end, the Trust sold properties located in Hamilton, ON and Niagara Falls, ON for net proceeds of \$850 thousand. As well, surplus land was sold subsequent to quarter end, located in Miramichi, NB for net proceeds of \$280 thousand.

SUMMARY OF SELECTED YEAR TO DATE INFORMATION

SCHIMINI OF SELECTED TERM TO I		Mont	hs Ended		hs Ended		ths Ended
(000			30, 2017		30, 2016		30, 2015
(000s, except as otherwise noted)		•	naudited)	,	naudited)		naudited)
Property rental revenue Total revenue		\$	52,095 52,695	\$	49,389	\$	47,814
NOI ⁽¹⁾		\$	52,685	\$	51,731	\$ \$	52,341
		\$	32,561	\$	30,583	Э	29,894
Same-asset NOI ⁽¹⁾		\$	29,167	\$	29,076	ф	N/A ⁽³⁾
FFO ⁽¹⁾		\$	18,135	\$	14,912	\$	14,559
AFFO ⁽¹⁾		\$	16,870	\$	13,731	\$	12,821
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾		\$	29,947	\$	27,939	\$	27,384
Profit and total comprehensive income		\$	6,306	\$	15,795	\$	24,467
Total assets			1,030,743		1,027,065		1,001,375
Total non-current liabilities		\$	482,922	\$	496,295	\$	501,263
Total mortgages, mortgage bonds, notes pa	yable,		400 000		400.000		100 100
bank credit facilities		\$	493,306	\$	490,883	\$	492,108
Total debentures		\$	50,148	\$	61,688	\$	65,443
Weighted average units outstanding (2)			102,261		96,749		93,949
Amounts on a Per Unit Basis							
FFO ⁽¹⁾		\$	0.177	\$	0.154	\$	0.155
AFFO ⁽¹⁾		\$ \$	0.165	\$	0.142	\$	0.137
Distributions		\$	0.135	\$	0.130	\$	0.125
Financial Ratios							
Weighted average interest rate – fixed rate	mortgages		4.42%		4.56%		4.62%
Debt to gross assets (excluding converts)			48.8%		47.9%		49.4%
Debt to gross assets (including converts)			52.7%		53.4%		55.4%
Interest coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾			2.37x		2.06x		2.01x
Debt coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾			1.68x		1.50x		1.51x
Distributions as a % of FFO			76.2%		85.1%		80.7%
Distributions as a % of AFFO			81.9%		92.4%		91.6%
Leasing Information							
Square footage leased during the period (to	tal portfolio)		551,387		587,435		487,801
Committed occupancy ⁽⁴⁾	,		95.8%		96.6%		96.1%
Same-asset committed occupancy ⁽⁴⁾			95.8%		96.6%		$N/A^{(3)}$
Mix of Tenancy Based on Square Footag	$\mathbf{e}^{(4)}$						
National	,•		90.6%		91.0%		90.5%
Regional			3.9%		4.0%		4.0%
Local			3.9%		3.9%		4.2%
Non retail			1.6%		1.1%		1.3%
Other							
Average term to maturity - mortgages		(6.3 Years		6.0 years		6.5 years
Average term to maturity - leases ⁽⁴⁾			6.1 Years		6.4 years		6.7 years
IFRS capitalization rate			7.01%		7.02%		7.03%
	N T 1 0		G		T1		C -
	Number of		Square		Number of		Square
D (77 D 11	Properties 2017		Footage		Properties		Footage
Property Type Breakdown	June 30, 2017		(000s)	Jun	e 30,2016		(000s)
Strip	104		5,269		101		5,147
Enclosed	5		971 256		5		1,036
Single Use – Quick Service Restaurant	125		356		130		364
Single Use – Retail	62		1,024		63		1,031
Total (1) Refer to Part VII under the headings "Ex	296		7,620		299		7,578

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Part VII under the headings "Explanation of Non-IFRS Measures used in this Document" and "Explanation of Additional IFRS Measures used in this Document" for further explanations.

⁽²⁾ Includes Class B exchangeable limited partnership ("LP") units.

Not applicable as the same-asset calculation relates to assets owned since January 1, 2016.

⁽⁴⁾ Excludes properties under development and non-consolidated investments.

PART II

STRATEGY

Plaza's principal goal is to deliver a reliable and growing yield to unitholders from a diversified portfolio of retail properties. To achieve this goal the Trust's Board of Trustees has set development criteria of a minimum cash yield (unlevered yield) equal to 100 basis points above the mortgage constant for a 10 year mortgage at prevailing rates and assuming a 25 year amortization period.

The Trust strives to:

- > maintain access to cost effective sources of debt and equity capital to finance acquisitions and new developments;
- > acquire or develop properties at a cost that is consistent with the Trust's targeted returns on investment;
- maintain high occupancy rates on existing properties while sourcing tenants for properties under development and future acquisitions; and
- > diligently manage its properties to ensure tenants are able to focus on their businesses.

The Trust invests in the following property types:

- > new properties developed on behalf of existing clients or in response to demand;
- > well located but significantly amortized shopping malls and strip plazas to be redeveloped; and
- > existing properties that will provide stable recurring cash flows with opportunity for growth.

Management intends to achieve Plaza's goals by:

- > acquiring or developing high quality properties with the potential for increases in future cash flows;
- focusing on property leasing, operations and delivering superior services to tenants;
- > managing properties to maintain high occupancies and staggering lease maturities appropriately;
- increasing rental rates when market conditions permit;
- achieving appropriate pre-leasing prior to commencing construction;
- managing debt to obtain both a low cost of debt and a staggered debt maturity profile;
- > matching, as closely as practical, the weighted average term to maturity of mortgages to the weighted average lease term:
- > retaining sufficient capital to fund capital expenditures required to maintain the properties well;
- raising capital where required in the most cost-effective manner;
- properly integrating new properties acquired;
- > using internal expertise to ensure that value is surfaced from all of the properties; and
- periodically reviewing the portfolio to determine if opportunities exist to re-deploy equity from slow growth properties into higher growth investments.

KEY PERFORMANCE DRIVERS AND INDICATORS

There are numerous performance drivers, many beyond management's control, that affect Plaza's ability to achieve its above-stated goals. These key drivers can be divided into internal and external factors.

Management believes that the key internal performance drivers are:

- occupancy rates;
- > rental rates;
- > tenant service; and
- > maintaining competitive operating costs.

Management believes that the key external performance drivers are:

- the availability of new properties for acquisition and development;
- the availability and cost of equity and debt capital; and
- > a stable retail market.

The key performance indicators by which management measures Plaza's performance are as follows:

- > FFO;
- AFFO;
- > debt service ratios;
- debt to gross assets;
- > same-asset NOI:
- weighted average effective cost of debt; and
- > occupancy levels.

The key performance indicators discussed throughout the MD&A are summarized in the table that follows. Management believes that its key performance indicators allow it to track progress towards the achievement of Plaza's primary goal of providing a steady and increasing cash flow to unitholders. The following chart discusses the key performance indicators for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016.

FFO ⁽¹⁾		YTD Q2 2017	YTD Q2 2016
	FFO FFO per unit Distributions as a % of FFO	\$18,135 \$0.177 76.2%	\$14,912 \$0.154 85.1%
	 The increase in FFO and FFO per unit we developments/redevelopments/acquisitions termination revenues of \$1.6 million and a mainly due to lower debenture interest due C convertible debentures. Even excluding the non-recurring lease term would have increased by 11.2% and 5.3%, results. 	of \$1.2 million, no decrease in finance co to the redemption of \$1.2 mination revenues, FFC	on-recurring lease ests of \$1.1 million Series B and Series
AFFO ⁽¹⁾		YTD Q2 2017	YTD Q2 2016
	AFFO AFFO per unit Distributions as a % of AFFO The principal factors influencing AFFO are	\$16,870 \$0.165 81.9% consistent with those	\$13,731 \$0.142 92.4% mpacting FFO.
Debt Service Ratios ⁽¹⁾		YTD Q2 2017	YTD Q2 2016
	Interest coverage ratio Debt coverage ratio The increase mainly reflects: (i) lower final interest due to the redemption of Series Ba (ii) higher EBITDA due to higher NOI developments/redevelopments as well as the the quarter.	2.37x 1.68x nce costs mainly due and Series C convertib , mainly as a result	2.06x 1.50x to lower debenture ele debentures; and of growth from
Debt to Gross Assets		Q2 2017	Q2 2016
	Debt to gross assets (excluding converts) Debt to gross assets (including converts) The increase excluding converts is mainly during unsecured debentures in February 2017, a balance. The decrease including converts is mainly of C convertible debentures.	s well as an increase in	n the operating line
Same-Asset NOI(1)		YTD Q2 2017	YTD Q2 2016
	Same-asset NOI	\$29,167	\$29,076
	 Same-asset NOI is 0.3% higher than the recoverable costs and maintenance expense NOI from vacancies. 		
Weighted Average	recoverable costs and maintenance expense NOI from vacancies.		
Weighted Average Interest Rate – Fixed Rate Mortgages	recoverable costs and maintenance expense	Q2 2017 4.42%	Q2 2016 4.56%
Interest Rate – Fixed	recoverable costs and maintenance expense NOI from vacancies. Weighted average interest rate – fixed rate mortgages	Q2 2017 4.42%	Q2 2016 4.56%

Refer to Part VII under the headings "Explanation of Non-IFRS Measures used in this Document" and "Explanation of Additional IFRS Measures used in this Document" for further explanations.

PROPERTY AND CORPORATE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2017 AND 2016

Funds from Operations (FFO) and Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)

Plaza's summary of FFO and AFFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 is presented below:

	3 Month Endee June 30	d Ended June 30,	6 Months Ended June 30,	6 Months Ended June 30,
	201		2017	2016
(000s – except per unit amounts and percentage data)	(unaudited	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period				
attributable to unitholders	\$ 6,04	7 \$ 11,344	\$ 6,267	\$ 15,731
Add (deduct):	, ,,,	7-	, , , ,	, -,
Incremental leasing costs included in administrative expenses	63	565	986	864
Distributions on Class B exchangeable LP units included in				
finance costs		85		171
Deferred income taxes	(375	*	` /	790
Fair value adjustment to restricted share units	(5		(-)	2
Fair value adjustment to investment properties	3,82			(3,726)
Fair value adjustment to investments	17		,	(189)
Fair value adjustment to Class B exchangeable LP units	(422			211
Fair value adjustment to convertible debentures		- 120		842
Fair value adjustment to interest rate swap and bond forward	(45	- 176		342
Equity accounting adjustment Non-controlling interest adjustment	(45 (108		, ,	(11) (115)
Basic FFO	\$ 9,80	,	\$ 18,135	\$ 14,912
	\$ 9,00	9 \$ 7,421	\$ 10,135	\$ 14,912
Add (deduct): Non-cash revenue – straight-line rent	0	4 (96)	120	(125)
Leasing costs – existing properties ⁽¹⁾	(534	, ,		(135) (919)
Maintenance capital expenditures – existing properties ⁽¹⁾	(350	, , ,	` ,	(140)
Non-controlling interest adjustment	,	6 10	, ,	13
Basic AFFO	\$ 9,02			\$ 13,731
Basic weighted average units outstanding (2)				96,749
	102,38			
Basic FFO per unit Basic AFFO per unit	\$ 0.09 \$ 0.08		· ·	\$ 0.154 \$ 0.142
<u>-</u>			-	
Gross distributions to unitholders (3)	\$ 6,91			\$ 12,689
Distributions as a percentage of basic FFO	70.5%			85.1%
Distributions as a percentage of basic AFFO	76.6%	96.4%	81.9%	92.4%
Pagia EEO	\$ 0.90	0 \$ 7.421	¢ 10 125	¢ 14.012
Basic FFO Interest on dilutive convertible debentures	\$ 9,80			\$ 14,912
Diluted FFO	\$ 10,37		1,119 \$ 19,254	\$ 14,912
				· /
Diluted weighted average units outstanding (2)	109,20			96,749
Basic AFFO Interest on dilutive convertible debentures	\$ 9,02		. ,	\$ 13,731
	56		1,119	<u> </u>
Diluted AFFO	\$ 9,58			\$ 13,731
Diluted weighted average units outstanding (2)	109,20			96,749
Diluted FFO per unit	\$ 0.09		•	\$ 0.154
Diluted AFFO per unit	\$ 0.08	8 \$ 0.067	\$ 0.165	\$ 0.142

⁽¹⁾ Based on actuals.

⁽²⁾ Includes Class B exchangeable LP units.

⁽³⁾ Includes distributions on Class B exchangeable LP units.

Basic FFO for the three months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$2.4 million, or 32.2% over the prior year. Basic FFO per unit for the three months ended June 30, 2017 increased 28.0% over the prior year. The increase was mainly due to net development and redevelopment activity and lease termination revenues.

More specifically, impacting FFO was:

- (i) growth in NOI of \$710 thousand from developments/redevelopments/acquisitions;
- (ii) an increase in same-asset NOI of \$155 thousand;
- (iii) a decrease in NOI of \$120 thousand due to the sale of properties;
- (iv) non-recurring lease termination revenues of \$1.6 million; and
- (v) a decrease in finance costs of \$410 thousand mainly due to lower debenture interest due to the redemption of Series B and Series C convertible debentures.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, AFFO increased by \$2.3 million, or 34.8% over the prior year, and AFFO per unit increased by 31.3% over the prior year. The increase in AFFO was mainly due to the same factors impacting FFO.

Even excluding the non-recurring lease termination revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2017 FFO and AFFO increased by 11.2% and 11.6%, respectively, and FFO and AFFO per unit increased by 7.5% and 8.9%, respectively.

Basic FFO for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$3.2 million, or 21.6% over the prior year. Basic FFO per unit for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased 14.9% over the prior year. The increase was mainly due to net development and redevelopment activity and lease termination revenues.

More specifically, impacting FFO was:

- (i) growth in NOI of \$1.2 million from developments/redevelopments/acquisitions;
- (ii) a decrease in NOI of \$336 thousand due to the sale of properties;
- (iii) non-recurring lease termination revenues of \$1.6 million; and
- (iv) a decrease in finance costs of \$1.1 million mainly due to lower debenture interest due to the redemption of Series B and Series C convertible debentures.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, AFFO increased by \$3.1 million, or 22.9% over the prior year, and AFFO per unit increased by 16.2% over the prior year. The increase in AFFO was mainly due to the same factors impacting FFO.

Even excluding the non-recurring lease termination revenues, for the six months ended June 30, 2017 FFO and AFFO increased by 11.2% and 11.5%, respectively, and FFO and AFFO per unit increased by 5.3% and 5.5%, respectively.

The per unit amounts were impacted by the public offering of 5.0 million units completed on March 31, 2016, partly used to redeem the Series B convertible debentures. The per unit amounts were also impacted by the conversion of \$14.6 million in Series C convertible debentures into 2.8 million units in late 2016 and January 2017, upon the issuance of a redemption notice for the Series C convertible debentures in November 2016. The full impact of the conversions was reflected in the first quarter in the number of units outstanding, while the reduction in finance costs associated with the conversions will continue throughout the year.

Profit and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period

The Trust recorded profit and total comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 of \$6.0 million compared to \$11.3 million for the same period in the prior year. Profit was impacted by the same factors mentioned in the discussion of FFO above, as well as:

- (i) a net gain from the non-cash fair value adjustment to the Class B exchangeable LP units of \$422 thousand compared to a net loss of \$237 thousand in the prior year; and
- (ii) a net loss from non-cash fair value adjustments to investment properties of \$3.8 million compared to a net gain of \$5.7 million in the prior year.

The Trust recorded profit and total comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2017 of \$6.3 million compared to \$15.8 million for the same period in the prior year. Profit was impacted by the same factors mentioned in the discussion of FFO above, as well as:

(i) a decrease in share of profit of associates of \$1.8 million mainly relating to the non-cash fair value adjustment to the underlying investment properties;

- (ii) a net loss from the non-cash fair value adjustment to convertible debentures of \$61 thousand compared to a net loss of \$842 thousand in the prior year;
- (iii) a net gain from the non-cash fair value adjustment to the Class B exchangeable LP units of \$528 thousand compared to a net loss of \$211 thousand in the prior year; and
- (iv) a net loss from non-cash fair value adjustments to investment properties of \$9.9 million compared to a net gain of \$3.7 million in the prior year.

Same-Asset Net Property Operating Income (Same-Asset NOI)

Same-asset categorization refers to those properties which were owned and operated by Plaza for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and the entire year ended December 31, 2016 and excludes partial year results from certain assets due to timing of acquisition, development, redevelopment or disposition.

Significant portions of the Trust's leases have common cost recoveries from tenants linked to the consumer price index (CPI). At June 30, 2017, approximately 50.1% of the Trust's leased area is tied to a CPI cost recovery formula. As well, certain anchor tenant leases may restrict recovery of common costs. As a result, certain costs such as snow removal and utility costs may not be completely offset by cost recoveries in a period, or recovery revenues may exceed costs. Municipal taxes are generally net and fully recoverable from all tenants. Most tenants in strip plazas and single use properties are responsible for their own utilities, and changes to these costs do not materially impact NOI.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Same-asset rental revenue	\$ 22,139	\$ 22,262	\$ 44,447	\$ 44,435
Same-asset operating expenses	(3,295)	(3,564)	(6,895)	(7,032)
Same-asset realty tax expense	(4,226)	(4,235)	(8,385)	(8,327)
Same-asset NOI	\$ 14,618	\$ 14,463	\$ 29,167	\$ 29,076

As noted in the chart above, the same-asset NOI for the three months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$155 thousand or 1.1% over the same period in the prior year, mainly due to a decrease in non-recoverable costs and maintenance expenses, more than offsetting lower same-asset NOI from vacancies.

Same-asset NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$91 thousand or 0.3%, over the same period in the prior year, for the same reasons noted above.

The following table shows a breakdown of same-asset NOI by province.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s except percentage data)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
New Brunswick	\$ 3,351	\$ 3,328	\$ 6,720	\$ 6,761
Nova Scotia	2,958	2,963	5,837	5,936
Quebec	3,237	3,126	6,495	6,410
Alberta	221	219	448	446
Manitoba	180	191	371	381
Ontario	2,117	2,143	4,365	4,317
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,335	1,272	2,527	2,386
Prince Edward Island	1,219	1,221	2,404	2,439
Same-asset NOI	\$ 14,618	\$ 14,463	\$ 29,167	\$ 29,076
Percentage increase over prior period	1.1%		0.3%	

Net Property Operating Income (NOI)

The following table shows the breakdown of total NOI and relevant variances from the prior year.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Same-asset NOI	\$ 14,618	\$ 14,463	\$ 29,167	\$ 29,076
Developments and redevelopments transferred				
to income producing in 2016	806	443	1,422	682
Developments and redevelopments transferred				
to income producing in 2017 (\$1.3 million annualized NOI)	258	82	427	143
NOI from properties currently under redevelopment (\$4.8 million				
annualized NOI)	887	716	1,542	1,383
Straight-line rent	(94)	96	(120)	135
Administrative expenses charged to NOI	(791)	(651)	(1,452)	(1,174)
Lease termination revenue	1,557	-	1,557	-
Property disposals	(10)	110	(21)	315
Other	17	20	39	23
Total NOI	\$17,248	\$ 15,279	\$ 32,561	\$ 30,583

Plaza concluded two lease termination transactions in the quarter in order to bring on other, more stable tenants. The lease termination revenues received more than offset the loss in NOI from the transactions. New tenants will not be in place until 2018.

Share of Profit of Associates

Share of profit of associates consists of income from equity and fair value-accounted investments as well as fair value changes in the underlying investment properties included within equity-accounted investments and other changes to the equity position of the equity-accounted investments that would impact the residual returns on wind-up (such as debt financing incurred). The following schedule shows Plaza's ownership position, rates of preferred returns on investment and Plaza's interest in cash on capital appreciation beyond the preferred returns.

	Ownership Position	Preferred Return	Residual Return
Equity Accounted Investments ⁽¹⁾			
Centennial Plaza Limited Partnership	10%	10%	20%
Trois Rivières Limited Partnership	15%	10%	30%
Plazacorp – Shediac Limited Partnership	10%	8%	50%
Plazacorp Ontario1 Limited Partnership	25%	4%	25%
Plazacorp Ontario2 Limited Partnership	50%	n/a	n/a
Plazacorp Ontario3 Limited Partnership	50%	n/a	n/a
Plazacorp Ontario4 Limited Partnership	50%	n/a	n/a
RBEG Limited Partnership	50%	n/a	n/a
CPRDL Limited Partnership	50%	n/a	n/a
Fundy Retail Ltd.	50%	n/a	n/a
VGH Limited Partnership ⁽²⁾	20%	8%	27%
Ste. Hyacinthe Limited Partnership	25%	n/a	n/a
The Shoppes at Galway Limited Partnership ⁽²⁾	50%	n/a	n/a
Fair Value Accounted Investments(1)			
Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust	10%	n/a	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Equity and fair value accounted investments consist of the following properties: 3550 Sources, Centennial Plaza, Place Du Marche, BPK Levis and 100 Saint-Jude Nord (Centennial Plaza Limited Partnership); Plaza des Recollets (Trois Rivières Limited Partnership); Shediac West (Plazacorp – Shediac Limited Partnership); Ottawa Street Almonte, Hastings Street Bancroft and

Main Street Alexandria (Plazacorp Ontario1 Limited Partnership); Amherstview and Scugog Street Port Perry (Plazacorp Ontario2 Limited Partnership); King & Mill (Plazacorp Ontario3 Limited Partnership); Manotick (Plazacorp Ontario4 Limited Partnership); Bureau en Gros (RBEG Limited Partnership); CPRDL (CPRDL Limited Partnership); Gateway Mall (Fundy Retail Ltd.); St. Jerome (VGH Limited Partnership); 5400 Laurier Ouest (Ste. Hyacinthe Limited Partnership); the Shoppes at Galway (The Shoppes at Galway Limited Partnership) and Northwest Centre (Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust).

(2) The land within this partnership is currently in development.

Share of profit of associates for the three months ended June 30, 2017 includes Plaza's share of NOI of approximately \$943 thousand. Share of profit of associates increased by \$134 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase was mainly due to non-cash fair value adjustments.

Share of profit of associates for the six months ended June 30, 2017 includes Plaza's share of NOI of approximately \$1.9 million. Share of profit of associates decreased by \$1.8 million mainly due to non-cash fair value adjustments.

Overall committed occupancy for non-consolidated investments was 97.9% at June 30, 2017, compared to 97.4% at June 30, 2016.

Distributions received from associates for the three months ended June 30, 2017 were \$194 thousand compared to \$213 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Distributions received from associates for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were \$870 thousand compared to \$797 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

Finance Costs

Finance costs for the three months ended June 30, 2017 were \$6.4 million, compared to \$6.8 million for the same period in the prior year. Finance costs were impacted by:

- (i) lower debenture interest of \$357 thousand due to the redemption of Series B and Series C convertible debentures;
- (ii) prior year early mortgage discharge fees incurred of \$186 thousand; and
- (iii) lower mortgage interest due to refinancings at lower interest rates and due to the sale of properties.

These were partly offset by:

(i) higher debenture interest expense of \$138 thousand due to the Series VII debentures issued in June 2016 and the Series II unsecured debentures issued in February 2017.

Finance costs for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were \$12.7 million, compared to \$13.8 million for the same period in the prior year. Finance costs were impacted by:

- (i) lower debenture interest of \$832 thousand due to the redemption of Series B and Series C convertible debentures;
- (ii) prior year early mortgage discharge fees incurred of \$334 thousand; and
- (iii) lower mortgage interest due to refinancings at lower interest rates and due to the sale of properties.

These were partly offset by:

(i) higher debenture interest expense of \$239 thousand due to the Series VII debentures issued in June 2016 and the Series II unsecured debentures issued in February 2017.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are consistent with the prior year.

Plaza maintains a fully internalized and integrated structure and therefore incurs certain costs related to development and redevelopment activity that is not capitalizable for accounting purposes or for AFFO purposes, but that in Plaza's view is not indicative of regular income producing activities. Plaza carries between \$700 and \$900 thousand per year in these costs included in administrative expenses. Other real estate entities that are not development-oriented or not fully internalized for their development activities, would not incur this level of expenses, or they might otherwise be able to capitalize these costs for accounting purposes.

Change in Fair Value of Investment Properties

Investment properties are recorded at fair value based on a combination of external appraisals and internal valuations, whereby appropriate capitalization rates (supplied by independent appraisers) are applied to budgeted normalized net operating income (property revenue less property operating expenses).

The Trust recorded a fair value decrease to investment properties of \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a fair value increase of \$5.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The Trust recorded a fair value decrease to investment properties of \$9.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a fair value increase of \$3.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The weighted average capitalization rate at June 30, 2017 was 7.01% which is one basis point lower than June 30, 2016 and two basis points lower than December 31, 2016. The fair value decreases were largely due to changes in NOI.

Change in Fair Value of Convertible Debentures

The majority of the convertible debentures are publicly traded with their fair values based on their traded prices.

The fair value adjustment to convertible debentures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was nil and a net loss of \$61 thousand, respectively, compared to a net loss of \$120 thousand and \$842 thousand, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

Change in Fair Value of Class B Exchangeable LP Units

The Class B exchangeable LP units were issued effective January 1, 2015 in connection with the purchase by Plaza of the interests of certain equity partners in eight properties located in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island. Distributions paid on these exchangeable units are based on the distributions paid to Plaza unitholders. The exchangeable LP units are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into Plaza units at the option of the holders. The fair value of these exchangeable LP units is based on the trading price of Plaza's units.

The fair value adjustment to Class B exchangeable LP units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was a net gain of \$422 thousand and \$528 thousand, respectively, compared to a net loss of \$237 thousand and \$211 thousand, respectively, in the prior year.

LEASING AND OCCUPANCY

The following table represents leases expiring for the next 5 years and thereafter for Plaza's property portfolio at June 30, 2017 (excluding developments, redevelopments and non-consolidated investments).

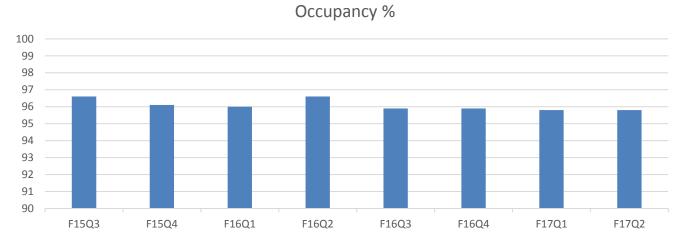
	Strip F	Plazas	Enclose	d Malls	Single-Use	r Retail	Single-Use	er QSR (2)	Tot	al
Year	Sq Ft ⁽¹⁾	%	Sq Ft ⁽¹⁾	%	Sq Ft ⁽¹⁾	%	Sq Ft ⁽¹⁾	%	Sq Ft ⁽¹⁾	%
Remainder of 2017	84,570	2.4	28,035	4.2	2,485	0.3	14,648	5.0	129,738	2.5
2018	244,615	7.1	48,760	7.3	-	-	192,940	66.3	486,315	9.2
2019	265,138	7.6	130,058	19.6	19,504	2.3	-	-	414,700	7.9
2020	510,885	14.7	133,182	20.1	109,776	12.9	12,014	4.1	764,857	14.5
2021	467,199	13.5	32,845	5.0	38,537	4.5	-	-	538,581	10.2
2022	397,136	11.5	26,295	4.0	103,739	12.2	13,657	4.7	540,827	10.2
Thereafter	1,498,072	43.2	263,510	39.8	578,289	67.8	57,824	19.9	2,397,695	45.5
Subtotal	3,467,615	100.0	662,685	100.0	852,330	100.0	291,083	100.0	5,273,713	100.0
Vacant	190,137		53,217		6,478		1,484		251,316	
Total	3,657,752		715,902		858,808		292,567		5,525,029	
Weighted average										
lease term	6.3 years		3.5 years		8.1 years		3.2 years		6.1 years	

At 100%, regardless of the Trust's ownership interest in the properties.

QSR refers to quick service restaurants.

At June 30, 2017, overall committed occupancy for the portfolio (excluding properties under development, redevelopment and non-consolidated investments) was 95.8% compared to 96.6% at June 30, 2016. Same-asset committed occupancy was 95.8% at June 30, 2017, compared to 96.6% at June 30, 2016.

Committed occupancy for the portfolio has remained relatively stable over the last eight quarters.



The weighted average contractual base rent per square foot on renewals/new leasing in 2017 versus expiries (excluding developments, redevelopments and non-consolidated investments) is outlined in the following table:

	Strip Plazas	Enclosed Malls	Single-User Retail	Single-User QSR
2017 – Q2 YTD	-			
Leasing renewals (sq. ft.)	146,040	83,354	14,296	9,526
Weighted average rent (\$/sq. ft.)	\$15.27	\$15.50	\$28.00	\$39.68
Change in weighted average rent	3.4%	6.7%	4.7%	5.0%
Expiries that renewed (sq. ft.)	146,040	83,354	14,296	9,526
Weighted average rent (\$/sq. ft.)	\$14.77	\$14.52	\$26.75	\$37.79
New leasing (sq. ft.)	39,477	9,386	-	1,790
Weighted average rent (\$/sq. ft.)	\$17.85	\$15.43	-	\$25.00
Expiries not renewed (sq. ft.)	60,665	7,711	8,268	4,038
Weighted average rent (\$/sq. ft.)	\$14.52	\$13.34	\$21.04	\$25.06
2017 – Remainder of Year				
Expiries (sq. ft.)	84,570	28,035	2,485	14,648
Weighted average rent (\$/sq. ft.)	\$15.06	\$16.81	\$20.00	\$36.37

In addition, for the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Trust completed 67 thousand square feet of new and renewal leasing deals on developments and redevelopments at market rates and 180 thousand square feet of new and renewal leasing deals at market rates at non-consolidated investments.

Plaza's financial exposure to vacancies and lease roll-overs differs among the different retail asset types, as gross rental rates differ by asset class. Committed occupancy by asset class (excluding non-consolidated investments) was as follows:

- Committed occupancy in the strip plazas was 95.4% at June 30, 2017, compared to 96.4% at June 30, 2016.
- Committed occupancy for enclosed malls was 92.6% at June 30, 2017, compared to 91.7% at June 30, 2016.
- Committed occupancy for single use assets was 99.3% at June 30, 2017, compared to 99.9% at June 30, 2016.

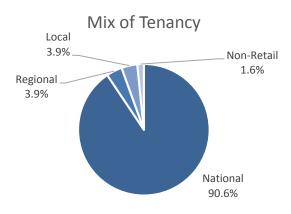
Pre-leased space in active properties under development was 82.4% at June 30, 2017.

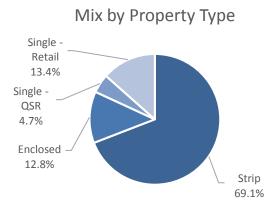
Plaza has built a portfolio with a high quality revenue stream. Plaza's ten largest tenants based upon current monthly base rents at June 30, 2017 represent approximately 57.6% of total base rent revenues in place.

	% of Base Rent Revenue ⁽⁵⁾		% of Base Rent Revenue ⁽⁵⁾
 Shoppers Drug Mart 	26.2	6. TJX Group ⁽⁴⁾	2.8
2. KFC ⁽¹⁾	8.8	7. Staples	2.7
3. Dollarama	4.9	8. Rexall Pharma Plus	2.2
4. Sobeys Group ⁽²⁾	3.6	9. Bulk Barn	1.8
5. Canadian Tire Group ⁽³⁾	3.2	10. Tim Hortons	1.4

- (1) Represented by 5 tenants.
- ⁽²⁾ Sobeys Group represents the following stores: Sobeys, IGA, Sobeys Fast Fuel and Lawtons.
- (3) Canadian Tire Group represents the following stores: Canadian Tire, Mark's Work Wearhouse, Paderno and Sport Chek.
- (4) TJX Group represents the following stores: Winners, HomeSense, and Marshalls.
- (5) Excluding developments, redevelopments and non-consolidated investments

The Trust's mix of tenancies, based on square footage, is primarily made up of national tenants. The graphs below exclude developments, redevelopments and non-consolidated investments.





PART III

OPERATING LIQUIDITY AND WORKING CAPITAL

Cash flow, in the form of recurring rent generated from the portfolio, represents the primary source of liquidity to service debt, to pay operating, leasing and property tax costs, and to fund distributions. Costs of development activities, which form a large portion of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are generally funded by a combination of debt and equity.

Cash flow from operations is dependent upon occupancy levels of properties owned, rental rates achieved, effective collection of rents, and efficiencies in operations as well as other factors.

Plaza maintains a prudent cash distribution policy, in order to retain sufficient funds to manage the business, including ongoing maintenance capital expenditures and debt service. New debt or equity capital raised is generally directed to acquisitions or continuing development activities, which are discretionary, based on the availability of such capital. In setting the annual distributions to unitholders, Plaza reviews budgets and forecasts and considers future growth prospects for the business, including developments/redevelopments and leasing within the portfolio and considers maintenance capital expenditures and leasing costs, among other things. Plaza does not consider temporary fluctuations in cash flow due to working capital items such as the timing of property tax installments and semi-annual debenture interest payments, in determining the level of distributions to be paid in any given time period. Profit under IFRS is not used by Plaza when setting the annual distribution, as profit reflects, among other things, non-cash fair value adjustments relating to the Trust's income producing property and debt – items that are not reflective of Plaza's ability to pay distributions and outside of Plaza's control.

For 2017, Plaza's annual distributions have been set at \$0.27 per unit.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Total distributions ⁽¹⁾	\$ 6,912	\$ 6,455	\$ 13,818	\$ 12,689
Less: Distribution Reinvestment Plan proceeds ⁽²⁾	(429)	(329)	(819)	(637)
Cash distributions paid	\$ 6,483	\$ 6,126	\$ 12,999	\$ 12,052

⁽¹⁾ Total distributions include cash distributions paid and payable to unitholders, unit distributions under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) and distributions on Class B exchangeable LP units classified as finance costs.

Total distributions compared to cash provided by operating activities is summarized in the following table.

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Cash provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,825	\$ 2,402	\$ 14,548	\$ 12,367
Total distributions ⁽²⁾	(6,912)	(6,455)	(13,818)	(12,689)
Excess (deficiency) of cash provided by operating activities				_
over total distributions	\$ (4,087)	\$ (4,053)	\$ 730	\$ (322)

⁽¹⁾ Cash provided by operating activities is presented net of interest paid, but excludes distributions paid on Class B exchangeable LP units classified as finance costs.

As a result of the timing of significant property tax payments, employee bonus payments and semi-annual convertible debenture interest payments, which occur in the second quarter, distributions exceed cash provided by operating activities. Since the shortfall is due to timing only, Plaza does not believe that the distributions should be regarded as an economic return of capital.

Plaza's DRIP allows Canadian unitholders to acquire additional units through the reinvestment of distributions, otherwise receivable in cash, and to receive a bonus distribution in units equivalent to 3% of each distribution.

⁽²⁾ Total distributions include cash distributions paid and payable to unitholders, unit distributions under the DRIP and distributions on Class B exchangeable LP units classified as finance costs.

In the interim, the excess distributions have been funded through Plaza's operating line of credit. Plaza believes its current distributions are sustainable based on expected and historical results and cash flows.

CAPITAL RESOURCES, EQUITY AND DEBT ACTIVITIES

Operating and Development Facilities

	\$44.0 Million	\$20.0 Million	\$15.0 Million
(000s) (unaudited)	Operating	Development	Development
December 31, 2016 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 12,562	\$ 2,825	\$ 4,075
Net Change	16,928	(1,062)	(1,491)
June 30, 2017 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 29,490	\$ 1,763	\$ 2,584
	Prime + 0.75% or	Prime + 0.75% or	Prime + 0.75% or
Interest rate	BA + 2.00%	BA + 2.25%	BA + 2.00%
Maturity	July 31, 2018	July 31, 2017 (2)	July 31, 2018
Security	First charges on pledged properties	First charges on applicable pledged development property	First charges on applicable pledged development property
Other terms	Debt service, maximum leverage, occupancy & equity maintenance covenants	Debt service & maximum leverage covenants	Debt service, maximum leverage, occupancy & equity maintenance covenants
Line reservations available for			
letters-of-credit	\$2.0 million	\$1.5 million	\$0.5 million
Issued and outstanding	\$952 thousand	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Excludes unamortized finance charges

Funding is secured by first mortgage charges on properties or development properties as applicable. The Trust must maintain certain financial ratios to comply with the facilities. As of June 30, 2017, all debt covenants in respect of the above facilities have been maintained.

Costs of development activities are generally funded by a combination of debt and equity. Timing of development activities or whether a development project is launched at all (including those listed in Part I of this MD&A under the heading "Development Pipeline and Acquisitions/Dispositions — Development Pipeline") is dependent on tenant demand and availability of capital, among other factors. Plaza's operating facility is generally used to fund the equity portion of development projects (which usually consists of the actual acquisition of the development projects or land). Plaza's existing development facilities or new construction loans entered into (generally in the case where Plaza has partners in a development) are used to fund construction costs until permanent long-term financing is placed on the finished development. Given the rotation of development projects onto, and off of, the development facilities and the availability of specific construction financing when required, Plaza's facilities and its debt capacity are sufficient to fund ongoing planned and committed development expenditures.

Mortgage Bonds

Mortgage bonds are secured by either property or cash. The mortgage bonds terms are as follows:

(000s) (unaudited)	Series IX	Series X	Series XI	
Interest rate	5.50%	5.00%	5.00%	
Maturity date	July 15, 2017	June 25, 2020	July 8, 2019	
Amount	\$3,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	

⁽²⁾ In July 2017, this facility was renewed with the same terms and conditions until July 31, 2018

In February 2016, the \$900 thousand 5.25% Series VI mortgage bonds matured and were repaid. In June 2016, the \$1.185 million Series V 8.0% mortgage bonds matured and were repaid. In August 2016, the \$3.86 million Series VII 6.0% mortgage bonds matured and were repaid. On July 8, 2016 and August 15, 2016, the Trust issued a total of \$6.0 million Series XI 5.0% floating mortgage bonds.

The Series X and XI mortgage bonds can be deployed up to 90% of the cost of a property under a first or second charge on that property. If it is a second charge, the total debt, including mortgage bonds, cannot exceed 90%. These mortgage bonds can be reallocated to different properties from time to time as required. The Trust can redeem up to one-half of the Series X and XI mortgage bonds at par on the first and second anniversaries, being June 25, 2018 and June 25, 2019 for the Series X mortgage bonds, and July 8, 2017 and July 8, 2018 for the Series XI mortgage bonds. The Trust has no right to redeem any of the Series IX mortgage bonds prior to their maturity date.

Subsequent to quarter end the \$3.0 million Series IX mortgage bonds matured and were repaid. On July 15, 2017, the Trust issued \$3.0 million Series XII mortgage bonds. The Series XII mortgage bonds bear interest at 5.5% and mature July 15, 2022.

Debentures

Convertible and non-convertible debentures are subordinate and unsecured. Convertible debentures are recorded at fair value and changes in the fair value are recorded quarterly in profit and loss. The debenture terms are as follows:

(000s) (unaudited)	Convertible Series D	Convertible Series VII	Non-convertible Series I	Non-convertible Series II
Interest rate	5.75%	5.50%	5.00%	5.00%
Conversion price	\$5.75	\$6.04	n/a	n/a
Par call date	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2020	n/a	n/a
Maturity date	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2021	$2018^{(1)}$	February 28, 2022
Face amount	\$34,000	\$5,500	\$4,000	\$6,000

⁽¹⁾ Tranche A - \$1.6 million - February 26, 2018; Tranche B - \$2.3 million - April 15, 2018; and Tranche C - \$100 thousand - May 2, 2018

On April 29, 2016, the Trust redeemed the \$9.2 million outstanding 8% Series B convertible debentures. The proceeds from the public offering of 5.0 million units completed on March 31, 2016 were partly used to redeem the Series B convertible debentures.

On June 15, 2016, \$5.5 million in Series VII convertible debentures were issued as part of the financing to acquire a 50.0% interest in three properties. These convertible debentures are at an interest rate of 5.5% and mature on June 30, 2021.

On November 30, 2016, the Trust issued a redemption notice for the 7.0% Series C convertible debentures to be redeemed on January 9, 2017. A total of \$1.75 million were converted in 2016 into 333 thousand units and \$198 thousand in cash, leaving a balance of \$15.2 million in face value of debentures. Between January 3rd and 6th, 2017, \$12.9 million were converted into 2.45 million units and \$1.5 million in cash. On January 9, 2017, the remaining \$2.3 million were redeemed and paid out.

On February 28, 2017, the Trust issued \$6.0 million in Series II unsecured debentures with an interest rate of 5.0% per annum maturing on February 28, 2022.

Mortgages

During 2017 the Trust obtained new long-term financing in the amount of \$11.2 million (at Plaza's consolidated share) with a weighted average term of 10.6 years and a weighted average interest rate of 3.90%.

Subsequent to quarter end, long term financing was obtained totaling \$2.4 million, at the Trust's ownership percentage, with a term of 10 years and a weighted average interest rate of 3.84%. As well, in July 2017, the Trust obtained financing of \$4.0 million (at the Trust's ownership percentage) for a 50% interest in a property purchased in Mississauga, ON. The loan is interest-only with a term of two years and an interest rate of 5.0%.

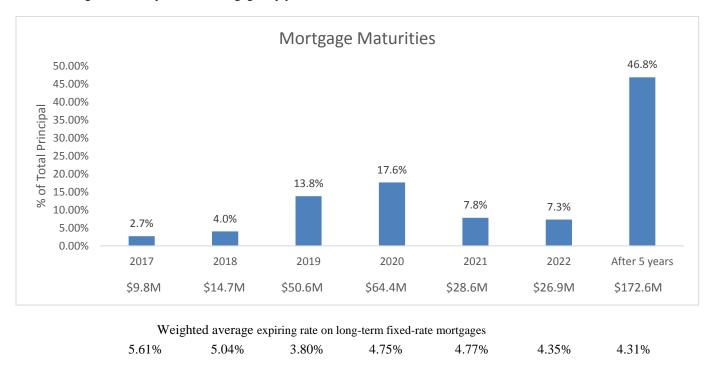
The Trust has a \$3.0 million variable rate secured construction loan/credit facility on one of its redevelopment projects. The loan bears interest at prime plus 1.25% or BAs plus 2.50% and has been renewed until May 26, 2018. At June 30, 2017, \$2.7 million has been drawn on the loan.

The Trust also has a \$907 thousand variable rate secured construction loan/credit facility on another one of its redevelopment projects. The loan bears interest at prime plus 1.00% or BAs plus 2.50% and matures in December 2017. At June 30, 2017, \$467 thousand has been drawn on the loan.

The Trust's strategy is to balance maturities and terms on new debt with existing debt maturities to minimize maturity exposure in any one year and to reduce overall interest costs. Maintaining or improving the average cost of debt will be dependent on market conditions at the time of refinancing. Plaza's debt strategy involves maximizing the term of long-term debt available based on the tenant profiles for the assets being financed, at current market rates, in order to stabilize cash flow available for reinvestment and distribution payments.

As a conservative interest rate risk management practice, the Trust's use of floating-rate debt is generally limited to its operating line (to fund ongoing operations and acquisitions) and its development lines/construction loans (until long term fixed-rate mortgage financing is placed on the completed development projects).

The following is a maturity chart of mortgages by year:



The weighted average term to maturity for the long-term mortgages is 6.3 years. The average remaining repayment (amortization) period on long-term mortgage debt is 23.9 years.

Debt Service Ratios

Plaza's summary of EBITDA and debt service ratios for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 is presented below:

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s – except debt service ratios)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 6,027	\$ 11,335	\$ 6,306	\$ 15,795
Add (deduct):	Ψ 0,027	Ψ 11,000	Ψ 0,000	Ψ 10,7,50
Income taxes	(340)	469	(221)	843
Finance costs	6,412	6,822	12,723	13,830
Fair value adjustment to investment properties	3,824	(5,716)	9,929	(3,726)
Fair value adjustment to investments	173	275	1,743	(189)
Fair value adjustment to convertible debentures	-	120	61	842
Fair value adjustment to Class B exchangeable LP units	(422)	237	(528)	211
Fair value adjustment to restricted share units	(5)	2	(5)	2
Fair value adjustment to interest rate swap and bond forward	-	176	-	342
Equity accounting adjustment for interest rate swaps and				
bond forwards	(45)	(17)	(61)	(11)
EBITDA	\$ 15,624	\$ 13,703	\$ 29,947	\$ 27,939
Finance costs (1)	\$ 6,352	\$ 6,660	\$ 12,636	\$ 13,542
Periodic mortgage principal repayments	2,576	2,575	5,203	5,121
Total debt service	\$ 8,928	\$ 9,235	\$ 17,839	\$ 18,663
Debt service ratios				
Interest coverage ratio	2.46 times	2.06 times	2.37 times	2.06 times
Debt coverage ratio	1.75 times	1.48 times	1.68 times	1.50 times

⁽¹⁾ Excludes mark-to-market adjustments, loan defeasance and early mortgage discharge fees and distributions on Class B exchangeable LP units recorded in finance costs.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the interest and debt coverage ratios were improved over the prior year, mainly reflecting: (i) lower finance costs mainly due to lower debenture interest due to the redemption of Series B and Series C convertible debentures; and (ii) higher EBITDA due to higher NOI, mainly as a result of growth from developments/redevelopments as well as the lease termination revenues received in the quarter. The debt coverage and interest coverage ratios exceed the requirements under borrowing arrangements.

Debt to Gross Assets

Plaza's debt to gross assets is presented below:

	June 30, 2017 (unaudited)	June 30, 2016 (unaudited)	December 31, 2016
Debt to gross assets: Including convertible debentures (1) Excluding convertible debentures	52.7%	53.4%	53.0%
	48.8%	47.9%	47.7%

⁽¹⁾ Convertible debentures valued at cost.

The increase over the prior year excluding convertible debentures was mainly due to the issuance of \$6.0 million Series II unsecured debentures and an increase in the operating line balance. The decrease over the prior year including convertible debentures was mainly due to the redemption of the Series B and C convertible debentures. The Trust's general philosophy is to maintain its leverage at no more than approximately 50% excluding convertible debentures and approximately 55% including convertible debentures. By its Declaration of Trust, Plaza is limited to an overall indebtedness ratio of 60% excluding convertible debentures and 65% including convertible debentures.

Units

If all rights to convert units under the provisions of convertible debt were exercised and exchangeable LP units were exchanged, the impact on units outstanding would be as follows:

At August 10, 2017 (000s) (unaudited)	Units
Current outstanding units	101,143
Class B exchangeable LP units	1,319
Series D convertible debentures	5,913
Series VII convertible debentures	911
Total adjusted units outstanding	109,286

Land Leases

Return on invested cash or equity is a measure Plaza uses to evaluate development and strategic acquisitions. Investing in a project subject to a land lease reduces the cash equity required for an individual project and increases the number of projects which can be undertaken with available capital. This spreads risk and enhances overall unitholder return. In some instances use of a land lease will enhance project feasibility where a project might not otherwise be undertaken without use of a land lease. Currently Plaza has 26 long-term land leases (affecting 25 properties) with total annual rent of \$3.2 million. One of the land leases relates to shared parking facilities. The other properties under land lease represent approximately 9.1% of the Trust's fair value of investment properties and investments. During the period the Trust exercised an option to extend one lease that was expiring in August 2017 for an additional 5 year term. Land leases expire (excluding any non-automatic renewal periods) on dates ranging from 2022 to 2084 with an average life of 40 years, with some of the leases also containing non-automatic renewal options, extending the average life of the leases to 65 years including these non-automatic renewal options. Of the 26 land leases, 10 of the land leases have options to purchase, generally at fair market value.

Gross Capital Additions Including Leasing Fees:

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Existing properties				
Leasing commissions	\$ 13	\$ 84	\$ 24	\$ 98
Other leasing costs	100	197	228	304
	113	281	252	402
Maintenance capital expenditures	350	91	479	140
Total capital additions – existing properties	463	372	731	542
Development/redevelopment properties				
Leasing commissions	40	210	54	336
Other leasing costs	351	784	418	987
Capital additions	3,160	471	9,822	5,247
Total capital additions -				
developments/redevelopments	3,551	1,465	10,294	6,570
Total gross additions per statements of cash flows	\$ 4,014	\$ 1,837	\$ 11,025	\$ 7,112
Reconciliation of leasing costs to AFFO				_
Leasing costs capitalized per above	\$ 113	\$ 281	\$ 252	\$ 402
Internal leasing salaries expensed	421	269	679	517
Total leasing costs – existing properties per AFFO	\$ 534	\$ 550	\$ 931	\$ 919

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Commitments

The Trust has \$2.0 million in short-term commitments in respect of development activities. Management believes that Plaza has sufficient unused bank line availability, and/or mortgage bond deployment potential, to fund these commitments.

The Trust's estimated commitments at June 30, 2017 in respect of certain projects under development and other long-term obligations are as follows:

	Remainder					After	Face Value
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2021	Total
Mortgages – periodic payments	\$ 5,207	\$ 10,416	\$ 9,800	\$ 9,064	\$ 7,521	\$ 33,092	\$ 75,100
Mortgages – due at maturity	9,786	14,659	50,572	64,379	28,646	199,492	367,534
Development lines of credit	1,763	2,584	-	-	-	-	4,347
Construction loans	3,149	-	-	-	-	-	3,149
Bank indebtedness	-	29,490	-	-	-	-	29,490
Mortgage bonds payable	3,000	-	6,000	6,000	-	-	15,000
Debentures (1)	-	38,000	-	-	5,500	6,000	49,500
Operating land leases	1,607	3,234	3,272	3,316	3,337	131,258	146,024
Development activities	2,007	-	-	-	-	-	2,007
Total contractual obligations	\$ 26,519	\$ 98,383	\$ 69,644	\$ 82,759	\$ 45,004	\$369,842	\$692,151

⁽¹⁾ Stated at face value.

Contingent Liabilities

The Trust has contingent liabilities as original borrower on three mortgages partially assumed by the purchasers of properties where a 75% interest in each was sold in 2009. These commitments are subject to indemnity agreements. These sales did not

relieve the Trust's obligations as original borrower in respect of these mortgages. The debt subject to such guarantees at June 30, 2017 totals \$5.4 million with a weighted average remaining term of 5.6 years.

The Trust guarantees mortgage debt in excess of its pro-rata position in joint ventures and non-consolidated subsidiaries in the amount of \$19.1 million. As well, the Trust has a guarantee in excess of its ownership percentage to the mortgagee on one property in the amount of \$547 thousand. This amount is subject to cross-guarantees by the other co-owners.

PART IV

SUMMARY OF SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

Plaza's summary of selected quarterly information for the last eight quarters is presented below:

(000s except per unit								
and percentage data) (unaudited)	Q2'17	Q1'17	Q4'16	Q3'16	Q2'16	Q1'16	Q4'15	Q3'15
Total revenue (1)	\$27,839	\$24,846	\$27,845	\$28,453	\$25,858	\$25,873	\$24,079	\$25,434
Property rental revenue	\$26,755	\$25,340	\$25,241	\$25,585	\$24,923	\$24,466	\$24,337	\$23,899
Net property operating income	\$17,248	\$15,313	\$15,656	\$16,433	\$15,279	\$15,304	\$15,293	\$15,711
Profit and total	7-1,-10	,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,, ,,	,	,	,	, .
comprehensive income	\$6,027	\$279	\$9,574	\$7,389	\$11,335	\$4,460	\$5,036	\$9,092
Distributions per unit	6.75¢	6.75¢	6.50¢	6.50¢	6.50¢	6.50¢	6.25¢	6.25¢
Funds from operations per unit – basic	9.6¢	8.2¢	8.7¢	9.2¢	7.5¢	8.0¢	9.3¢	8.5¢
Funds from operations per unit – diluted	9.5¢	8.2¢	8.6¢	9.1¢	7.5¢	8.0¢	9.3¢	8.5¢
Adjusted funds from operations per unit –	·	·	·		·	·	·	
basic Adjusted funds from operations per unit –	8.8¢	7.7¢	7.7¢	7.9¢	6.7¢	7.5¢	8.0¢	7.4¢
diluted	8.8¢	7.7¢	7.7¢	7.9¢	6.7¢	7.5¢	8.0¢	7.4¢
Distributions as a percentage of basic FFO	70.5%	82.9%	75.1%	70.8%	87.0%	83.2%	67.0%	73.7%
Distributions as a percentage of basic								
AFFO	76.7%	88.0%	84.5%	82.1%	96.4%	88.6%	78.4%	84.8%
Gross Leasable Area (000s	of sq. ft.) (at 10	0% and excludi	ng non-consoli	dated investme	nts and propert	ties under devel	opment/redeve	lopment)
Total income producing								
properties	5,525	5,516	5,480	5,475	5,412	5,434	5,415	5,286
Occupancy % (at 100% and	d excluding non	-consolidated in	nvestments and	properties und	ler developmen	t/redevelopmen	nt)	
Total income producing								
properties	95.8%	96.2%	96.2%	96.2%	96.5%	96.4%	96.2%	96.9%

⁽¹⁾ Includes investment income, other income and share of profit of associates.

During the last eight quarters occupancy has remained high which contributes to stability of cash flow. Significant fluctuations in profit and loss are mainly due to non-cash fair value adjustments on the Trust's investment properties and debt instruments. Fair value adjustments are based on market parameters for which the Trust has no control or ability to predict.

Some of Plaza's leases have common cost recoveries from tenants linked to the consumer price index (CPI) or otherwise have caps on operating costs. At June 30, 2017, approximately 50.1% of the Trust's leased area is tied to a CPI cost recovery formula. As well, anchor tenant leases may restrict common area maintenance (CAM) cost recoveries. As a result of all of these factors, seasonal fluctuations in NOI, FFO and AFFO occur primarily due to winter costs as well as yearly repair and maintenance activities which typically occur in spring and early summer which may create inconsistencies in quarterly recovery revenues compared with quarterly expenses.

PART V

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

All property investments are subject to a degree of risk and uncertainty. Property investments are affected by various factors including general economic conditions and local market circumstances. Local business conditions such as oversupply of space or a reduction in demand for space particularly affect property investments. Management attempts to manage these risks through geographic and retail asset class diversification in the portfolio. At June 30, 2017, the Trust held interests in 296 properties spread geographically across Canada. Some of the more important risks are outlined below. See Financial Risk Management Note 24 to the December 31, 2016 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Trust for further details. Also see the Trust's Annual Information Form dated March 24, 2017 for a complete list of risks and uncertainties.

Interest Rate, Financing and Refinancing Risk

Management attempts to lock in cash returns on assets for the longest period possible, consistent with exposure to debt maturing and leases expiring in any given year.

The Trust mitigates interest rate risk by maintaining the majority of its debt at fixed rates. Floating rate debt is typically used on its operating line of credit and for development or redevelopment projects as interim financing, until the projects are completed and are then able to attract the appropriate long-term financing. The Trust mitigates its exposure to fixed-rate interest risk by staggering maturities in order to avoid excessive amounts of debt maturing in any one year. If market conditions warrant, the Trust may attempt to renegotiate its existing debt to take advantage of lower interest rates. At existing financing rates, the Trust is able to obtain positive returns from debt financing. The quality of the Trust's projects and properties makes management believe it can obtain suitable long-term financing for those projects on completion of development as well as those properties with maturing existing debt. The Trust has an ongoing requirement to access the debt markets and there is a risk that lenders will not refinance such maturing debt on terms and conditions acceptable to the Trust or on any terms at all. Management believes that all debts maturing in 2017 or properties needing long term financing in 2017 will be able to be financed or refinanced as they come due.

From time to time Plaza may enter into derivative instruments to hedge the cash flow variability on future interest payments on anticipated mortgage financings from changes in interest rates until the time the mortgage interest rate is set.

Credit Risk

Credit risk mainly arises from the possibility that tenants may be unable to fulfill their lease commitments. Management mitigates this risk by ensuring that Plaza's tenant mix is diversified and heavily weighted to national tenants. Plaza also maintains a portfolio that is diversified geographically so that exposure to local business is lessened.

Currently one tenant, Shoppers Drug Mart, represents 26.2% of current monthly base rents in place, while franchisees of KFC represent 8.8%. The top 10 tenants collectively represent approximately 57.6% of current monthly base rents in place. National and regional tenants represent 94.5% of the tenant base, based on square footage.

Lease Roll-Over and Occupancy Risk

Lease roll-over risk arises from the possibility that Plaza may experience difficulty renewing leases as they expire or in releasing space vacated by tenants.

Management attempts to stagger the lease expiry profile so that Plaza is not faced with a disproportionate amount of square footage of leases expiring in any one year. Management further mitigates this risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio mix both by retail asset type and geographic location and ensuring that the Trust maintains a well-staffed and highly skilled leasing department to deal with all leasing issues.

One of Plaza's performance drivers is related to occupancy levels. The majority of Plaza's leases in place are referred to as "net leases", meaning tenants reimburse Plaza fully for their share of property operating costs (subject to consumer price index adjustments in many cases) and realty taxes. Many of Plaza's operating costs and realty taxes are not reduced by vacancy. Certain costs such as utilities and janitorial costs would not decline with a decline in occupancy.

The hypothetical impact to NOI of a change in occupancy of 1% would be approximately \$600 to \$700 thousand per annum. The analysis does not identify a particular cause of such changing occupancy and as a result, it does not reflect the actions management may take in relation to the changes. Plaza's principal management of occupancy risk is the skewing of tenancies towards national tenants, the signing of longer term leases and significant pre-leasing of development space.

Development and Acquisition Risk

Plaza's external growth prospects will depend in large part on identifying suitable development, redevelopment and acquisition opportunities, pursuing such opportunities, conducting necessary due diligence, consummating acquisitions (including obtaining necessary consents) and effectively operating the properties acquired or developed by the Trust. If Plaza is unable to manage its growth and integrate its acquisitions and developments effectively, its business, operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected. Developments and acquisitions may not meet operational or financial expectations due to unexpected costs or market conditions, which could impact the Trust's performance.

Environmental Risk

Plaza is subject to various laws relating to the environment which deal primarily with the costs of removal and remediation of hazardous substances such as asbestos or petroleum products. Environmental risk is relevant to Plaza's ability to sell or finance affected assets and could potentially result in liabilities for the costs of removal and remediation of hazardous substances or claims against Plaza. Management is not aware of any material non-compliance with environmental laws or regulations with regard to Plaza's portfolio, or of any material pending or threatened actions, investigations or claims against Plaza relating to environmental matters. Plaza manages environmental exposures in a proactive manner during every aspect of the property life cycle including extensive due diligence in respect of environmental risk before purchase or development.

Status of the REIT

Plaza is required to comply with specific restrictions regarding its activities and the investments held by it in order to maintain its mutual fund trust status. Should Plaza cease to qualify as a mutual fund trust, the consequences could be material and adverse. As well, Plaza conducts its affairs in order to qualify as a REIT under applicable tax statutes so that it retains its status as a flow-through vehicle for the particular year. Should Plaza not meet the conditions to qualify as a REIT in a particular year, it may be subject to tax similar to a corporation, which may have an adverse impact on it and its unitholders, on the value of the units and on its ability to undertake financings and acquisitions, and its distributable cash may be materially reduced. Management believes that it complies with both the mutual fund trust rules and the REIT rules.

PART VI

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Notes Payable to Related Parties

The following non-interest bearing notes existed at the time of acquisition of properties in September 2000. Certain of the notes are owed to parties controlled directly or indirectly by Michael Zakuta. The notes are repayable on sale or refinancing of the related asset.

	2017	201
(unaud	lited)	_01
\$	261	\$ 26
	\$	\$ 261

Bonds and Debentures Held

The trustees, directly or indirectly, held mortgage bonds or debentures of the Trust as follows (stated at face value):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
(000s)	(unaudited)	
Edouard Babineau	\$ 150	\$ 150
Earl Brewer	425	125
Stephen Johnson	300	100
Michael Zakuta	100	100
Total	\$ 975	\$ 475

Other key management personnel own \$20 thousand in mortgage bonds of the Trust at June 30, 2017.

Other Related Party Transactions

Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 25% interest in the Gateway Mall, Sussex, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the mall. At June 30, 2017 there is \$24 thousand owed by the Gateway Mall to some of the owners of the mall. The pro rata amount owed to the Trust is \$6 thousand. As well, there is a \$5 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management and leasing fees of \$61 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from this property.

TC Land LP, an entity controlled by Michael Zakuta and Earl Brewer, leases nine parcels of land to Plaza at a total annual rent of \$1.1 million. The land leases expire at various times from October 2043 to November 2047, subject to options to renew. All of these land leases have options to purchase, of which one is at a fixed price and the others are at fair market value. The business purpose of the leases was to enhance levered equity returns on the affected assets.

Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 10% interest in Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust, the owner of Northwest Centre, Moncton, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the centre. At June 30, 2017, there is a \$7 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management, development and leasing fees of \$75 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from this property.

The Montreal office of Plaza Group Management Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Trust) shares office space with a company indirectly owned by Michael Zakuta in an office building owned by that related party. No basic minimum rent is payable for the space.

Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 20% interest in Mountainview Plaza, Midland, ON and Park Street Plaza, Kenora, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the malls. At June 30, 2017 there is \$5.9 million owed by the properties to the Trust. As well, there is \$52 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management and development fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management, leasing and development fees of \$127 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties.

Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer, Denis Losier and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 10% interest in Shediac West Plaza, Shediac, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the property. At June 30, 2017 there is a \$2 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$22 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties.

Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 50% interest in two single-use properties located in Amherstview and Port Perry, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there are no balances owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$2 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties.

Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer, James Petrie, Barbara Trenholm and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 25% interest in KGH Plaza, Miramichi, NB, a single-use property located at 681 Mountain Road, Moncton, NB, a single-use property located at 201 Main Street, Sussex, NB and Robie Street Truro Plaza, Truro, NS. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there is a \$4 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$28 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties.

Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 50% interest in Scott Street Plaza, St. Catharines, ON, and five single-use properties located at St. Joseph's Boulevard, Orleans, ON, Dufferin and Wilson, Perth, ON, Ontario Street Port Hope, Port Hope, ON, Civic Centre Road, Petawawa, ON and 615 King Street, Gananoque, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there are no balances owing to the Trust for property management fees. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$7 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties.

PART VII

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") are intended to provide reasonable assurance that material information is gathered and reported to senior management to permit timely decisions regarding public disclosure. Internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR") are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. The Trust maintains appropriate DC&P and ICFR to ensure that information disclosed externally is complete, reliable and timely.

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. As a result of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include, amongst other items: (i) that management's assumptions and judgments could ultimately prove to be incorrect under varying conditions and circumstances; or (ii) the impact of isolated errors.

Additionally, controls may be circumvented by the unauthorized acts of individuals, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override. The design of any system of controls is also based, in part, upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

The Trust's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated, or under their supervision caused to be evaluated, the design of the Trust's DC&P and ICFR at June 30, 2017. Based on that evaluation they determined that the Trust's DC&P and ICFR were appropriately designed based on the criteria established in the *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, there were no changes in the Trust's ICFR that occurred that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's ICFR.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the Trust's Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The significant estimates and judgments include the assessment of fair values, the discount rates used in the valuation of the Trust's assets and liabilities, capitalization rates, the relative credit worthiness of the Trust to its counterparties, the determination of the accounting basis for investments and joint arrangements, the amount of borrowing costs to capitalize to properties under development and the selection of accounting policies.

(i) Investment properties

One significant judgment and key estimate that affects the reported amounts of assets at the date of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of profit or loss during the period, relates to property valuations. Investment properties, which are carried on the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value, are valued either by the Trust or by external valuators. The valuation of investment properties is one of the principal estimates and uncertainties of the financial statements. The valuations are based on a number of assumptions, such as appropriate discount rates and capitalization rates and estimates of future rental income, operating expenses and capital expenditures. These investment properties are sensitive to fluctuations in capitalization and discount rates.

Specifically, the fair value of investment properties is based on a combination of external appraisals and internal valuations as noted below. Management undertakes a quarterly review of the fair value of its investment properties to assess the continuing validity of the underlying assumptions, such as cash flows and capitalization rates. Where increases or decreases are warranted, the Trust adjusts the fair values of its investment properties. Related fair value gains and losses are recorded in profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

(a) External appraisals

Independent appraisals are obtained in the normal course of business as refinancing activities require them, and as applicable, the fair value of various investment properties are based on these external appraisals.

(b) Internal approach – direct capitalization income approach

Under this approach the Trust determines the fair value based upon capitalization rates applied to budgeted normalized net operating income (property revenue less property operating expenses). Normalized net operating income adjusts net operating income for things like market property management fees, or in the case of development properties, to reflect full intended occupancy (less a normal vacancy allowance). The key assumption is the capitalization rate for each specific property. The Trust receives quarterly capitalization rate matrices from an external independent appraiser. The capitalization rate matrices provide a range of rates for various geographic regions and for various types and qualities of properties within each region. The Trust utilizes capitalization rates within the range of rates provided. To the extent that the externally provided capitalization rate ranges change from one reporting period to the next or should another rate within the provided ranges be more appropriate than the rate previously used, the fair value of the investment properties would increase or decrease accordingly.

At June 30, 2017 a decrease of 0.25% in the capitalization rates used to determine the fair value of investment properties would have resulted in an increase in investment properties of approximately \$34.9 million. An increase of 0.25% in the capitalization rates used would have resulted in a decrease in investment properties of approximately \$32.4 million.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations under IFRS, are not yet effective for the year ending December 31, 2017, and have not been applied in preparing the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements. Please see Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 for further details about future accounting policy changes.

EXPLANATION OF NON-IFRS MEASURES USED IN THIS DOCUMENT

The below-noted measures are not defined by IFRS, and therefore should not be considered as alternatives to profit or net income calculated in accordance with IFRS.

Funds From Operations (FFO) and Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) are not IFRS financial measures. FFO and AFFO are industry terms commonly used in the real estate industry and their calculations are prescribed in publications of the Real Property Association of Canada (REALpac). Plaza calculates FFO and AFFO in accordance with REALpac's publications.

In late 2016, REALpac undertook an initiative to prescribe definitions for certain non-IFRS financial measures used in the real estate industry, such as AFFO (whereas previously a prescribed definition only existed for FFO). The new guidelines were issued in March 2017 and Plaza has adopted the new definition for AFFO, as this is a non-IFRS financial measure that has always been used and reported by Plaza. Prior year comparative amounts for AFFO have been restated to reflect the new prescribed definition.

FFO and AFFO as calculated by Plaza may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. FFO is an industry standard widely used for measuring operating performance and is exclusive of unrealized changes in the fair value of investment properties, deferred income taxes and gains or losses on property dispositions. AFFO is an industry standard widely used for measuring recurring or sustainable economic operating performance and AFFO further primarily adjusts FFO for operating capital and leasing (both internal and external) requirements that must be made merely to preserve the existing rental stream. Capital expenditures which generate a new investment or revenue stream, such as the development of a new property or the construction of a new retail pad during property expansion or intensification would not be included in determining AFFO. See the reconciliation of FFO and AFFO to profit for the period attributable to unitholders in Part II of this MD&A under the heading "Property and Corporate Financial Performance".

Plaza considers FFO and AFFO meaningful additional measures as they adjust for certain non-cash and other items that do not necessarily provide an appropriate picture of the Trust's recurring performance. They more reliably show the impact on operations of trends in occupancy levels, rental rates, net property operating income, interest costs and sustaining capital expenditures compared to profit determined in accordance with IFRS. As well, FFO and AFFO allow some comparability amongst different real estate entities using the same definition of FFO and AFFO.

FFO per unit and AFFO per unit are not IFRS financial measures. Plaza calculates FFO per unit and AFFO per unit as FFO or AFFO divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization (EBITDA) is not an IFRS financial measure. EBITDA, as calculated by Plaza, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other entities. EBITDA is used in calculations that measure the Trust's ability to service debt. Its calculation is profit before finance costs, income tax expense, gains/losses on property dispositions, unrealized changes from fair value adjustments, transaction costs expensed as a result of the purchase of a business or properties, and net revaluation of interest rate swaps. See the reconciliation of EBITDA to profit for the period in Part III of this MD&A under the heading "Capital Resources, Equity and Debt Activities – Debt Service Ratios".

Same-Asset Net Property Operating Income (Same-asset NOI) is not an IFRS financial measure. Same-asset NOI, as calculated by Plaza, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other entities. Same-asset NOI is used by Plaza to evaluate the period over period performance of those properties owned by Plaza since January 1, 2016, and excludes partial year results from certain assets due to timing of acquisition, development, redevelopment or disposition. Its calculation is revenues less operating expenses for the same-asset pool of properties. The revenues or operating expenses exclude the impact of non-cash straight-line rent, administrative expenses charged to NOI, property tax settlements and lease termination revenue. Excluding these items enables the users to better understand the period over period performance for a consistent pool of assets from contractual rental rate changes embedded in lease agreements, and the impact of leasing and occupancy on the same-asset portfolio. See the reconciliation of same-asset NOI to NOI in Part II of this MD&A under the heading "Property and Corporate Financial Performance".

EXPLANATION OF ADDITIONAL IFRS MEASURES USED IN THIS DOCUMENT

Net Property Operating Income (NOI) is an industry term in widespread use. The Trust includes NOI as an additional IFRS measure in its consolidated statement of comprehensive income. NOI as calculated by Plaza may not be comparable to similar titled measures reported by other entities. Plaza considers NOI a meaningful additional measure of operating performance of property assets, prior to financing considerations. Its calculation is total revenues less total operating expenses as shown in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (property revenues less total property operating costs, including operating ground rents).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to Plaza including the Management Information Circular, Material Change reports and all other continuous disclosure documents required by the securities regulators, are filed on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR) and can be accessed electronically at www.sedar.com or on Plaza's website at www.plaza.ca.

PROPERTIES OF THE TRUST

A chart listing the Trust's properties at June 30, 2017 can be accessed on Plaza's website at www.plaza.ca.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

maudited)	June 30,	December 31	
n thousands of Canadian dollars)	2017	2016	
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Investment properties (Note 4)	\$ 958,403	\$ 959,88	
Investments	43,915	46,5	
Tenant loans	422	8	
Deferred income tax asset	414	1	
Total non-current assets	1,003,154	1,007,4	
Current Assets			
Cash	4,657	5,1	
Receivables	3,611	3,5	
Prepaid expenses and deposits	8,199	2,5	
nvestments	99	,	
Γenant loans	451	4	
Notes and advances receivable	9,722	10,5	
investment properties held for sale (Note 4)	850		
Total current assets	27,589	22,4	
Total assets	\$ 1,030,743	\$ 1,029,8	
Debentures payable (Note 5)	\$ 46,159	\$ 44,09	
Mortgage bonds payable (Note 6)	5 40,159 11,884	5 44,0 11,8	
Mortgages payable (Note 7)	411,593	414,8	
Class B exchangeable LP units (Note 10)	· ·	6,5	
Deferred income tax liability	6,067		
Fotal non-current liabilities	7,219	7,2	
total non-current natimues	482,922	484,5	
Current Liabilities Bank indebtedness (Note 8)	20.400	12.5	
Current portion of debentures payable (Note 5)	29,490	12,5 16,0	
Current portion of mortgage bonds payable (Note 6)	3,989 2,917	2,9	
Current portion of mortgages payable (Note 7)			
	35,661 16 458	45,0	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, tenant payables and tenant deposits Notes payable	16,458	15,8	
Mortgages payable of income producing properties held for sale (Note 7)	1,220	1,1	
Fotal current liabilities	541		
I OLAI CUFFEIL HADIHUES	00.45	00.7	
	90,276	,	
	90,276 573,198	,	
Total liabilities Unitholders' equity	573,198 453,472	578,1 447,8	
Total liabilities Unitholders' equity Non-controlling interests	573,198 453,472 4,073	578,1 447,8	
Total liabilities Unitholders' equity Non-controlling interests Total unitholders' equity Total liabilities and unitholders' equity	573,198 453,472	93,5 578,1 447,8 3,9 451,7 \$ 1,029,8	

Subsequent events – see Note 14

Barbara Trenholm, Trustee

Earl Brewer, Trustee

The notes on pages 37 to 48 are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
Comprehensive Income	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
(unaudited)	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30.
	2017	2016	2017	2016
in thousands of Canadian dollars)	2017	2010	2017	2010
Revenues	\$ 26,755	\$ 24,923	\$ 52,095	\$ 49,389
Operating expenses	(9,507)	(9,644)	(19,534)	(18,806
Net property operating income	17,248	15,279	32,561	30,583
Share of profit (loss) of associates	445	311	(568)	1,21
Administrative expenses	(2,831)	(2,771)	(4,881)	(4,788
Investment income	179	160	418	30
Other income	460	464	740	81
Income before finance costs, fair value adjustments and income taxes	15,501	13,443	28,270	28,13
Finance costs (Note 9)	(6,412)	(6,822)	(12,723)	(13,830
Finance costs - net change in fair value of convertible debentures (Note 5)	-	(120)	(61)	(842
Finance costs - net change in fair value of Class B exchangeable LP units (Note 10)	422	(237)	528	(211
Finance costs – net change in fair value of interest rate swap and bond		(17.6)		(2.10
forward (Note 7)	(2.02.1)	(176)	(0.000)	(342
Net change in fair value of investment properties (Note 4)	(3,824)	5,716	(9,929)	3,72
Profit before income tax	5,687	11,804	6,085	16,63
Income tax recovery (expense)				
- Current	(35)	(23)	(65)	(53
- Deferred	375	(446)	286	(790
	340	(469)	221	(843
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 6,027	\$ 11,335	\$ 6,306	\$ 15,79
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:				
- Unitholders	\$ 6,047	\$ 11,344	\$ 6,267	\$ 15,73
- Non-controlling interests	(20)	(9)	39	6
	\$ 6,027	\$ 11,335	\$ 6,306	\$ 15,79

The notes on pages 37 to 48 are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Unitholders' Equity

(unaudited)

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Trust Units (Note 10)	Retained Earnings	Total Attributable to Unitholders	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance as at December 31, 2015	\$ 233,224	\$ 182,441	\$ 415,665	\$ 3,885	\$ 419,550
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	15,731	15,731	64	15,795
Transactions with unitholders, recorded directly in equity:					
- Contributions by unitholders:					
DRIP and RSU plan	637	-	637	-	637
Public offering, net of issues costs	21,674	-	21,674	-	21,674
- Distributions to unitholders	-	(12,518)	(12,518)	-	(12,518)
- Distributions to non-controlling interests and changes in					
ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss				(65)	(65)
of control	ф 255.525	ф. 10 <i>5</i> с 5 4	Ф 441 100	(65)	(65)
Balance as at June 30, 2016	\$ 255,535	\$ 185,654	\$ 441,189	\$ 3,884	\$ 445,073
Balance as at December 31, 2016	\$ 258,011	\$ 189,794	\$ 447,805	\$ 3,938	\$ 451,743
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	6,267	6,267	39	6,306
Transactions with unitholders, recorded directly in equity:					
- Contributions by unitholders - DRIP and RSU plan	827	-	827	-	827
- Units issued through debt conversion	12,213	-	12,213	-	12,213
- Distributions to unitholders	-	(13,640)	(13,640)	-	(13,640)
- Distributions to non-controlling interests and changes in					
ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss				0.0	07
of control	- A 271 051	- - 4 102 421	- AF2 AF2	96	96
Balance as at June 30, 2017	\$ 271,051	\$ 182,421	\$ 453,472	\$ 4,073	\$ 457,545

The notes on pages 37 to 48 are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
of Cash flows	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
(unaudited) (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	2017	2016	2017	2016
in thousands of Canadian donars)	2017	2010	2017	2010
Cash obtained from (used for):				
Operating activities				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 6,027	\$ 11,335	\$ 6,306	\$ 15,795
Items not affecting cash:				
Finance costs (Note 9)	6,412	6,822	12,723	13,830
Share of (profit) loss of associates	(445)	(311)	568	(1,217)
Net change in fair value of investment properties	3,824	(5,716)	9,929	(3,726)
Net change in fair value of convertible debentures	-	120	61	842
Net change in fair value of Class B exchangeable LP units	(422)	237	(528)	211
Net change in fair value of interest rate swap and bond forward	-	176	-	342
Current and deferred income taxes	(340)	469	(221)	843
Straight-line rent revenue	94	(96)	120	(135)
Interest paid	(6,698)	(7,450)	(12,143)	(13,269)
Income taxes paid	(27)	(38)	(72)	(82)
Distributions from equity accounted investments	194	213	870	797
Leasing commissions	(13)	(294)	(24)	(434)
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 11)	(5,781)	(3,065)	(3,041)	(1,430)
	2,825	2,402	14,548	12,367
Financing activities				
Issuance of units from public offering, net of issue costs	-	(17)	-	21,674
Cash paid on conversion of Series C convertible debentures (Note 5)	-	-	(1,454)	-
Distributions paid to unitholders	(6,823)	(6,370)	(13,640)	(12,518)
Distributions paid to Class B exchangeable LP unitholders	(89)	(85)	(178)	(171)
Distribution reinvestment proceeds (Note 10)	429	329	819	637
Gross proceeds of mortgage bonds and debentures	-	-	6,000	-
Finance charges incurred for bonds and debentures	-	-	(143)	-
Redemption/repayment of mortgage bonds and debentures	-	(10,340)	(2,276)	(11,240)
Gross mortgage proceeds	3,704	12,910	12,568	25,232
Fees incurred for placement of mortgages	(79)	(212)	(228)	(288)
Loan defeasance expenses and early mortgage discharge fees paid	-	(186)	-	(334)
Mortgages repaid	(3,205)	(16,623)	(19,455)	(30,991)
Periodic mortgage principal repayments	(2,576)	(2,575)	(5,203)	(5,121)
Redemptions of bonds purchased for mortgage defeasances	-	1,567	-	13,136
Increase in notes payable	18	-	30	-
	(8,621)	(21,602)	(23,160)	16
Investing activities Acquisitions of investment properties and land (Note 4)	(504)	(922)	(504)	(2.614)
	(504)	(833)	(504)	(3,614)
Investment properties - additions	(4,001)	(1,543)	(11,001)	(6,678)
Net proceeds from disposal of investment properties and land (Note	977	7,000	055	12.047
4(e))	877	7,908	955	13,947
Net proceeds from disposal of investment properties and land on			02	1 000
properties previously classified as held for sale (Note 4(f))	(150)	-	92	1,800
Advances to equity accounted investments for developments	(150)	-	(400)	(150)
Contributions to/(distributions from) subsidiaries from/to non-	25	(22)	0.0	((5)
controlling interests	35	(22)	96	(65)
Decrease (increase) in deposits for acquisitions and financings	(1,327)	358	(977) 2.456	306
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	2,744	(1,449)	2,456	(1,278)
Repayment of tenant loans	20	19	(9.941)	453
No.4 to a constant of the cons	(2,306)	4,388	(8,841)	4,721
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(8,102)	(14,812)	(17,453)	17,104
Cash less bank indebtedness, beginning of the period	(16,731)	8,174	(7,380)	(23,742)
Cash less bank indebtedness, end of the period	\$ (24,833)	\$ (6,638)	\$ (24,833)	\$ (6,638)

The notes on pages 37 to 48 are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

1. Reporting Entity

Plaza Retail REIT (the "Trust") is an unincorporated "open-ended" real estate investment trust established pursuant to its declaration of trust dated as of November 1, 2013 (the "Declaration of Trust") and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The address of the Trust's head office is 98 Main Street, Fredericton, New Brunswick. The Trust operates a retail real estate ownership and development business in Canada. Management does not distinguish or group its operations by geography or any other basis, when measuring its performance or making decisions. Accordingly, the Trust has a single reportable segment for disclosure purposes.

2. Basis of Preparation

Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and in particular International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting" on a basis consistent with the accounting policies disclosed in Note 3 of the December 31, 2016 consolidated financial statements of the Trust.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2016 annual financial statements of the Trust.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the Trust on August 10, 2017.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Changes in Accounting Policies

(i) Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 7)

The amendments require disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes. One way to meet this new disclosure requirement is to provide a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances for liabilities from financing activities. The amendments to IAS 7 became effective for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2017. The Trust will adopt these changes for the 2017 annual financial statements.

(ii) Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments to IAS 12)

The amendments clarify that the existence of a deductible temporary difference depends solely on a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset and its tax base at the end of the reporting period, and is not affected by possible future changes in the carrying amount or expected manner of recovery of the asset. The amendments also clarify the methodology to determine the future taxable profits used for assessing the utilization of deductible temporary differences. The amendments to IAS 12 became effective for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2017. The adoption of the amendments did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

4. Investment Properties

		June 30, 2017		De	ecember 31, 2016	
	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total
Balance, beginning of the period:	\$ 912,462	\$ 47,427	\$ 959,889	\$ 907,345	\$ 38,412	\$ 945,757
Additions (deductions):		-	,		-	
Additions to investment properties	5,280	4,584	9,864	8,252	10,334	18,586
Additions – acquisitions of investment						
properties and land	504	-	504	2,731	12,391	15,122
Disposals	(955)	-	(955)	(21,491)	-	(21,491)
Transfers	14,114	(14,114)	-	12,922	(12,922)	-
Investment properties held for sale	(850)	-	(850)	(92)	-	(92)
Straight line rent receivable change	(146)	26	(120)	344	15	359
Change in fair value ⁽¹⁾	(8,472)	(1,457)	(9,929)	2,451	(803)	1,648
Balance, end of the period:	\$ 921,937	\$ 36,466	\$ 958,403	\$ 912,462	\$ 47,427	\$ 959,889

⁽¹⁾ The change in fair value includes a loss of \$226 thousand (December 31, 2016 – \$895 thousand gain) related to properties where the Trust has a 20% ownership interest and a 50% economic interest above its invested capital.

The majority of the Trust's investment properties have been pledged as security under various debt agreements.

Investment properties are stated at fair value using the following methods, estimates and key assumptions:

(i) External appraisals

Independent appraisals are obtained in the normal course of business as refinancing activities require them, and as applicable, the fair value of various investment properties are based on these external appraisals. Of the total fair value in the chart above, \$346 million of investment properties were based on such external appraisals (December 31, 2016 - \$281 million).

(ii) Internal approach - direct capitalization income approach

Under this approach the Trust determines the fair value based upon capitalization rates applied to budgeted normalized net operating income (property revenue less property operating expenses). Normalized net operating income adjusts net operating income for things like market property management fees, or in the case of development properties, to reflect full intended occupancy (less a normal vacancy allowance). The key assumption is the capitalization rate for each specific property. The Trust receives quarterly capitalization rate matrices from an external independent appraiser. The capitalization rate matrices provide a range of rates for various geographic regions and for various types and qualities of properties within each region. The Trust utilizes capitalization rates within the range of rates provided. To the extent that the externally provided capitalization rate ranges change from one reporting period to the next or should another rate within the provided ranges be more appropriate than the rate previously used, the fair value of the investment properties would increase or decrease accordingly.

As at June 30, 2017 the Trust has utilized the following range of capitalization rates:

	Number of Properties ⁽¹⁾	Weighted average capitalization rates	Primary Market	Secondary Market
Freestanding or Mini Box	69	6.46%	5.50% - 8.50%	6.00% - 9.00%
Quick Service Restaurant	119	7.34%	5.50% - 9.00%	6.00% - 11.00%
Anchored Strip – Class A	13	7.07%	6.00% - 8.25%	6.25% - 9.00%
Anchored Strip – Class B	30	6.94%	6.00% - 8.50%	6.75% - 10.00%
Unanchored Strip	38	7.61%	5.75% - 9.00%	6.00% - 11.00%
Enclosed Malls – Community	4	7.80%	7.50% - 9.50%	7.50% - 11.00%
· -	273	7.01%		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes certain properties under development and non-consolidated trusts and partnerships.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

Freestanding or Mini Box - defined as a freestanding retail, non-restaurant use such as a pharmacy or equivalent national box retailer. May include nominal additional gross leasable area ("GLA") if the additional GLA is 15% or less than the total GLA or gross revenue.

Quick Service Restaurant – defined as freestanding retail space for food.

Anchored Strip – Class A - defined as a food or equivalent-anchored retail strip, 20,000-125,000 square feet and where the anchor tenant(s) represents 70% or more of GLA or gross revenue.

Anchored Strip – Class B - defined as a food or equivalent-anchored retail strip, 20,000-200,000 square feet and where the anchor tenant(s) represents less than 70% of GLA or gross revenue.

Unanchored Strip - defined as an unanchored retail strip less than 75,000 square feet.

Enclosed Malls - Community - defined as an enclosed community mall with food or department/junior department store or equivalent anchors.

At June 30, 2017 a decrease of 0.25% in the capitalization rates used to determine the fair value of investment properties would have resulted in an increase in investment properties of approximately \$34.9 million. An increase of 0.25% in the capitalization rates used would have resulted in a decrease in investment properties of approximately \$32.4 million.

As at December 31, 2016 the Trust utilized the following range of capitalization rates:

	Number of Properties ⁽¹⁾	Weighted average capitalization rates	Primary Market	Secondary Market
Freestanding or Mini Box	68	6.45%	5.50% - 8.50%	6.00% - 9.00%
Quick Service Restaurant	121	7.30%	5.50% - 9.00%	6.00% - 11.00%
Anchored Strip – Class A	14	7.11%	6.00% - 8.25%	6.25% - 9.00%
Anchored Strip – Class B	30	6.97%	6.00% - 8.50%	6.75% - 10.00%
Unanchored Strip	38	7.66%	6.00% - 9.00%	6.50% - 11.00%
Enclosed Malls – Community	4	7.79%	7.50% - 9.50%	7.50% - 11.00%
· -	275	7.03%	_	

⁽¹⁾ Excludes certain properties under development and non-consolidated trusts and partnerships.

(a) Straight-line Rent

Included in investment properties at June 30, 2017 is \$12.1 million (December 31, 2016 - \$12.3 million) of straight line rents receivable arising from the recognition of rental revenue on a straight line basis over the lease terms in accordance with IAS 17, "Leases".

(b) Surplus Land

Included in investment properties at June 30, 2017 is \$1.6 million of surplus lands at fair value (December 31, 2016 - \$3.6 million).

(c) Borrowing Costs

The total amount of borrowing costs capitalized for the six months ended June 30, 2017 is \$142 thousand (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 - \$92 thousand).

(d) Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Trust purchased land adjacent to an existing property in Picton, ON for \$217 thousand (including closing costs) and land in Fredericton, NB for \$287 thousand (including closing costs).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Trust acquired an additional 5.5% interest in the Village Shopping Centre in St. John's, NL for \$2.7 million. The Trust now owns 50.0% of this property. The Trust also acquired a 50.0% interest from an arms-length party in three properties located in Miramichi, NB, Cornwall, ON and New Liskeard, ON for \$11.5 million. As consideration for the acquisition the Trust paid cash of \$750 thousand, issued a vendor take back interest-only mortgage secured by one of the properties of \$5.25 million bearing interest at 5.00% per annum with a seven year term, and issued \$5.5 million, 5.50% Series VII convertible debentures. The vendor take back mortgage is repayable at any time without penalty. Closing costs associated with the acquisition were \$155 thousand. The Trust also acquired land for development in Saint John, NB for \$757 thousand.

(e) Disposals

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Trust disposed of surplus land in Kenora, ON for net proceeds of \$92 thousand which was recorded as investment properties held for sale at December 31, 2016. The Trust also disposed of land in Calgary, AB for net proceeds of \$78 thousand. The Trust disposed of unoccupied properties in North Sydney, NS and in Oshawa, ON for net proceeds of \$215 thousand and \$662 thousand, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Trust disposed of income producing properties for net proceeds of \$20.5 million in Aurora, ON, Calgary, AB, London, ON, Markham, ON, Toronto, ON and Mississauga, ON. As well, the Trust disposed of income producing properties in Toronto, ON and Windsor, ON for net proceeds of \$1.8 million, which were recorded as investment properties held for sale at December 31, 2015. The Trust also disposed of surplus land for net proceeds of \$997 thousand in Fredericton, NB, Oromocto, NB and Coaticook, QC.

(f) Investment Properties held for Sale

The Trust has segregated investment properties held for sale of \$850 thousand for properties located in Hamilton, ON and Niagara Falls, ON.

At December 31, 2016 the Trust had segregated investment properties held for sale of \$92 thousand for land located in Kenora, ON. This land was sold in January 2017.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

5. Debentures Payable

Debentures payable consist of the following:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Convertible ⁽¹⁾				
Series C	December 31, 2017	7.00%	\$ -	\$ 16,079
Series D	December 31, 2018	5.75%	34,680	34,510
Series VII	June 30, 2021	5.50%	5,610	5,583
Total convertible debentures		_	40,290	56,172
Non-convertible ^{(2) (3)}	Various (see below)	5.00%	9,858	4,000
Total debentures payable		_	50,148	60,172
Less: current portion of debentures payable			(3,989)	(16,079)
Debentures payable – long-term portion			\$ 46,159	\$ 44,093

⁽¹⁾ Recorded at fair value based on closing market trading prices of debentures; the fair value change during 2017 was a loss of \$61 thousand (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 – loss of \$842 thousand)

Convertible and non-convertible debentures are subordinate and unsecured.

Convertible debenture terms are as follows:

	Series D	Series VII
Conversion price	\$5.75	\$6.04
Trust's first redemption date	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2019
Par call date	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2020
Maturity date	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2021
Face value outstanding	\$34,000	\$5,500
Publicly listed	yes	no

Non-convertible debenture maturities are as follows:

		Series I	<u></u>		
	Tranche A	Tranche B	Tranche C	Series II	Total
Face value outstanding	\$1,600	\$2,300	\$100	\$6,000	\$10,000
Maturity date	February 26, 2018	April 15, 2018	May 2, 2018	February 28, 2022	

Series C convertible debentures were originally assumed on the acquisition of KEYreit. As a result of the change of control of KEYreit, and pursuant to the respective trust indentures as supplemented and amended, upon the change of control, each \$1,000 principal amount of the Series C debentures was convertible into \$112.76 in cash and 190 units of the Trust. On November 30, 2016, the Trust issued a redemption notice for the Series C convertible debentures to be redeemed on January 9, 2017. A total of \$1.75 million were converted in 2016 into 333 thousand units and \$198 thousand in cash, leaving a balance of \$15.2 million in face value of debentures. Between January 3rd and 6th, 2017, \$12.9 million were converted into 2.45 million units and \$1.5 million in cash. On January 9, 2017, the remaining \$2.3 million were redeemed and paid out.

On February 28, 2017, the Trust issued \$6.0 million in Series II unsecured debentures with an interest rate of 5.0% per annum maturing on February 28, 2022.

⁽²⁾ Recorded at amortized cost

⁽³⁾ Net of unamortized finance charges of \$142 thousand (December 31, 2016 - nil)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

6. Mortgage Bonds Payable

Mortgage bonds payable are secured by the following properties:

				June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	Series IX	Series X	Series XI	Total	Total
Various properties, 1st mortgage	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000
Torbram Rd., Brampton, ON, 1st mortgage	-	6,000	-	6,000	6,000
Various properties, 1st mortgage	-	-	6,000	6,000	6,000
Gross mortgage bonds payable	3,000	6,000	6,000	15,000	15,000
Less: unamortized finance charges				(199)	(252)
Net mortgage bonds payable				14,801	14,748
Less: current portion of mortgage bonds payable				(2,917)	(2,905)
Net mortgage bonds payable – long-term portion				\$ 11,884	\$ 11,843

	Series IX	Series X	Series XI
Interest Rate	5.50%	5.00%	5.00%
Maturity Date	July 15, 2017	June 25, 2020	July 8, 2019
Amount	\$3,000	\$6,000	\$6,000

The Series X and XI mortgage bonds can be deployed up to 90% of the cost of a property under a first or second charge on that property. If it is a second charge, the total debt, including mortgage bonds, cannot exceed 90%. These mortgage bonds can be reallocated to different properties from time to time as required.

The Trust has no right to redeem any of the Series IX mortgage bonds prior to their maturity date.

The Trust can redeem up to one-half of the Series X and XI mortgage bonds at par on the first and second anniversaries, being June 25, 2018 and June 25, 2019 for the Series X mortgage bonds, and July 8, 2017 and July 8, 2018 for the Series XI mortgage bonds.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

7. Mortgages Payable

	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Maturity Dates	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Fixed rate loans:	2.47% - 7.29%	4.59%	Up to June 2034	\$ 442,634	\$ 452,231
Fair value of interest rate swap				279	357
Revaluation of loans upon acquisition of					
KEYreit, net of amortization of \$5,710				224	41.5
(December 31, 2016 - \$5,619)				324	415
Less: unamortized finance charges			_	(2,807)	(3,024)
Total net fixed rate loans			-	440,430	449,979
Variable rate loans:					
	Prime plus 0.75% or				
- \$20 million development facility	BA plus 2.25%		July 31, 2017	1,763	2,825
Φ15 'II' 1 1 (C 'I''	Prime plus 0.75% or		T. 1. 21. 2010	2.504	4.07.5
- \$15 million development facility	BA plus 2.00%		July 31, 2018	2,584	4,075
- \$3.0 million secured non-revolving	Prime plus 1.25% or		August 26, 2017	2,682	2,622
construction credit facility - \$907 thousand secured non-revolving	BA plus 2.50% Prime plus 1.00% or		December 16.	2,002	2,022
construction credit facility	BA plus 2.50%		2017	467	467
Less: unamortized finance charges	211 plus 2.0 0 / 0		2017	(131)	(124)
Total net variable rate loans			-	7,365	9,865
Net mortgages payable			-	447,795	459.844
Less: mortgages payable for investment pro	nerties held for sale			(541)	432,044
Less: mortgages payable – current portion	person note for but			(35,661)	(45,005)
Total mortgages payable – long-term portion	1			\$ 411,593	\$ 414,839

All mortgages are secured by charges against specific assets. The unamortized finance charges are made up of fees and costs incurred to obtain the mortgage financing less accumulated amortization.

To fund development activities the Trust has two revolving development facilities with Canadian chartered banks available upon pledging of specific assets. One is a \$20.0 million one-year revolving facility that bears interest at prime plus 0.75% or bankers' acceptances ("BAs") plus 2.25%, and the other is a \$15.0 million two-year revolving facility that bears interest at prime plus 0.75% or BAs plus 2.00%. In July 2017, the \$20.0 million development facility was renewed with the same terms and conditions until July 31, 2018. At June 30, 2017 there is \$30.7 million available on these development facilities (December 31, 2016 - \$28.1 million). Funding is secured by first mortgage charges on development properties. The Trust must maintain certain financial ratios to comply with the facilities. These covenants include loan-to-value, debt coverage, interest coverage and occupancy covenants, as well as unitholder equity tests. As of June 30, 2017 the Trust is in compliance with all financial covenants.

As part of the acquisition of a development property, the Trust assumed a \$4.0 million variable rate mortgage that had an interest rate swap in place (thereby fixing the variable interest rate) during the second quarter of 2015. The interest rate swap matures on August 13, 2023 and is recorded at fair value.

In July 2015, the Trust entered into an interest rate hedge in the form of a bond forward, with a Canadian chartered bank, in anticipation of long-term financing on two development properties once completed in order to hedge the 10-year Government of Canada bond rate. The hedge was for a notional amount of \$6.0 million and was for a twelve month period, with a settlement date of July 29, 2016. The all-in hedged rate was 1.715%. The bond forward did not qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS, and therefore, changes in the fair value of the bond forward (based on estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves) were recognized in profit and loss in each reporting period. On July 29, 2016, the bond forward matured and \$368 thousand was paid based on the applicable Government of Canada bond rate on the maturity date.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

8. Bank Indebtedness

The Trust pledged additional properties to increase its operating line of credit from \$30.0 million to \$44.0 million (December 31, 2016 - \$30.0 million) in March 2017. The operating line of credit facility is with a Canadian chartered bank at the rate of prime plus 0.75% or BAs plus 2.00%, maturing July 31, 2018. The amount available to be drawn fluctuates depending on the specific assets pledged as security. Based on the assets pledged at June 30, 2017, the available limit was \$43.5 million of which \$29.5 million (December 31, 2016 – \$12.6 million) was drawn and therefore the maximum amount available to be drawn on the facility was \$13.1 million (December 31, 2016 – \$16.4 million), net of letters of credit outstanding of \$952 thousand (December 31, 2016 - \$1.0 million). As security, at June 30, 2017, the Trust has provided a \$50.0 million demand debenture secured by a first mortgage over forty-two properties.

9. Finance Costs

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Finance costs:				
Mortgage interest	\$ 5,001	\$ 5,296	\$ 10,051	\$ 10,591
Debenture interest	689	906	1,333	1,924
Mortgage bond interest	192	190	383	395
Distributions paid to Class B exchangeable LP unitholders	89	85	178	171
Operating line of credit interest	197	38	337	236
Interest and bank charges	100	74	182	136
Amortization of finance charges	235	174	492	351
Loan defeasances and early mortgage discharge fees	-	186	-	334
Mark to market adjustments	(29)	(108)	(91)	(216)
Capitalization of interest	(62)	(19)	(142)	(92)
Total finance costs	\$ 6,412	\$ 6,822	\$ 12,723	\$ 13,830

10. Unitholders' Equity

(a) Authorized

The Declaration of Trust authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of units and special voting units. Special voting units are only issued in tandem with the issuance of securities exchangeable into units.

Each special voting unit shall have no economic entitlement nor beneficial interest in the Trust including in the distributions or assets of the Trust, but shall entitle the holder of record thereof to a number of votes at any meeting of the unitholders equal to the number of units that may be obtained upon the exchange of the exchangeable security to which such special voting unit is attached. Special voting units may only be issued in connection with or in relation to, securities exchangeable into units, for the purpose of providing voting rights with respect to the Trust to the holders of such securities. The creation or issuance of special voting units is subject to the prior written consent of the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX").

In addition, preferred units may from time to time be created and issued in one or more classes (each of which may be made up of unlimited series) without requiring voting unitholder approval. Before the issuance of preferred units of a series, the Board will execute an amendment to the Declaration of Trust containing a description of such series, including the designations, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions determined by the Board, and the class of preferred units of which such series is a part. The issuance of preferred units is also subject to the prior written consent of the TSX.

(b) Issued and Outstanding

(i) Class B Exchangeable LP Units

The Class B exchangeable units are economically equivalent to units of the Trust and are exchangeable at any time into units of the Trust on a one-for-one basis. These units are puttable instruments where the Trust has a contractual obligation to issue

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

Trust units to the exchangeable unitholders upon redemption. Holders of the exchangeable LP units are entitled to receive distributions per unit equal to distributions per unit provided to the unitholders of the Trust.

	June 30,	2017	December 31, 2016		
	Units (000s)	Amount	Units (000s)	Amount	
Exchangeable LP units outstanding, beginning of the period	1,319	\$ 6,595	1,319	\$ 6,199	
Fair value adjustment for the period	-	(528)	-	396	
Exchangeable LP units outstanding, end of the period	1,319	\$ 6,067	1,319	\$ 6,595	

(ii) Special Voting Units

At June 30, 2017, there were 1,319,000 special voting units outstanding, issued in connection with 1,319,000 Class B exchangeable LP units of a subsidiary of the Trust (see above).

(iii) Units

	June 30, 20	17	Decembe	er 31, 2016	
	Trust Units		Trust Units		
	(000s)	Amount	(000s)	Amount	
Units outstanding, beginning of the period	98,488	\$ 258,011	92,858	\$ 233,224	
Issuance of units:					
Units issued through public offering, net of issue costs	-	-	5,003	21,674	
Units issued through distribution reinvestment plan	172	819	290	1,358	
Units issued through RSU plan	1	8	4	18	
Units issued through convertible debenture conversions (Note 5)					
- face value debentures	2,450	11,439	333	1,554	
- impact of fair value of convertible debentures		774	-	183	
Units outstanding, end of the period	101,111	\$ 271,051	98,488	\$ 258,011	

Unitholders have the right to redeem their units at the lesser of (i) 90% of the Market Price of the unit (Market Price is defined for this purpose in the Declaration of Trust as the weighted average trading price of the previous 10 trading days) and (ii) the most recent Closing Market Price (Closing Market Price is defined for this purpose in the Declaration of Trust as the weighted average trading price on the specified date) at the time of the redemption. The redemption price will be satisfied by cash, up to a limit of \$50 thousand for all redemptions in a calendar month, or a note payable. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 no unitholder had redeemed units.

The Trust has a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP") to enable Canadian resident unitholders to acquire additional units of the Trust through the reinvestment of distributions on their units. Units issued in connection with the DRIP are issued directly from the treasury of the Trust at a price based on the weighted average daily closing price of the units on the TSX for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the relevant distribution date. Participants also receive "bonus units" in an amount equal to 3% of the distribution amount reinvested.

On March 31, 2016, the Trust completed a public offering of 5.0 million units at a price of \$4.60 per unit for gross proceeds of \$23.0 million. Costs of the offering were \$1.3 million.

11. Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

	3 Months	3 Months	6 Months	6 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Receivables	\$ 1,030	\$ 2,967	\$ (60)	\$ 370
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(4,553)	(7,360)	(4,703)	(6,025)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, tenant payables				
and tenant deposits	(2,258)	1,328	1,722	4,225
Total cash from change in non-cash working capital	\$ (5,781)	\$ (3,065)	\$ (3,041)	\$ (1,430)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

12. Related Party Transactions

The following are the related party transactions of the Trust. All related party transactions have been recorded at the exchange amount.

(a) Bonds and Debentures

The trustees own directly or indirectly the following mortgage bonds and debentures of the Trust (stated at face value):

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Edouard Babineau	\$ 150	\$ 150
Earl Brewer	425	125
Stephen Johnson	300	100
Michael Zakuta	100	100
Total	\$ 975	\$ 475

Other key management personnel own \$20 thousand in mortgage bonds of the Trust at June 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$20 thousand).

(b) Notes Payable to Related Parties

The following non-interest bearing notes existed at the time of acquisition of properties in September 2000. Certain of the notes are owed to parties controlled directly or indirectly by Michael Zakuta. The notes are repayable on sale or refinancing of the related asset.

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Entities owned (directly or indirectly), controlled or significantly		
influenced by Michael Zakuta, President, Chief Executive Officer and		
trustee of the Trust	\$ 261	\$ 261

(c) Other Transactions with Related Parties

- (i) TC Land LP, an entity controlled by Michael Zakuta and Earl Brewer, leases nine parcels of land to Plaza at a total annual rent of \$1.1 million. The land leases expire at various times from October 2043 to November 2047, subject to options to renew. All of these land leases have options to purchase, of which one is at a fixed price and the others are at fair market value.
- (ii) Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 25% interest in the Gateway Mall, Sussex, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the mall. At June 30, 2017 there is \$24 thousand owed by the Gateway Mall to some of the owners of the mall (December 31, 2016 \$120 thousand). The pro rata amount owed to the Trust is \$6 thousand (December 31, 2016 \$30 thousand). As well, there is a \$5 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 \$5 thousand). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management and leasing fees of \$61 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from this property (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$47 thousand).
- (iii) Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 10% interest in Northwest Plaza Commercial Trust, the owner of Northwest Centre, Moncton, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the centre. At June 30, 2017 there is a \$7 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 nil). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management, development and leasing fees of \$75 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from this property (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$59 thousand).
- (iv) The Montreal office of Plaza Group Management Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Trust) shares office space with a company indirectly owned by Michael Zakuta in an office building owned by that related party. No basic minimum rent is payable for the space.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

- (v) Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 20% interest in Mountainview Plaza, Midland, ON and Park Street Plaza, Kenora, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the malls. At June 30, 2017 there is \$5.9 million owed by the properties to the Trust which is recorded in notes and advances receivable (December 31, 2016 \$5.1 million). As well, there is a \$52 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management and development fees (December 31, 2016 \$82 thousand). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management, leasing and development fees of \$127 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$174 thousand).
- (vi) Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer, Denis Losier and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 10% interest in Shediac West Plaza, Shediac, NB. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the property. At June 30, 2017 there is a \$2 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 \$2). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$22 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$22).
- (vii) Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 50% interest in two single-use properties located in Amherstview and Port Perry, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there are no balances owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 nil). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$2 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$2).
- (viii) Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer, James Petrie, Barbara Trenholm and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 25% interest in KGH Plaza, Miramichi, NB, a single-use property located at 681 Mountain Road, Moncton, NB, a single-use property located at 201 Main Street, Sussex, NB and Robie Street Truro Plaza, Truro, NS. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there is a \$4 thousand accounts receivable balance owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 \$5). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$28 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$27).
- (ix) Edouard Babineau, Earl Brewer and Michael Zakuta, directly or indirectly, hold interests in common with the Trust's 50% interest in Scott Street Plaza, St. Catharines, ON, and five single-use properties located at St. Joseph's Boulevard, Orleans, ON, Dufferin and Wilson, Perth, ON, Ontario Street Port Hope, Port Hope, ON, Civic Centre Road, Petawawa, ON and 615 King Street, Gananoque, ON. A subsidiary of the Trust manages the properties. At June 30, 2017 there are no balances owing to the Trust for property management fees (December 31, 2016 nil). For the six months ended June 30, 2017, property management fees of \$7 thousand were earned by a subsidiary of the Trust from these properties (for the six months ended June 30, 2016 \$7).

13. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

In accordance with IFRS, the Trust is required to classify its financial instruments carried at fair value in the financial statements using a fair value hierarchy that exhibits the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or
- liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

(tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts and as otherwise indicated)

The following table provides information on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

	June 30, 2017					December 31, 2016						
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Investment properties	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 958	3,403	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 959.	,889
Investment properties held for sale		-		-		850		-		-		92
	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 959),253	\$ -		\$	-	\$ 959,981	
Class B exchangeable LP units	\$	6,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6	,595	\$	-	\$	-
Series C and D convertible debentures	3	34,680		-		-	50	,589		-		-
Series VII convertible debentures		-	5	,610		-		-	5	,583		-
	\$ 4	40,747	\$ 5	,610	\$	-	\$ 57	,184	\$ 5	5,583	\$	-

The fair value of investment properties is based on a combination of external appraisals and internal valuations based on a capitalization matrix provided by independent appraisers (see Note 4 for a more detailed description of the Trust's valuation approach). The significant unobservable inputs include normalized net operating income, which is supported by the terms of existing leases in place and current market rents to renew or lease up vacant or expiring space, adjusted for estimated or normalized vacancy rates based on market conditions and factoring in expected maintenance costs.

14. Subsequent Events

Financings

Subsequent to quarter end, long term financing was obtained totalling \$2.4 million, at the Trust's ownership percentage, with a term of 10 years and a weighted average interest rate of 3.84%.

The Trust's \$20.0 million development facility has been renewed until July 31, 2018 with the same terms and conditions.

The Trust's \$3.0 million secured non-revolving construction credit facility has been renewed until May 26, 2018 with the same terms and conditions.

In July 2017, the Trust obtained financing of \$4.0 million (at the Trust's ownership percentage) for a 50% interest in a property purchased in Mississauga, ON. The loan is interest-only with a term of two years and an interest rate of 5.0%.

Mortgage Bonds

On July 15, 2017, the \$3.0 million Series IX mortgage bonds matured and were repaid.

On July 15, 2017, \$3.0 million Series XII mortgage bonds were issued. The Series XII mortgage bonds have a rate of 5.50% and mature July 15, 2022.

Investment Properties

In July 2017, the Trust sold properties located in Hamilton, ON and Niagara Falls, ON for net proceeds of \$850 thousand. Surplus land was sold in July 2017, located in Miramichi, NB for net proceeds of \$280 thousand.

In July 2017, the Trust purchased a 50% interest in development lands located in Mississauga, ON for \$6 million and the Trust purchased land adjacent to an existing property for development in Gatineau, QC for \$1.1 million.

In August 2017, the Trust purchased land and building adjacent to an existing property for development in Dunnville, ON for \$260 thousand.

Distribution and Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The Trust paid a cash distribution of \$0.0225 per unit for a total of \$2.1 million on July 17, 2017 and 33 thousand units were issued at a purchase price of \$4.33 per unit for a total of \$141 thousand under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

Plaza Retail REIT 98 Main Street Fredericton, NB E3A 9N6

506-451-1826 506-451-1802

Email: <u>info@plaza.ca</u> <u>www.plaza.ca</u>